

STATE OF NEW YORK



Annual Report

OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE GOVERNOR

Executive Department

Division of Military and Naval Affairs

For THE Year 1957

R. C. BROCK

Major General, N.Y.N.G.

Chief of Staff to the Governor

14 FEBRUARY 1958

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE GOVERNOR
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
DIVISION OF MILITARY AND NAVAL AFFAIRS
112 STATE STREET
ALBANY, NEW YORK



GOVERNOR AVERELL HARRIMAN

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, ARMED FORCES OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.



MAJOR GENERAL R. C. BROCK
CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE GOVERNOR



14 February 1958

The Honorable Averell Harriman
Governor of the State of New York
Executive Chamber
Albany, New York

Dear Governor Harriman:

I have the pleasure of submitting this Annual Report for the Division of Military and Naval Affairs of the Executive Department for the year 1957; pursuant to Section 190 of the Executive Law, as amended, and the Military Law of the State of New York.

Very sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'R.C. Brock', written in a cursive style.

R.C. BROCK
Major General, N.Y.N.G.
Chief of Staff to the Governor



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Letter of Transmittal	1
Chapter 1. General	5
Chapter 2. Administrative Matters	24
Chapter 3. Logistical Matters	53
Chapter 4. New York National Guard (Army)	86
Chapter 5. New York Air National Guard	97
Chapter 6. New York Naval Militia	102
Appendices	107

Introduction

1.1

1.2

1.3

1.4

1.5

1.6

1.7

1.8

1.9

1.10

1.11

1.12

1.13

1.14

1.15

1.16

1.17

1.18

1.19

1.20

1.21

1.22

1.23

1.24

1.25

1.26

1.27

CHAPTER ONE
 REPORT OF THE
 CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE GOVERNOR

GENERAL

		Page
Section	I. The New York Army National Guard	6
	II. The New York Air National Guard	9
	III. The New York Naval Militia	10
	IV. The New York Guard	10
	V. Cooperation with Civil Defense	11
	VI. National Guard Civilian Personnel Employees .	12
	VII. Armory Construction	13
	VIII. State Army, Air and Naval Militia Conference .	14
	IX. National Guard Association of the U.S.	14
	X. Federal Legislation	15
	XI. State Legislation	16
	XII. Public Information Activities	19
	XIII. Fiscal Report	21

This Chapter reviews the principal developments within the Division of Military and Naval Affairs, and the major developments in administering the State's large Military Forces. Detailed reports of the operation can be found in the succeeding Chapters.

General:

Governor Averell Harriman appointed Major General Ronald C. Brock as Commanding General of the New York National Guard and Chief of Staff to the Governor, effective February 14, 1957.

Brigadier General Jacob H. Herzog was appointed The Adjutant General of the State of New York on March 28, 1957 by Governor Averell Harriman.

The year was marked principally by the consolidation of the New York

and Albany Office of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs, into a single unit at Albany. The consolidation put into effect the last of a series of administrative improvements, recommended in a 1955 Budget Survey and will result in greater efficiency in the operation and administration of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs. In addition, substantial monetary savings have been realized, without curtailing military programs or reducing essential services.

I. The Army National Guard

1. The Army National Guard showed a decrease of 28 officers, 26 warrant officers and 214 enlisted men since 1 December 1956, bringing the total strength of the New York Army National Guard to 1,984 officers, 363 warrant officers and 24,170 enlisted men.

2. On March 1, 1957 the Department of the Army, in compliance with directives from the Department of Defense, promulgated a policy which required all non-prior service personnel enlisted after 1 April 1957 in the Army National Guard to participate in a minimum of six months active duty for training. This policy was outlined in detail in a memorandum of understanding between the Department of the Army and the National Guard Association of the United States, and it was cheerfully accepted by the New York National Guard for it solved a recruiting problem and guaranteed a steady influx of basically trained soldiers. The New York Army National Guard conducted a vigorous recruiting campaign, to meet the quotas set for the 6-months active duty training program and reached the highest strength in the history of the New York National Guard. In May 1957 the aggregate strength of the New York Army National Guard was at an all time high of 28,255.

a. However, it became apparent in the latter part of May 1957, that the Department of the Army had not provided sufficient funds to pay for the 6-months Training Program, since on the 16th of May a letter was received from the Chief, National Guard Bureau advising the State of New York that an enlisted strength ceiling of 24,610 would be imposed upon the State effective the 30th of June 1957. This figure was later changed to a new enlisted strength ceiling of 24,800. Unfortunately this caused the discharge and transfer into the Inactive National Guard of 1,022 enlisted men. Subsequent to these events and after a major portion of our units and organizations had completed their Field Training, we were advised by the Chief, National Guard Bureau that there were not sufficient funds allotted in the Fiscal Year 1958 budget to pay for the training of all personnel who were already enrolled in the 6-months program. In order to find sufficient funds to satisfy and accomplish this program and to complete the annual field training of all our units, we were directed by the Chief, National Guard Bureau on the 29th of July, to reduce the number of paid armory drills to be held in the first quarter of Fiscal Year 1958 to four (4) less than the number held in the first quarter Fiscal Year 1957.

b. Again we have recently been informed that Congress has only provided funds in Fiscal Year 1958 to maintain 400,000 National

Guardsmen rather than the 425,000 upon which our present strength ceiling is established. This may require a further cut in strength if we are directed to reduce to a new strength ceiling.

c. Curtailment of funds for the 6-months Training Program furthermore makes it necessary for us to enlist at least 4,000 obligers (enlisted men who have completed 2 years of active duty training and are obligated to become a member of the Reserve Component for the balance of their military obligation.)

d. In order to maintain effective training strengths within units under the imposed strength ceiling it has been necessary to reorganize certain units of the Army National Guard. Some units were consolidated and others inactivated in order to reach effective unit training strengths.

e. Budgetary restrictions have forced other problems upon us; a most important one is the curtailment of funds for the conduct of our Unit Schools and the Staff Training Program. Furthermore, we have been obliged to establish an austerity program for the use of Army Service Schools by making such schools available only to those officers and non-commissioned officers who must qualify for promotion or for a training MOS. However, we will be able to continue our Non-commissioned Officers Academy and our Officer Candidate School Summer Phase for next year, both of which have proved very successful.

3. New York's Anti-Aircraft units recently a part of the Continental Air Defense, manning weapons in the defense of New York's large industrial areas, have now been designated to take over "NIKE" guided missile sites from the Regular Army.

1. The School Program of the New York National Guard continues to be one of the major vehicles of raising the general level of training of all individuals and units. The following types of schools were conducted during the past year:

a. New York National Guard United States Military Academy Preparatory School. This school has been in operation for a period of six years during which time thirty-five New York National Guardsmen, graduates of the school, entered the United States Military Academy on competitive appointment. A special course was conducted at the New York City Community College in Brooklyn to prepare the students for the regular entrance examination.

b. New York National Guard Officer Candidate School. This school is organized and conducted under the direction of the Commanding General, New York National Guard, as an accredited "State Officer Candidate School" authorized by the Chief, National Guard Bureau. A graduate of the school is qualified for commission as a second

lieutenant in the National Guard of the State of New York and as a Reserve Second Lieutenant of the Army. In 1951, when the school opened, there were only two other states engaged in the program. At the present time, there are a total of thirty-seven (37) states conducting their own officer candidate schools, showing the obvious nation-wide success of the program. The present Program of Instruction is prepared by the U. S. Army Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia, and follows closely the program offered in the General Military Science curriculum for civilian and military colleges. The program covers a two-year period and is divided into four phases. Phase I is conducted at Camp Smith, Peekskill, for two weeks in lieu of attendance at annual field training; this consists primarily of basic combat training. Phase II is conducted during the Armory Drill Year at one of our four Branch Schools, located in: New York City, Troy, Syracuse and Buffalo; at them the more basic subjects of the standard officer candidate curriculum are taught. Phase III is conducted during the second summer for two weeks at Camp Smith; certain courses of the standard curriculum as well as an introduction to branch training are given at this phase. Phase IV, the final phase, is taught again at the Branch Schools during the Armory Drill Year. Last summer 235 candidates attended Camp Smith for Phase I and III. During the six years of operation the School has graduated 650 National Guardsmen and it is the main source of procurement of second lieutenants.

c. New York National Guard Noncommissioned Officer Academy. This past summer a highly successful school was conducted for noncommissioned officers from all units in the State at Camp Smith. The program of instruction was patterned after similar type schools that are conducted at various training installations in the active army. Stress is placed on this course developing the leadership and instructor potential in the non-commissioned officer. A total of 280 students were in attendance.

d. Army Service Schools. During the past year, a total of 224 officers and 192 enlisted men attended courses of instruction at various Army Service Schools. These courses included basic branch courses for newly commissioned officers, advanced tactical training and staff training for senior officers and specialist and technical training for other officers and enlisted men. These later courses included such training as; helicopter pilot, aviation mechanic, motor vehicle supervisor, radio and radar maintenance, artillery gun mechanic and communication specialist.

e. Unit Schools. The Chief, National Guard Bureau, authorized two week-end training assemblies for personnel of battalion and higher unit staffs. These consisted of staff principles and procedures, map exercises and training with Active

Army AAA Staffs. 1470 officers and 670 enlisted men were engaged in this portion of the school program. Normally under this program a young man is sent to Fort Dix, New Jersey, for his basic training. Upon the completion of this phase, about ten weeks, he may be sent to an Army Service School, a specialist training center or one of the training divisions for advanced individual and small unit training. A total of 3866 National Guardsmen from this State entered the program during the past year.

II. The Air National Guard

1. The most significant change that took place this past year was the conversion of the 106th Bombardment Wing into a jet-equipped fighter-interceptor wing, adding additional jet aircraft to the air defense of New York State.

2. In July, the Air Force announced that the Air National Guard was being considered as an appropriate and well-trained organization to operate guided missiles in the Nation's defense set-up. The proposal reemphasized that the Nation's military planners were looking to the Air Guard to plan a major role in the Country's defense program. At year's end no final decision had been announced on the ANG participation in the missile program.

3. A disturbing note was interjected into the future of the New York Air National Guard and the overall ANG of several States on the 26th September when the Air Force, without prior consultation with the Governor of the State of New York, announced that New York's 106th Fighter Interceptor Wing headquarters and the 106th Wing's 114th Fighter Interceptor Squadron would be deactivated.

a. The action was protested immediately by Governor Averell Harriman, and by the Governor of other States affected, on the ground that it violated provisions of Section 104 (c) of the U. S. Code, which provides that "no change in the branch, organization, or allotment of a unit located entirely within a State may be made without the approval of its governor."

b. Subsequently, the Secretary of the Air Force acknowledged that the deactivation order had been promulgated in violation of existing Federal Law, and rescinded the action pending conferences with the Governors of the affected States. At year's end no final decision had been announced on the cut-back order.

4. As of 1 December, the New York Air National Guard comprised a total of 616 officers and 4,124 airmen, an overall in-

crease of 155 men in 1957.

5. The various units of the NYANG were assigned a total of 96 jets and 9 other aircraft at year's end.

6. Pilots of the New York Air National Guard accumulated a total of 26,100 flying hours during 1957, compared to 21,337 hours in the previous year.

III. New York Naval Militia

1. The Naval and Marine Corps Units of the Organized State Militia were maintained in an excellent state of readiness and availability during the calendar year of 1957.

2. The State of New York was fortunate in reaching a much more equitable financial arrangement with the Department of the Navy for sharing in the future maintenance and operation of naval facilities throughout the State. Effective 1 July 1957, the Naval Militia will show a substantial annual savings (approximately \$400,000 annually) as well as establishing the State as the recipient of an additional annual income in the form of rent for the continued use of the properties. In addition, savings on the Federal side have also been effected as a result of the joint State and Federal efforts.

3. Cooperative efforts by officials representing the State of New York, the City of New York and the Department of the Navy have resulted in the leasing of a site in Manhattan for the erection of a newly proposed Naval Armory. The Department of the Navy will underwrite the construction funds one hundred per centum (100%) and it is now planned to budget for the new armory as of 1 July 1959.

IV. The New York Guard

1. Extensive planning on the reorganization of the New York Guard was conducted during 1957. The Chief of Staff to the Governor, realizing the necessity for a Reserve Force to substitute for the New York National Guard in the event of this organization being mobilized for Federal Service, completely reorganized the Tables of Organization and command structure of the proposed New York Guard.

2. The future New York Guard, if approved, will be a Reserve Force with a limited cadre available as a nucleus and a Reserve Force which can be expanded to be available immediately when a need arises. The new structure of the New York Guard consists of six

Regional Commands, each composed of a Headquarters, Transportation and Medical Company. Subordinate to each Regional Command will be three Battalions composed of a Headquarters and Service Company and four Internal Security Companies.

3. This proposed organization will permit the New York Guard, when activated, to engage in field operations in protecting the State of New York and furnishing Aid to Civil Defense. This force is economical to maintain since it consists primarily of persons on reserve status who draw no pay and are not entitled to benefits but who will be available to the State of New York in event of emergency.

V. Cooperation with Civil Defense

Part I

1. During 1957 the Chief of Staff to the Governor and selected staff officers participated in a Civil Defense exercise which partially evacuated occupants of the City of Binghamton to Deposit, New York. Valuable experience was gained by this participation since it showed the necessity for assistance by the State Military Forces in such an operation.

2. Two companies of the 175th Armored Infantry Battalion were also alerted and mobilized for this exercise as a test of the unit's alert plans.

3. The Chief of Staff to the Governor and selected members of the staff also participated in Operation Alert 1957 at joint Headquarters at the Peekskill Armory, Peekskill, New York, processing simulated messages from the Civil Defense Commission for requests for use of the State Military Forces.

4. It should be emphasized that the State Military Forces are prepared for mobilization for State emergencies and disasters.

5. For this purpose there has also been created an Amphibious Rescue Force consisting of three Amphibious Rescue units located at Camp Drum, New York, Rochester, New York and Camp Smith, Peekskill, New York. These units are equipped with and trained in the use of amphibious DUKWS. Most of their personnel are Army National Guard technicians, enhancing their availability for natural disaster duty.

6. On 9 May 1957, Headquarters New York National Guard, was notified by the New York State Civil Defense Commission that a serious forest fire was burning in the Adirondack Mountain Area and request was made for National Guard light aircraft, to be furnished to the State Department of Forestry. An L-19 aircraft and

pilot were immediately provided in Albany and later an additional L-19, and L-20 and a helicopter were furnished and one plane in the Rochester area placed on a stand-by basis.

7. The following is extracted from a letter written by the Commissioner of Conservation to the Chief of Staff to the Governor:

"We in the Conservation Department are deeply grateful for the many services which were extended to us by the National Guard during the critically dangerous fire period.

I would certainly appreciate it if you would pass along to your men my sincere thanks for their invaluable assistance."

VI. National Guard Civilian Personnel Employees

1. The following table shows the funds and positions provided by the Federal Government, during the Fiscal Years 1957 and 1958, to assist the State of New York in the administration and maintenance of the New York National Guard (Army) and the New York Air National Guard.

	<u>Army National Guard</u>	<u>Air National Guard</u>
<u>Fiscal Year ending 30 June 1957</u>		
Funds Expended	\$5,997,594.	\$3,512,700.
Positions Filled - 30 June*	1,343.	719.
<u>Fiscal Year ending 30 June 1958</u>		
Funds Programmed	6,017,700.	3,804,700.
Positions Programmed*	1,358.	750.

* - Includes On-Site

2. Army National Guard: The number of positions programmed for Fiscal Year 1958, although greater than in 1957, will be reduced because of the change in the troop basis within the State. Loss of Federal recognition of units will reduce civilian personnel by some seventy (70) positions. This figure may be reattained when NIKE sites are assigned the State.

3. Air National Guard: During the first quarter of Fiscal Year 1958, 782 positions were programmed for the NYANG Civilian Personnel Program. On 1 January 1958 total spaces were reduced to 750 and a

further reduction is anticipated during the third quarter, Fiscal Year 1958 as a result of the pending reorganization of the 106th Fighter Interceptor Wing, Floyd Bennett NAS, Brooklyn, N.Y.

VII. New Armory Construction Under P.L.783

1. ARMORY CONSTRUCTION:

a. The status of new armory construction is as follows:

(1) Armories Completed - two (2).

Lockport-2 unit, 152d Armored Engineer Battalion
Bayshore-2 unit, 142d Tank Battalion

(2) Construction in progress and completion scheduled for calendar year 1958 - seven (7).

Cortland-2 unit, 101st Armored Cavalry Regiment
Carthage-1 unit, 127th Ordnance Company
Auburn-2 unit, 108th Armored Infantry Battalion
Rome-2 unit, 101st Armored Cavalry Regiment
Riverhead-3 unit, 107th Infantry
Kingsbridge Road-5 unit expansion, 142d AAA AW
Battalion
Poughkeepsie-1 unit expansion, 156th Field
Artillery Battalion

(3) Plans complete and construction anticipated to start in 1958, contingent on availability of federal funds:

Huntington-2 unit, 107th Infantry
Orangeburg-2 unit, 101st Armored Cavalry
Regiment
Ossining-2 unit, 101st Signal Battalion

(4) Construction contemplated but contingent upon availability of federal funds and requiring further processing steps:

Patchogue	Batavia
Hempstead (Expansion)	Staten Island
Saranac Lake	Richfield Springs
Freeport	Norwich
Smithtown	Dansville
Catskill	

(5) Armories contemplated for future replacement but deferred:

Elmira	Cohoes
Walton	Hoosick Falls
Watertown	Geneseo

b. In February 1957 the Senators and Congressmen of areas concerned were briefed as to the armory construction situation. A complete report was left with each of the members for their ready reference in knowing the problems we have been confronted with.

c. Continued delay in armory construction is anticipated because of expenditure ceilings placed on all Defense agencies. Indications are growing that the ultimate result might be a curtailment of the construction program. Plans are being re-studied at national level to determine what construction will best fill the requirements of the new "Pentomic" troop basis.

VIII. State Army, Air and Naval Militia Association Conference

1. More than 700 members of New York's Army, Air and Naval forces attended the 73d Annual Conference of the Army and Air National Guard and Naval Militia Association in Buffalo 13 and 14 September 1957.

2. Highlights of the conference included the report of the Chief of Staff to the Governor, separate sessions of Army and Air National Guard delegates on matters pertaining to their Services, and an address by Vice Admiral Robert F. Elkins, the ranking British military officer in this Country, who outlined the current military policy of Great Britain.

3. The Association elected Captain Robert G. Burke, Headquarters New York Naval Militia, President, 1957-1958. Captain Burke succeeded Colonel Eugene J. Welte, 209th AAA Group as President of the Association. The Association selected Albany, N.Y. for its 1958 conference.

IX. THE NATIONAL GUARD ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES

1. The 79th General Conference of the National Guard Association of the United States was held 7-10 October 1957, at Louisville, Kentucky. New York presented resolutions urging - A Uniform Code of Military Justice for the National Guard; a Special Committee to study Federal laws affecting the National Guard; support for the bill in Congress to authorize additional cadets at the U.S. Military Academy; effective and positive measures protesting against the announcement by the Department of the Air Force of its intention

to disband and destroy effective Air National Guard forces in four States; The Secretaries of Defense and the Army, and Congress to support an Army National Guard with a paid drill strength of 400,000, plus personnel who are performing active duty for training.

2. Another resolution of importance to New York which was adopted by the 79th General Conference of the National Guard Association of the United States, and supported by New York, was Resolution No. 15. This urged that Federal legislation be enacted and/or administrative regulations be promulgated whereby the payment of claims by the Federal Government in connection with damage to or loss of private property incident to the operation of the Army and Air National Guard Camps of Instruction would include any damage to or loss of private property and/or injury or death incident to the operations of the Army and Air National Guard while in an Active Duty for Training or Inactive Duty Training Status.

X. Federal Legislation

No legislation of particular interest to the National Guard was enacted during 1957 in the First Session of the 85th Congress. However, a number of bills were introduced in 1957 which were of interest. A description of these is as follows:

H.R. 6600 would amend Public Law 364, 84th Congress, approved August 11, 1955, to authorize the President to issue arms, equipment and supplies to State Defense Forces within his discretion.

Upon the recommendation of the Chief of Staff to the Governor, the Governor included this subject in a resolution adopted at the Annual Governors' Conference at Williamsburg, Va., in June 1957. The resolution stated as follows:

"In addition, as a partial measure for improving the state's defense forces and for strengthening the nation's ability to survive an enemy attack, the Governors' Conference urges that aid be available to state defense forces which the states have been authorized to organize and maintain in addition to their National Guards, by Public Law 364 of the Eighty-Fourth Congress, approved August 11, 1955."

H.R. 8776 would amend the provisions of the U.S. Code relating to Courts Martial in the National Guard not in Federal service.

H.R. 8778 would extend the Federal Tort Claims Act to civilian employees of the National Guard when acting within the scope of their employment.

Federal Administrative Actions

a. During 1957, administrative action was taken by the Department of Defense which resulted in the carrying out of a resolution (No. 36) sponsored by New York and adopted by the 78th General Conference of the National Guard Association of the United States in 1956. Resolution No. 36, 1956, urged Federal participation on 75% Federal-25% State basis in the installation of facilities beyond the five foot line of a new armory building. Effective 1 March 1957, the Department of Defense authorized a new policy whereby the Federal Government will participate on a 75%-25% basis in the costs of construction or installation of outside facilities beyond the five foot line, up to an amount not to exceed 10% of the base bid on the entire project.

During the year the Chief of Finance concurred in a ruling of the Chief, National Guard Bureau, in which he cited an opinion of the Judge Advocate General of the Army (file JAGA 1956/6195 dated 29 October 1956,) as follows:

"1. It is the opinion of this office that where an enlisted man of the National Guard of the United States has become indebted to the United States as a result of the imposition of pecuniary liability for damage to Government property under the provisions of 32 U.S.C. 710(c) (codified,) the Secretary of the Army may, in his discretion, remit and cancel this indebtedness pursuant to the provisions of 10 U.S.C. 4837(d) (codified).

"2. It is the further opinion of this office that where the basis of imposing liability upon the responsible state is the negligence of an employee who is an enlisted man of the National Guard of the United States, the cancellation or remission of this enlisted man's indebtedness under 10 U.S.C. 4837(d), supra, has the effect of likewise cancelling the indebtedness of the States."

It will be noted that the Judge Advocate General's opinion, above referred to, held that not only may the indebtedness of an enlisted man be remitted or cancelled under the provisions of 10 U.S.C. 4837(d) (codified), but also that, if this is done, it has the effect of likewise cancelling the indebtedness of the State.

XI. State Legislation

1. Legislative program of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs. The Chief of Staff to the Governor submitted to the Legislature the following bills as part of the legislative program of this Division. These bills became Law:

a. Bill to amend Section 1 and other sections of the Military Law (omnibus bill,) to bring various sections up-to-date since the general revision of the law in 1950-1953. This became Chapter 942, Laws of 1957, approved 25 April 1957.

One of the amendments enacted by Chapter 942 was an amendment to define the term "commissioned officer" to include females appointed to serve as nurses or medical specialists in the National Guard. This was enacted to conform the New York law with a change in Federal law to the same effect, enacted by Congress. (P.L. 845, 84th Congress, 2nd Session, approved July 30, 1956.)

Another amendment enacted by Chapter 942 amended Sec. 131.4, Military Law, which is the section of the State Code of Military Justice concerning "Complaints of wrongs." The section, as amended, provides that any member of the organized militia who believes himself wronged by his commanding officer and upon due application to such commanding officer is refused redress, may complain to a superior officer, who shall forward it to the Chief of Staff to the Governor. If the Chief of Staff to the Governor finds the complaint not to be justified, the member may appeal to the Governor. Implementing this section, Changes No. 1 in State Military Regulations No. 8, having to do with "Military Justice," were published in OCS Circular No. 18, 27 August 1957. The new regulations set up the procedure to be followed in making and acting upon a complaint under this section of the law.

b. Bill to amend Chapter 602, Laws of 1956, to authorize construction by the City of New York of a ramp as an alternative to the construction of an elevator in the State Armory located at 2366 - 5th Ave., New York City, because of the excessive cost of the latter. This bill became Chapter 279, Laws of 1957, approved 9 April 1957.

2. Non-program bills which became law:

a. Bill to repeal Sec. 1485 of the Penal Law, relating to the introduction of spirituous liquors in armories. The bill became Chapter 977 of the Laws of 1957, approved 26 April 1957.

b. Bill to create the New York State World War Memorial Authority. The bill became Chapter 1014, Laws of 1957, approved 29 April 1957.

c. Bill to amend the State Finance Law in relation to the payment of small claims, up to \$750, arising out of the torts of military personnel and employees of this Division, committed in the operation of vehicles. The bill became Chapter 479, Laws of 1957, approved 13 April 1957.

d. Bill to amend Sec. 16 b and Subdiv. 1 of Sec. 22 of the Civil Service Law relating to the use of the generic term "armed forces of the United States." The bill became Chapter 144, Laws of 1957, approved March 23, 1957.

e. Bill to amend the General Municipal Law by adding new Sec. 209a relating to mutual aid in natural disaster emergency. The bill became Chapter 631, Laws of 1957, approved 17 April 1957.

f. Bill to amend par. (a), subdiv. 3, Sec. 220 and to repeal subdiv. 4 of Sec 220 of the Conservation Law, relating to the issuance of hunting licenses to members of the armed forces of the United States. The bill became Chapter 428, Laws of 1957, approved 12 April 1957.

g. Bill to amend par. 4, subdiv. b, Sec. 41 of the Retirement and Social Security Law, relating to the purchase of credit for military duty performed in the armed forces of the United States. The bill became Chapter 241, Laws of 1957, approved 9 April 1957.

3. Non-program bills on which this Division recommended disapproval.

a. Bill to amend subdiv. 1, Sec. 183 of the Military Law, by adding par. "g" authorizing the use of armories for certain programs designed to reduce juvenile delinquency. The bill became Chapter 980, Laws of 1957, approved 26 April 1957.

In this connection, it should be noted that under existing regulations various Officers in Charge and Control of armories in the State have cooperated in the past with municipal youth programs, such as the Police Athletic League in New York City. There have been no difficulties in this respect. So far as is known, no complaint has been made by a municipality of failure on the part of this Division to cooperate with local authorities in youth programs. The purpose of the bill is laudatory, and this Division will cooperate in such programs as it has done in the past. It must be understood, however, that the military mission of the units located in an armory must be given priority consideration.

b. Bill to amend Sec. 24 of the Military Law and to amend other laws, to transfer jurisdiction of war relics and battle flags from the Division of Military and Naval Affairs to the Department of Education. This bill was vetoed by the Governor on April 23, 1957.

4. Other non-program legislation.

a. A bill to amend the Tax Law to exempt military pay received from the United States from the State Income Tax.

This bill (Senate Int.No. 3233; Print No. 3423; Assembly Intr. No. 3530; Print No. 3672) was not introduced at the request of this Division, but the Judge Advocate submitted memoranda in support of the bill to the legislative committees concerned with it. The bill was not reported out of Committee.

b. Bill to amend (among other laws) Section 187 of the Military Law, to increase the salary scales of armory employees.

This was enacted by Chapter 220, Laws of 1957. The amendment was part of a general legislative program of salary increases for all State employees. It provided for increases in the annual rates of compensation for all armory employees, which increases were in line with those granted to other State employees by Chapter 220, Laws of 1957.

State Constitutional Amendments.

The Temporary State Commission on the Constitutional Convention, established by Chapter 814, Laws of 1956, conducted public hearings in June 1957, to receive proposals and recommendations to amend the New York Constitution.

This Division prepared detailed amendments to the Articles and Sections of the Constitution relating to the Militia, together with a memorandum in support of each proposed amendment. These were presented to the Commission by The Adjutant General of the State at the public hearing held in Albany on June 5, 1957. At the conclusion of The Adjutant General's presentation, the Chairman of the Commission thanked him and said:

"I think this is the most thorough and comprehensive report we have had made yet. And to have it in this form is tremendously helpful to the Committee."

XII. PUBLIC INFORMATION ACTIVITIES

1. The sixth year of operations of the Public Information Office, Office of the Chief of Staff to the Governor, was mainly devoted to supporting New York Army and Air organizations with their recruiting and public relations programs. Hundreds of thousands of recruiting pamphlets, posters, billboard posters and other material have been distributed to organizations. A new National Guard TV show made its debut in 1957, as a public service TV series. The National Guard "Let's Go To Town" radio show, the

special summer radio shows and a public service Christmas show all were of immeasurable help to local National Guard units in their community relations and recruiting programs. Excellent new 16 and 35 mm black and white and color films were made available to units for showing to civic and business groups. Late in the year a community relations kit was distributed to all National Guard units. The kits contain all material for conducting a sound and continuing community relations program in each community where a National Guard organization is located. The community relations kit contains not only guidance and suggestions for the conduct of such programs, but also pattern news releases, speeches, editorials and other press material, suggested radio and TV spot announcements and matted drop-ins.

a. The assistance and cooperation of the New York State Department of Commerce, Radio and TV Bureau with the New York National Guard radio and TV spot announcements throughout the year is gratefully acknowledged. It was of great help in maintaining local communication relations.

2. Highlights of the Public Information Program for 1957 were:

a. During February, New York National Guard Organizations conducted a one-day intensive recruiting drive. To assist units in the Muster day and recruiting drive project kits were shipped to each organization. Organizations obtained excellent results by full utilization of Muster Day Kits, which coupled with the packets of radio spot announcements prepared by the New York State Department of Commerce, resulted in our biggest recruiting drive.

b. The State Rifle and Pistol Matches held at Camp Smith during 29 May - 2 June, supported by the Public Information Office received excellent publicity throughout the State, and served to stimulate marksmanship competition among individuals and units of the State.

c. During 29 April - 5 May more than 100 New York State Armories, Air Bases, Naval Militia installations, camps and other New York State Military facilities went all-out to participate in New York State "Open House" week inaugurated by Governor Harriman to acquaint the public with all phases of the Empire State's Government. Many organizations did an outstanding job of arranging special programs as evidenced by the excellent publicity and the thousands of New York residents who had an opportunity to witness the State Military Forces in action.

d. The New York National Guard played a large part in the ceremonies celebrating the 180th Anniversary of the adoption of the First Constitution held at the 156th Field Artillery Armory in

Kingston on April 20. Governor Averell Harriman was furnished an honor guard and received a 19-gun salute as part of the colorful ceremonies.

e. Governor Averell Harriman and heads of State agencies reviewed the 10,000 officers and men of the 27th Armored Division, NYNG, during summer field training at Camp Drum.

f. The New York National Guard exhibited its strength and equipment at the New York State Fair in Syracuse, 30 August - 7 September. During Governor's Day a composite group of New York's Army and Air National Guardsmen furnished an Honor Guard and a 19-gun salute for Governor Harriman.

3. Other normal activities of this office were: Preparation and dissemination of news items and releases to various news media; maintaining liaison with various Public Information offices, writing speeches, preparing and editing the New York "insert" of THE NATIONAL GUARDSMAN.

XIII. FISCAL REPORT

Subsequent Charts are the Financial Statement for the State Fiscal Year 1 April 1956 to 31 March 1957.

STATE OF NEW YORK

DIVISION OF MILITARY AND NAVAL AFFAIRS

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE GOVERNOR

FINANCIAL STATEMENT, APRIL 1, 1956 TO MARCH 31, 1957

<u>CLASSIFICATION OR CODE</u>	<u>APPROPRIATION, CHAPTERS 57-1-56 and 180-1-56</u>	<u>DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION Chapter 1-1-56</u>	<u>TOTAL APPROPRIATION 1956-1957</u>	<u>EXPENDITURES 1 April 1956 to 31 March 1957</u>	<u>BALANCE 15 September 1957</u>
Personal Service	\$3,706,856.00	\$ 93,000.00	\$3,799,856.00	\$3,784,444.86	\$ 15,411.14
Travel Expense	108,486.00	3,000.00	111,486.00	111,306.17	179.83
Automotive Expense	56,000.00		56,000.00	55,861.15	138.85
General Office Supplies & Expense	30,880.00		30,880.00	30,483.95	396.05
Printing and Advertising	30,300.00		30,300.00	29,894.82	405.18
Communication	180,066.00		180,066.00	180,028.54	37.46
Fuel, Light, Power and Water	678,000.00		678,000.00	632,419.27	45,580.73
Food	3,100.00		3,100.00	2,981.59	118.41
Household, Laundry etc.	42,000.00		42,000.00	40,619.09	1,380.91
Farm and Garden Supplies and Expense	5,150.00		5,150.00	4,511.09	638.91
Special Supplies and Expense	34,300.00		34,300.00	34,099.29	200.71
Repairs	300,000.00	35,000.00	335,000.00	317,874.03	17,125.97
Rentals	50,415.00	3,100.00	53,515.00	52,407.69	1,107.31

Special Departmental Charges

Allowance to Headquarters	88,762.00		88,762.00	88,761.64	.36
Allowance to Organizations	235,599.00		235,599.00	235,599.00	---
Allowance to Officers	5,000.00		5,000.00	4,992.16	7.84
Celebrations and Ceremonies	450.00		450.00	---	450.00
Disability Claims	615.00		615.00	434.99	180.01
Relief of Blind War Veterans	449,500.00	22,650.00	472,150.00	471,358.22	791.78
Indemnities	900.00		900.00	860.00	40.00
Unallocated	<u>68,681.00</u>		<u>68,681.00</u>	<u>---</u>	<u>68,681.00</u>
Total Maintenance Undistributed	\$6,075,060.00	\$156,750.00	\$6,231,810.00	\$6,078,937.55	\$152,872.45
State Share, National Guard Facilities	188,115.00		188,115.00	175,037.21	13,077.79
Civil Defense Activities	17,786.00		17,786.00	17,755.32	30.68
War Emergency Lease Fund	4,280.00		4,280.00	3,225.00	1,055.00
Printing Veterans Organizations Reports	7,500.00		7,500.00	2,000.00	5,500.00
Pensions, Payments to persons eligible under provisions of the Military Law	207,000.00	19,320.00	226,320.00	211,336.59	14,983.41
GRAND TOTAL	\$6,499,741.00	\$176,070.00	\$6,675,811.00	\$6,488,291.67	\$187,519.33

CHAPTER 2

ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

Section		Page
I.	Organization Changes.	24
II.	Candidates for the U.S. Military Academy and the U.S. Air Force Academy.	32
III.	Personnel Bureau, A.G.O.	33
IV.	Publications Bureau, A.G.O.	45
V.	Claims Section, A.G.O.	46
VI.	Administrative Mail and Records Section . .	49
VII.	Annual Armory Inspections	50

I. ORGANIZATION CHANGES

During 1957, the following units of the organized militia were authorized to be organized, redesignated, discontinued or to change station, as shown:

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
15 MAR 56	3RD SIGNAL COMPANY, NYNM	REDESIGNATED 3RD COMMUNICATION COMPANY MCB, NYNM
1 JAN 57	205TH AAA DET (RCAT) NYNG	REORGANIZED UNDER TABLES OF ORGANIZATION AND EQUIPMENT NO. AA 8R
21 JAN 57	CO C 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG 1322 BEDFORD AVENUE BROOKLYN, N.Y.	DISBANDED
22 JAN 57	CO C 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG UNION FREE HIGH SCHOOL SOUTH HUNTINGTON, L.I., N.Y.	NEW ORGANIZATION
1 FEB 57	ALL ARMY NATIONAL GUARD UNITS	ORGANIZED OR RE- ORGANIZED UNDER APPLICABLE TO&E AS PRESCRIBED BY NGB BUL 59, VOL VII, 21 DEC 56
5 FEB 57	CO A 101ST ARMD CAV, NYNG 1339 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	DISBANDED
6 FEB 57	CO A 101ST ARMD CAV, NYNG VILLAGE HALL MONTICELLO, NEW YORK	NEW ORGANIZATION

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
15 FEB 57	106TH TACTICAL CONTROL SQUADRON, NYANG	IS REORGANIZED UNDER T.O. 1-2135 DATED 1 JUNE 1955
15 FEB 57	400TH ORDNANCE DETACHMENT NYNG	REASSIGNED FROM THE 773RD AAA BN TO THE 245TH AAA BN, NYNG
1 APR 57	552D AIR FORCE BAND, NYANG	REASSIGNED FROM HEADQUARTERS, NEW YORK AIR NATIONAL GUARD TO THE 213TH COMMUNICATIONS CONSTRUCTION SQUADRON, NYANG
1 APR 57	199 ARMY BAND, NYNG	REASSIGNED FROM HQ, NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARD TO HQ & HQ DET NYNG (LESS SEP DET)
15 MAY 57	BTRY A 771ST AAA BN (AW) (M) NYNG	REDESIGNATED AND REORGANIZED HOW CO, 3D BN, 101ST ARMD CAV, NYNG RICHFIELD SPRINGS, N.Y.
15 MAY 57	MED DET, 101ST ARMD CAV (LESS 3D BN SECTION) NYNG	REDESIGNATED MED DET 101ST ARMD CAV, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, NY
15 MAY 57	136TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 MAY 57	137TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 MAY 57	138TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 MAY 57	139TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 MAY 57	HOW CO 3D BN, 101ST ARMD CAV, NYNG	REDESIGNATED AND REORGANIZED BTRY A, 771ST AAA BN (AW) (M) NYNG ROCHESTER, N.Y.
15 MAY 57	3D BN SECTION, MED DET, 101ST ARMD CAV, NYNG	REDESIGNATED AND REORGANIZED MED DET, 771ST AAA BN (AW) (M) NYNG ROCHESTER, N.Y.
1 JUN 57	134TH ORDNANCE COMPANY (FIELD MAINTENANCE) NYNG	REDESIGNATED AND REORGANIZED 133D ORDNANCE COMPANY (DIRECT SUPPORT) NYNG PEEKSKILL, N.Y.
1 JUN 57	133D ORDNANCE COMPANY (DIRECT SUPPORT) NYNG	REDESIGNATED AND REORGANIZED 134TH ORDNANCE COMPANY (FIELD MAINTENANCE) NYNG ROCHESTER, N.Y.

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
1 JUN 57	8102ND REPLACEMENT TRAINING SQUADRON, NYANG FLOYD BENNETT NAVAL AIR STATION, BROOKLYN, N.Y.	INACTIVATED
1 JUN 57	8114 REPLACEMENT TRAINING SQUADRON, NYANG FLOYD BENNETT NAVAL AIR STATION, BROOKLYN, N.Y.	INACTIVATED
15 JUN 57	HEADQUARTERS, 106TH TACTICAL BOMB WING, LIGHT, NYANG	REDESIGNATED HEADQUARTERS 106TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR WING, NYANG
15 JUN 57	HEADQUARTERS, 106TH TACTICAL BOMBARDMENT GROUP, LIGHT, NYANG	REDESIGNATED HEADQUARTERS 106TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR GROUP, NYANG
15 JUN 57	102ND TACTICAL BOMBARDMENT SQUADRON, LIGHT, NYANG	REDESIGNATED 102ND FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, NYANG
15 JUN 57	114TH TACTICAL BOMBARDMENT SQUADRON, LIGHT, NYANG	REDESIGNATED 114TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, NYANG
15 JUN 57	HEADQUARTERS, 106TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR WING, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	HEADQUARTERS, 106TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR GROUP, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	102ND FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	114TH FIGHTER INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	HEADQUARTERS, 106TH MAINTENANCE AND SUPPLY GROUP, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	106TH FIELD MAINTENANCE SQUADRON NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	106TH SUPPLY SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	106TH TRANSPORTATION SQUADRON NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	HEADQUARTERS, 106TH AIR BASE GROUP, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	106TH COMMUNICATION SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
15 JUN 57	106TH AIR POLICE SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	106TH FOOD SERVICE SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	106TH INSTALLATIONS SQUADRON, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
15 JUN 57	106TH TACTICAL HOSPITAL, NYANG	REORGANIZED WITH NO CHANGE IN STATION OR ASSIGNMENT
18 JUN 57	Co E, 71ST INFANTRY, NYNG OSSING, N.Y.	DISBANDED (FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN)
18 JUN 57	Co G, 71ST INFANTRY, NYNG YONKERS, N.Y.	DISBANDED (FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN)
1 JUL 57	105TH USAF INFIRMARY, NYANG	REDESIGNATED 105TH USAF DISPENSARY, NYANG
1 JUL 57	107TH USAF INFIRMARY, NYANG	REDESIGNATED 107TH USAF DISPENSARY, NYANG
1 JUL 57	109TH USAF INFIRMARY, NYANG	REDESIGNATED 109TH USAF DISPENSARY, NYANG
1 AUG 57	1ST SERVICE COMMAND, HQ NYG 68 LEXINGTON AVE NEW YORK CITY	REDESIGNATED 1ST REGIONAL COMMAND, NYG
1 AUG 57	2ND SERVICE COMMAND, HQ NYG 216 WASHINGTON ST HEMPSTEAD	REDESIGNATED 2ND REGIONAL COMMAND, NYG
1 AUG 57	3RD SERVICE COMMAND, HQ NYG 195 WASHINGTON AVE ALBANY, N.Y.	REDESIGNATED 3RD REGIONAL COMMAND, NYG
1 AUG 57	4TH SERVICE COMMAND, HQ NYG 236 W. JEFFERSON ST SYRACUSE, N.Y.	REDESIGNATED 4TH REGIONAL COMMAND, NYG
1 AUG 57	5TH SERVICE COMMAND, HQ NYG 1015 W. DELEVAN AVE BUFFALO, N.Y.	REDESIGNATED 5TH REGIONAL COMMAND, NYG
1 AUG 57	6TH REGIONAL COMMAND, NYG 955 WASHINGTON ST PEEKSKILL, N.Y.	NEW ORGANIZATION
1 SEP 57	HQ, HQ & SERVICE Co, 142D TANK BATTALION, NYNG 70 BRENTWOOD ROAD BAYSHORE, L.I., N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 49 BABYLON TURNPIKE, FREEPORT, L.I., N.Y.
30 SEP 57	HQ & HQ BTRY, 106TH AAA BN (90-MM GUN) NYNG TONAWANDA, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
30 SEP 57	BTRY D, 106TH AAA BN (90-MM GUN) NYNG TONAWANDA, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
1 Oct 57	Hq & Hq Btry 336th AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG	Redesignated Hq & Hq Btry, 106th AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG Niagara Falls,N.Y.
1 Oct 57	Btry D,336th AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG	Redesignated Btry D, 106th AAA Bn (90mm Gun) Niagara Falls,N.Y.
1 Oct 57	Med Det,336th AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG	Redesignated Med.Det. 106th AAA Bn (90mm Gun). Niagara Falls,N.Y.
1 Oct 57	Btry A,336th AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG Niagara Falls,N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Btry B,336th AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG Niagara Falls,N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Btry C,336th AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG Niagara Falls,N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Hq.,Hq Btry, 633d AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG New York City, N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Btry A, 633d AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG New York City, N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Btry B, 633d AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG New York City, N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Btry C, 633d AAA Bn (90 mm Gun) NYNG New York City,N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Btry D, 633d AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG New York City, N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Med Det 633d AAA Bn (90mm Gun) NYNG New York City,N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Btry A, 259th AAA Bn (120mm Gun) NYNG New York City,N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
1 Oct 57	Btry B, 259th AAA Bn (120mm Gun) NYNG New York City,N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
15Oct 57	Co C, 106th Infantry,NYNG South Huntington,N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn
15Oct 57	Co D, 106th Infantry,NYNG Riverhead, N.Y.	Federal Recognition Withdrawn

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
15 OCT 57	HQ & HQ Co, 2ND BN, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co E, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co F, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co G, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co H, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	HQ & HQ Co, 3D BN, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co I, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co K, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co L, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co M, 106TH INFANTRY, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	HQ & HQ Co 2d BN, 165TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co E, 165TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co F, 165TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co G, 165TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co H, 165TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	HQ & HQ BTRY, 226TH FA BN, NYNG, BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	BTRY A, 226TH FA BN, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	BTRY B, 226TH FA BN, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	BTRY C, 226TH FA BN, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	SERVICE BTRY, 226TH FA BN, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	MED DET, 226TH FA BN, NYNG BROOKLYN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
15 OCT 57	TANK Co, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG EAST HAMPTON, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	HV MORT Co, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG EAST HAMPTON, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Hq & Hq Co, 3D BN, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co J, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co K, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co L, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co M, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co F, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co G, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co H, 107TH INFANTRY, NYNG SMITHTOWN, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	187TH ENGINEER COMPANY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Hq & Hq Co, 2D BN, 71ST INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co F, 71ST INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	Co H, 71ST INFANTRY, NYNG NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN
15 OCT 57	107TH REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAM, NYNG	REDESIGNATED 106TH REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAM AND ATTACHED TO HQ NYNG
15 OCT 57	107TH INFANTRY REGIMENT, NYNG	REASSIGNED FROM 107TH REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAM TO 42ND INFANTRY DIVISION
15 OCT 57	991ST FA BN, NYNG	REASSIGNED FROM 107TH REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAM TO 42ND INFANTRY DIVISION
15 OCT 57	187TH ENGINEER COMPANY, NYNG	REASSIGNED FROM 107TH REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAM TO 106TH REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAM
15 OCT 57	106TH INFANTRY REGIMENT, NYNG	REASSIGNED FROM 42ND INFANTRY DIVISION TO 106TH REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAM

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
15 OCT 57	226TH FA BN. NYNG	REASSIGNED FROM 42ND INFANTRY DIVISION TO 106TH REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAM
16 OCT 57	MED Co. 71ST INFANTRY. NYNG	REORGANIZED AND REDESIGNATED MED Co. 71ST INFANTRY (LESS 1ST BN PLAT) NYNG NEW YORK CITY. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	TANK Co. 106TH INFANTRY. NYNG	REORGANIZED AND REDESIGNATED TANK Co. 107TH INFANTRY. NYNG BROOKLYN. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	HV MORT Co. 106TH INFANTRY. NYNG	REORGANIZED AND REDESIGNATED HV MORT Co. 107TH INFANTRY. NYNG BROOKLYN. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	HQ & HQ Co. 1ST BN. 106TH INFANTRY. NYNG	REORGANIZED AND REDESIGNATED CO H. 107TH INFANTRY. NYNG SOUTH HUNTINGTON. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	Co A. 106TH INFANTRY. NYNG	REORGANIZED AND REDESIGNATED CO F 107TH INFANTRY. NYNG RIVERHEAD. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	Co B. 106TH INFANTRY. NYNG	REORGANIZED AND REDESIGNATED CO G. 107TH INFANTRY. NYNG RIVERHEAD. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	MED Co. 106TH INFANTRY. NYNG	REORGANIZED AND REDESIGNATED 1ST BN PLAT. MED Co 71ST INFANTRY NYNG BROOKLYN. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	HQ & HQ Co. 1ST BN. 71ST INFANTRY. NYNG 101 EAST 33RD ST NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1322 BEDFORD AVE BROOKLYN. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	Co A. 71ST INFANTRY. NYNG 101 EAST 33RD ST NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1322 BEDFORD AVE BROOKLYN. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	Co B. 71ST INFANTRY. NYNG 101 EAST 33RD ST NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1322 BEDFORD AVE BROOKLYN. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	Co C. 71ST INFANTRY. NYNG 101 EAST 33RD ST NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1322 BEDFORD AVE BROOKLYN. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	Co D. 71ST INFANTRY. NYNG 101 EAST 33RD ST NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1322 BEDFORD AVE BROOKLYN. N.Y.
16 OCT 57	BTRY A, 105TH FA BN. NYNG 1122 FRANKLIN AVE NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 171 CLERMONT AVE BROOKLYN. N.Y.

EFFECTIVE DATE	UNIT AND STATION	CHANGE
16 OCT 57	BTRY B, 105TH FA BN, NYNG 1122 FRANKLIN AVE NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 171 CLERMONT AVE BROOKLYN, N.Y.
17 OCT 57	OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE GOVERNOR, HEADQUARTERS NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARD, HEADQUARTERS NEW YORK GUARD 270 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 7, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 112 STATE STREET, ALBANY 7, N.Y.
17 OCT 57	STATE INSPECTOR AND SURVEYING OFFICER 270 BROADWAY NEW YORK 7, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1339 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK 28, N.Y.
17 OCT 57	AAA PROGRAM COORDINATOR 270 BROADWAY NEW YORK 7, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1339 MADISON AVE NEW YORK 28, N.Y.
17 OCT 57	CIVIL DEFENSE LIAISON OFFICER 270 BROADWAY NEW YORK 7, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1339 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 28, N.Y.
17 OCT 57	AREA ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER 270 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 7, N.Y.	STATION CHANGED TO 1339 MADISON AVE NEW YORK 28, N.Y.
1 NOV 57	29TH SPECIAL INFANTRY COMPANY, USMCR	REDESIGNATED 29TH INFANTRY COMPANY, USMCR
12 NOV 57	4TH SPECIAL INFANTRY COMPANY USMCR	REDESIGNATED 4TH INFANTRY COMPANY, USMCR
15 NOV 57	CO A, 101ST ARMD CAV, NYNG MONTICELLO, NLY.	FEDERAL RECOGNITION WITHDRAWN

II. CANDIDATES FOR THE UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY

Six of the New York National Guard enlisted men who entered the United States Military Academy in July 1953 were graduated in June 1957 and were appointed 2nd Lieutenants in the United States Armed Forces. They were Daniel Clancy, Jr., formerly member of 104th Field Artillery Battalion, James J. Cortez, 101st Armored Cavalry, John J.P.Meehan, 165th Infantry, Richard W. Pfeiffer, 127th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion, John E. Setnicky, 101st Armored Cavalry and Robert E. Winters, 107th Infantry.

Eight New York National Guardsmen received appointments to the Class of 1961 and reported as Cadets in July 1957. They were Specialist Third Class Howard A. Bais, 142nd Tank Battalion, Private First Class John E. Fischer, 165th Infantry, Private First Class Jerome Ginsberg, 226th Field Artillery Battalion, Private First Class Frederick Orman, 107th Infantry, Private First Class Joseph E. Paone, 165th Infantry, Private First Class Emmanuel J. Scivoletto, 133rd Ordnance Company, Private Laurence J. Stoneham, Jr., 156th Field Artillery Battalion and Private First Class James L.

Stark, 174th Armored Infantry Battalion.

The entrance of these eight into the United States Military Academy brings our total to twenty-four (24) cadets in the following classes: Class of 1958 -- 1; Class of 1959 -- 4; Class of 1960 -- 11; and Class of 1961 -- 8.

III. PERSONNEL BUREAU A.G.O.

Appointments and separations of Officers, During the year 1957, military commissions and separations were effected as follows:

	NY NG	NY ANG	NYG	NYNM	RESL	RETL	ING	TOTALS
OFFICERS PROMOTED	400	79	13	58				550
OFFICERS APPOINTED FROM THE RANKS	118	15						133
OFFICERS APPOINTED FROM OTHER SOURCES	243	142	4	103				492
OFFICERS APPOINTED ON RESERVE LIST	3							3
OFFICERS TRANSFERRED TO RESERVE LIST	41	2	10	17				70
OFFICERS PLACED ON RETIRED LIST	66		6	8				80
OFFICERS TRANSFERRED FROM ACTIVE TO INACTIVE NG	109							109
OFFICERS TRANSFERRED FROM INACTIVE TO ACTIVE NG							27	27
OFFICERS WHO RESIGNED AND WERE HONORABLY DISCHARGED	212	112	3	47			23	397
OFFICERS DROPPED UNDER SECTION 78, M.L.	8	1		4				13
OFFICERS WHO DIED	11	6		1				18

The above table indicates that one thousand, one hundred and seventy-five (1,175) military commissions were issued during the year. Four hundred and twenty-eight (428) officers and warrant officers were separated from service.

MONTHLY GAINS AND LOSSES OF ENLISTED PERSONNEL IN THE NYNG
(ARMY AND AIR) DURING THE YEAR 1957

	GAINS				LOSSES	
	ReEnl		New Enl		Army	Air
	Army	Air	Army	Air	EM	AMN
January.....	619	73	606	58	1,269	30
February.....	748	81	714	110	1,025	38
March.....	852	187	979	120	1,070	31
April.....	584	85	1,007	103	673	47
May.....	642	65	901	70	828	47
June.....	588	49	756	76	855	39
July.....	412	69	658	79	446	33
August.....	296	72	449	50	499	36
September.....	490	31	422	76	599	31
October.....	626	96	515	78	728	59
November.....	368	61	226	36	623	31
December.....	530	66	416	18	575	44
Totals.....	6,755	935	7,649	874	9,190	466

CAUSES OF SEPARATION OF ENLISTED MEN FROM THE NYNG
(INCLUDING AIR) DURING THE YEAR 1957

Reasons for Separation	Number
1. To enter the Armd Forces of the U.S.	1,223
2. Expiration of enlistment.....	3,973
3. Convenience of Government.....	955
4. Certificate of Disability.....	209
5. Change of Residence.....	359
6. Hardship.....	18
7. Minority.....	125
8. Undesirable Discharge, unfitness, misconduct, fraudulent enlistment or continued absence.....	0
9. General Discharge, unfitness, misconduct, fraudulent enlistment, imprisonment, or unsatisfactory participation	72
10. Rejected by National Guard Bureau.....	97
11. Died.....	12

Reasons for Separation	Number
12. To accept appointment -	
United States Military Academy.....	8
United States Air Force Academy.....	8
United States Naval Academy.....	0
United States Merchant Marine Academy.....	0
In the New York National Guard (including Air).....	133
13. To reenlist Immediately -	
Prior to normal ETS.....	86
To Attend Service School.....	128
To Attend OCS.....	24
14. To enlist National Guard of another State.....	159
15. To accept Commission in the Armed Forces of the U.S.....	0
16. To enlist New York Army or Air National Guard.....	5
17. Discharged for continued absence.....	518
18. Discharged for inaptness, unfitness, misconduct or fraudulent enlistment.....	16
19. To enlist -	
United States Army Reserve.....	102
United States Air Force Reserve.....	6
United States Marine Corps Reserve.....	1
United States Navy Reserve.....	0
20. For failure to qualify for Pilot Training.....	9
21. Accept appointment as Cadet in advanced course of ROTC.....	11
22. For unsatisfactory participation in a Federally recognized unit.....	<u>0</u>
 Total.....	 9,656

STATE DECORATIONS AWARDED DURING THE YEAR 1957

DECORATIONS FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE: During 1957

Decorations for Long and Faithful Service were awarded to the various classes, as follows:

Special Class (35 years service).....	4
First Class (25 years service).....	26
Second Class (20 years service).....	44
Third Class (15 years service).....	69
Fourth Class (10 years service).....	171

CONSPICUOUS SERVICE MEDAL: Two (2) were awarded during the year 1957.

CONSPICUOUS SERVICE CROSS: One hundred and thirty-three (133) were awarded during the year 1957.

MEDAL FOR DUTY IN AID OF CIVIL AUTHORITY: Twelve (12) were awarded during the year 1957.

ARMED FORCES RESERVE MEDAL (US): Two hundred and fifteen (215) were awarded during the year 1957.

RECRUITING MEDAL: One hundred and nineteen (119) were awarded during the year 1957.

STRENGTH OF THE ARMY NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARD
31 DECEMBER 1957

Organization (Army)	STRENGTH			(GROSS)
	OFFS	WO	EM	AGGREGATE
HQ 27 ARMD DIV.....	44	9	86	
HQ CO 27 ARMD DIV.....	9	2	95	
27 ARMD DIV BAND.....		2	40	
MED DET 27 ARMD DIV.....	1		7	
27 ARMD DIV TN.....	5		58	
27 ARMD DIV SIG CO.....	12	2	225	
27 MP CO.....	6	1	93	
27 REPL CO.....	4	2	22	
CCA 27 ARMD DIV.....	16	3	78	
CCB 27 ARMD DIV.....	16	3	78	
CCC 27 ARMD DIV.....	16	3	71	
27 ARMD DIV ARTY (INCL MED DET).....	23	3	131	
27 ARMD QM BN.....	13	1	187	
27 RECON BN.....	26	4	467	
105 ARMD INF BN.....	33	6	553	
108 ARMD INF BN.....	36	6	502	
174 ARMD INF BN.....	29	7	517	
175 ARMD INF BN.....	35	6	543	
106 ARMD FA BN.....	21	2	371	
186 ARMD FA BN.....	21	5	360	
249 ARMD FA BN.....	38	5	356	
270 ARMD FA BN.....	23	4	411	
127 AAA BN.....	32	4	458	
127 TK BN.....	21	5	356	
205 TK BN.....	32	6	508	
208 TK BN.....	33	3	501	
274 TK BN.....	32	4	443	
134 ARMD MED BN.....	27	2	224	
152 ARMD ENGR BN.....	33	7	493	
727 ARMD ORD BN.....	25	9	451	
TOTAL 27 ARMD DIV.....	662	116	8,685	9,463

Organization (Army)	STRENGTH			(GROSS)
	OFFS	WO	EM	AGGREGATE
HQ 42 INF DIV.....	45	9	127	
HQ CO 42 INF DIV	23	1	137	
42 INF DIV BAND		1	38	
MED DET 42 INF DIV.....	1		11	
42 MP CO.....	5	1	129	
42 QM CO.....	10	1	117	
42 RECON CO.....	6		115	
42 REPL CO.....	2	2	18	
42 SIG CO.....	9	3	162	
42 DIV ARTY (INCL MED DET).....	28	3	158	
71 INF	123	16	1,491	
107 INF	130	10	1,464	
165 INF	110	17	1,520	
104 FA BN.....	24	5	494	
105 FA BN.....	50	5	536	
258 FA BN.....	24	4	287	
991 FA BN.....	25	5	342	
142 AAA BN	19	2	364	
142 TK BN	19	5	425	
102 MED BN	26	2	223	
102 ENGR BN	30	6	369	
742 ORD BN	10	8	197	
TOTAL 42 INF DIV	719	106	8,724	9,549
102 AAA BRIG.....	14	4	47	
102 AAA DET.....	4		30	
102 ORD CO (DS).....	2	3	56	
232 AAA GP.....	10	4	46	
244 AAA GP.....	13	5	41	
368 SIG DET (RMU).....			4	
398 ORD DET.....		1	6	
400 ORD DET.....		1	7	
245 AAA BN	25	5	391	
259 AAA BN	20	5	213	
773 AAA BN	28	6	386	
TOTAL 102 AAA BRIG.....	116	34	1,227	1,377
105 AAA BRIG.....	13	4	65	
89 ARMY BAND.....		1	24	
105 AAA DET.....	2		39	
134 ORD CO (FM).....	1	3	92	
205 AAA DET.....	1		14	
209 AAA GP	11	4	55	
367 SIG DET (RMU)		1	4	
396 ORD DET.....		1	4	
421 SIG DET (RMU).....		1	4	
102 AAA BN	19	5	331	
106 AAA BN.....	35	9	392	
771 AAA BN.....	19	3	246	
TOTAL 105 AAA BRIG	101	32	1,270	1,403

Organization (Army)	STRENGTH			(GROSS)
	OFFS	WO	EM	AGGREGATE
HQ&HQ BTRY II CORPS ARTY.....	19	4	79	
187 FA GP.....	13	2	66	
369 FA GP.....	12	2	65	
156 FA BN.....	25	5	362	
170 FA BN.....	26	6	367	
187 FA OBSR BN.....	23	4	273	
569 FA BN.....	21	2	302	
715 FA BN.....	28	2	319	
955 FA BN.....	18	2	337	
970 FA BN.....	23	2	311	
TOTAL II CORPS ARTY	208	31	2,481	2,720
106 INF.....	19	8	116	
101 ARMD CAV.....	88	15	1,205	
101 SIG BN (CORPS).....	28	4	431	
127 ORD CO.....	1	2	94	
133 ORD CO (DS).....	4	3	114	
199 ARMY BAND.....		1	27	
HQ&HQ DET NYNG (LESS SEP DET).....	31	2	40	
SEP DET HQ & HQ DET NYNG.....	29	8	12	
TOTAL MISC ATCHD HQ NYNG	200	43	2,039	2,282
RECAPITULATION				
27TH ARMORED DIVISION.....	662	116	8,685	9,463
42ND INFANTRY DIVISION.....	719	106	8,724	9,549
102ND AAA BRIGADE.....	116	34	1,227	1,377
105TH AAA BRIGADE.....	101	32	1,270	1,403
II CORPS ARTILLERY.....	208	31	2,481	2,720
MISC UNITS (ATTCHD HQ NYNG).....	200	43	2,039	2,282
TOTAL - ALL ARMY UNITS.....	2,006	362	24,426	26,794
TOTAL Strength 31 Dec 1956.....	2,017	392	24,284	26,693
NET GAIN OR LOSS.....	-11	-30	+142	+101

STRENGTH OF THE NEW YORK AIR NATIONAL GUARD 31 DECEMBER 1957

Organization (Air)	OFFS	WO	EM	TOTAL
HQ NEW YORK AIR NATIONAL GUARD				
(INCLUDING TRAINING SITE DET).....	13		21	
274 COMMCON(OPR).....	8		100	
213 COMMCONSTRON.....	3	2	95	
552 AF BAND.....		1	31	
TOTAL MISC (ATTCHD HQ NYANG)	24	3	247	274
HQ 107 AD WG.....	37		92	
136 FINCEPTRON.....	49		507	
HQ 105 FGRU(AD).....	16		60	
137 FINCEPTRON.....	40		187	

Organization (Air)	OFFS	WO	EM	TOTAL
105 MATRON.....	7		263	
105 ABRON.....	6		118	
105 USAF DISPEN.....	7		24	
HQ 107 FG RU(AD).....	13		48	
138 FINCEPTRON.....	46		153	
107 MATRON.....	9		198	
107 ABRON.....	5		110	
107 USAF DISPEN.....	6		12	
HQ 109 FG RU(AD).....	14		29	
139 FINCEPTRON.....	36		161	
109 MATRON.....	8		217	
109 ABRON.....	5	1	97	
109 USAF DISPEN.....	5		10	
TOTAL 107 AD WG.....	309	1	2,286	2,596
HQ 106 FINCEPT WG.....	23		47	
HQ 106 FINCEPT GRU.....	12		22	
102 FINCEPTRON.....	51		157	
114 FINCEPTRON.....	54		152	
HQ 106 ABGRU.....	7		48	
106 COMTRON.....	4		59	
106 INSTLRON.....	3	1	75	
106 PDSVCRON.....	1	1	55	
106 APRON.....	2	1	50	
HQ 106 MSGRU.....	4		9	
106 FLDMAINRON.....	8	1	124	
106 SUPRON.....	8		94	
106 TRANSRON.....	3		101	
106 TAC HOSP.....	11		52	
TOTAL 106 FINCEPT WG.....	101	4	1,045	1,240
152 TACCONGRU.....	22		56	
106 TACCONRON.....	26	3	243	
108 AC&WFLT.....	21	2	256	
TOTAL 152 TACCONGRU.....	69	5	555	629
ACTUAL STRENGTH (AIR).....	593	13	4,133	4,739
TOTAL STRENGTH 31 Dec 1956.....	564	15	4,006	
NET GAIN OR LOSS.....	+29	-2	*127	

STRENGTH OF THE NEW YORK NAVAL MILITIA 31 DECEMBER 1957

Unit	Location	Offrs	EM	Total
HEADQUARTERS	New York	12	0	12
AREA COMMANDS	New York	1	0	1
	Buffalo	1	0	1
DIVISION 3-66	Dunkirk	6	90	96
DIVISION 3-86	Oswego	7	142	149
DIVISION 3-102	Watertown	8	113	121
BRIGADE 3-2	Brooklyn	9	0	9
BATT 3-14	"	3	1	4
Division 3-48	"	13	119	132
Division 3-49	"	19	140	159
Division 3-50	"	2	2	4
BATT 3-15	"	1	2	3
Division 3-51	"	3	0	3
Division 3-52	"	1	1	2
Division 3-53	"	13	185	198
BATT 3-9	Rochester	5	1	6
Division 3-88	"	0	15	15
Division 3-89	"	13	168	181
Division 3-90	"	14	145	159
Division 3-92	"	19	150	169
BATT 3-17	Buffalo	8	0	8
Division 3-57	"	11	144	155
Division 3-58	"	0	0	0
Division 3-59	"	15	116	131
Division 3-60	"	12	106	118
BATT 3-20	Brooklyn	4	1	5
Division 3-72	"	1	0	1
Division 3-73	"	1	1	2
Division 3-79	"	21	162	183
Division 3-81	"	2	2	4
BATT 3-22	Whitestone	7	1	8
Division 3-75	"	16	126	142
Division 3-76	"	15	100	115
Division 3-77	"	18	176	194

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Offrs</u>	<u>EM</u>	<u>Total</u>
BATT 3-29	Tompkinsville	8	2	10
Division 3-97	"	12	104	116
Division 3-98	"	8	98	106
BATT 3-30	Yonkers	4	2	6
Division 3-105	"	11	116	127
Division 3-106	"	9	95	104
BATT 3-31	New Rochelle	3	0	3
Division 3-69	"	11	116	127
Division 3-70	"	12	105	117
1st Inf BATT	Brooklyn	0	0	0
HQ&SVC CO, MCB	"	7	64	71
Wpns Co, MCB	"	3	23	26
Rifle "A" MCB	"	2	106	108
Rifle "B" MCB	"	1	25	26
2nd Rifle Co, MCB	New Rochelle	9	119	128
3rd Comm Co, MCB	Rochester	7	190	197
4th Inf Co, MCB	Brooklyn	3	136	139
29th Spl Co, MCB	Buffalo	7	70	77
"FEDERAL DUTY PERSONNEL"	New York	7	3166	3173
Total Strength 31 Dec 1957		405	6746	7151
Total Strength 31 Dec 1956		<u>377</u>	<u>6111</u>	<u>6488</u>
NET GAIN OR LOSS		+28	+635	+663

COMMISSIONED STRENGTH, NAVAL RESERVE LIST, 31 DECEMBER 1957

	REAR ADMIRALS	CAPTAINS	CDRS	LCDRS	LTS	LTS(JG)	ENSIGNS	CHIEF BOATSWAIN	TOTALS
AVIATION BRANCH	x	x	x	x	x	x	1	x	1
DENTAL CORPS	x	x	x	x	1	x	x	x	1
DECK LINE (OR)ENGINEER	1	8	12	31	37	43	33	1	166
MEDICAL CORPS	1	x	1	4	3	3	x	x	12
CHAPLAINS	x	x	x	x	x	1	x	x	1
SUPPLY CORPS	1	x	x	4	3	2	2	x	12
MARINE BRANCH CORPS (SEE COMMISSIONED STRENGTH RESERVE LIST)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
TOTALS	3	8	13	39	44	49	36	1	193

COMMISSIONED STRENGTH, RETIRED LIST 31 DECEMBER 1957

Military

Lieutenant General	1
Major Generals	14
Brigadier Generals	65
Colonels	75
Lieutenant Colonels	68
Majors	141
Captains	162
First Lieutenants	64
Second Lieutenants	40
WO, W-1	<u>3</u>
Total	633

Naval

Rear Admirals	3
Commodores	1
Captains	6
Commanders	5
Lieutenant Commanders	12
Lieutenants	11
Lieutenants, Junior Grade	4
Ensigns	5
Major, MCB	<u>1</u>
Total	48

COMMISSIONED STRENGTH, RESERVE LIST 31 DECEMBER 1957

	GENERAL	LT. GEN.	MAJ. GEN.	BRIG. GEN.	COLONELS	LT. COLONELS	MAJORS	CAPTS	1ST. LT.	2ND. LT.	CWO	WO (JG)	FLT. OFF.	TOTALS
Line			23								3	143		169
Adjutant General's Corps				1	5	3	3							12
Air Force			1	3	9	13	24	57	26				19	152
Armor				2	2	3	38	27	29					101
Artillery			1	16	27	37	165	157	148					551
Chaplains			1	4	16	9	10	8						42
Chemical Corps				2	3	2	1							8
Corps of Engineers				6	7	26	59	49	15					162
Corps of Military Police					1	4	2	2						9
Finance Corps				1		2	1		1					5
Infantry				37	120	321	730	663	573					2444
Judge Advocate General's Corps				3	7	3	3							16
Medical Corps				7	13	51	65	30						166
Medical Service Corps					2	3	12	16						33
Dental Service Corps					4	13	8	9	22					56
Veterinary Corps						1		1						2
Ordnance Corps				1	1		5	4						11
Quartermaster Corps				2	2	7	29	27	18					85
Signal Corps				4	1	2	6	8	6					27
Transportation Corps				1	1	1	1	1	1					6
Totals			26	90	215	501	1162	1059	839	3	143	1	1	4057
Marine Corps Branch						1	5	6	2					14

IV. PUBLICATIONS BUREAU

1. During the calendar year 1957 this Bureau received from federal and state sources all publications, blank forms and other material required for the use of the Organized Militia which were distributed as indicated below:

7,800 federal publications (3,189,000 copies) for initial distribution.

6,388 federal publications (150,000 copies) to fill replenishment requisitions.

1,100 federal blank forms (approximately 10,000,000 copies) to fill replenishment requisitions.

25 pieces of recruiting material (218,970 copies.)

22 pieces of public information material (39,370 copies.)

140 NY-AGO and other state and office forms (534,500 copies.)

1,122 separate distributions of Division of Military and Naval Affairs publications and correspondence (approximately 860,000 copies.)

2. 5,553 requisitions from using units were filled. 1,911,072 initial and replenishment distributions were required to complete the distributions referred to in Par.1. Approximately, 3700 individual identification cards were laminated and returned to the units and agencies.

3. Approximately 15,000 line items of rescinded, superseded and obsolete material were disposed of in accordance with state and federal directives.

4. A new replenishment procedure was adopted in September 1956, whereby stations were established according to geographical location. Previously, it was the practice for each company size unit to submit requisitions for its individual requirements. Under the new system, the senior officer at each station submits consolidated requisitions for the needs of the units under his jurisdiction. This has resulted in the reduction of the replenishment workload of this installation by approximately 30%. A special mail service was also instituted to insure prompt receipt by using agencies of publications and correspondence pertaining to priority matters.

5. Following the consolidation of the offices of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs, a reproduction section was established to handle the reproduction requirements of the combined offices. During the two months of operation 122,000 copies of correspondence and publications were reproduced and distributed. In addition, 30,000 copies of forms, form letters and records were reproduced for office use.

V. CLAIMS SECTION

Section I, Blind Veterans Annuity.

1. At the close of the year 1957 there is a total of Eight Hundred and Fifty-eight (858) blind soldiers of all wars of the United States and One Hundred and Thirteen (113) widows of such deceased blind soldiers who are receiving the Five Hundred Dollars and 00/100 (\$500.) per annum under the provisions of Section 120-122 of the Military Law.

2. During the year 1957, One Hundred and Thirty-eight (138) new applications were received and action taken thereon as indicated below:

Soldier applications approved and certified to Comptroller..	84
Soldier applications disapproved.....	33
Soldier applications pending at close of year.....	<u>5</u>
Total soldier applications	122

Widow applications approved and certified to Comptroller...	16
Widow applications pending	<u>0</u>
Total widow applications	16

Seventeen (17) soldiers - recipients of the annuity died during the year 1957. Sixteen (16) widows made application for continuation of the annuity as provided by law. Action on these applications is indicated above.

3. Of the deceased soldiers, four (4) recipients died leaving widows who were married to them subsequent to 14 March 1936 and therefore are not entitled to a continuation of the annuity. In addition, two (2) widows died during the year and twelve (12) soldier recipients were removed from the rolls for cause. There was a total increase of seventy-nine (79) in the number of annuitants during the past year.

Section II, Disability Pensions, Section 217 of the Military Law.

1. Twenty-four (24) individuals are at present receiving pensions from the State under the provisions of Section 217, Military Law, which provides for disability pension for permanent disability incurred by members of the Organized Militia in the service of the State as distinguished from active duty for training or inactive duty training by the Army and Air National Guard and the Naval Militia in the performance of their Federal missions under the National Defense Act as amended. These twenty-four (24) cases are classified as follows:

Former member of the Organized Militia.....	17
Widows and/or minor children of deceased members of the Organized Militia.....	5
Dependent mothers of deceased members of the Organized Militia.....	<u>2</u>
Total	24

2. During the year 1957 there were no applications for increases and there were no changes from 1956 in the status or in the number of such pensioners on the rolls.

Section III, Claims.

A. By Military Personnel for Injuries or Disease - Line of Duty

1. During 1957 members of the Organized Militia filed two hundred and six (206) claims for compensation, medical care, pay and allowances under the provisions of the National Defense Act. In addition, there were sixty (60) such claims pending at the close of 1956. Action on these two hundred and sixty-six (266) claims is indicated as follows:

Approved for Line of Duty.....	240
Disallowed for Line of Duty.....	16
Pending Action.....	10

B. By Individuals for Property Damages and/or Personal Injuries

1. During 1957 ninety-four (94) reports of accidents were handled and processed involving property damage and/or personal injuries to individuals, private firms, partnerships and corporations. These ninety-four (94) reports represent ninety-nine (99) potential claims as the result of the accidents involving military vehicles and aircraft operated by members of the New York Army and Air National Guard and for accidents happening on or near State-owned premises under the jurisdiction of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs. Of the above-captioned reports, three (3) are pending completion and final action.

2. The ninety-four (94) reports submitted indicate liability for settlement as follows:

By the National Guard Bureau from Federal funds.....	12
By the State of New York.....	75
No claim filed.....	<u>12</u>
Total	99

3. During the past year all State and Federally assigned vehicles to the New York National Guard have been covered by automobile liability and property damage insurance with the Newark Insurance Company, as carrier thereon. Of the above claims against the State of New York in which such vehicles were involved, sixty (60) claims were referred to the in-

urance carrier for appropriate consideration and settlement under the terms of the insurance contract.

Section IV, Field Service.

1. An assistant Claims Officer is assigned to the Division to conduct appropriate investigations in the field with respect to blind pensions and other recipients of State monies and to otherwise assist the claims officer in the conduct of the claims section.

2. During the year 1957 four hundred and fifty (450) investigations and contacts were made with blind annuitants, widows of deceased blind annuitants and disabled pensioners under Section 217 of the Military Law. The total number of recipients on the rolls are receiving annual benefits at a cost to the State of approximately one-half million (\$500,000.) dollars. The field service provided by only one officer is essential in exploring the status of these recipients, and provides some protection to the State to see that the persons receiving this money are in fact legally entitled there-to under the statute.

Section V, Safety Program.

1. The Claims Section is charged with the responsibility of the State Safety Program as it affects State Employees only in the Division of Military and Naval Affairs. The Claims Officer is designated the Safety Administrator for the Division of Military and Naval Affairs.

2. During the past year monthly reports were received concerning accident and injuries from the Safety Supervisors at each of the one hundred and two (102) armories, air bases, arsenals and other headquarters filing the monthly Divisional Reports and submitted to the New York State Division of Safety, Executive Department.

3. The Safety Administrator attended several conferences sponsored by the Division of Safety at which Safety Administrators from other State Departments participated. Appropriate releases and instructions have been sent from time to time during the year to the Safety Supervisors at the one hundred and two (102) installations of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs.

Section VI, State Employees' Grievance Procedures.

1. The Claims Officer under the supervision of The Adjutant General processes the reports from one hundred and two (102) installations under the jurisdiction of the Division in connection with the State Employees' Grievance Program. Quarterly reports are consolidated and a combined report is submitted to the State Grievance Board. There have been no grievances in the Division which were not capable

of being amicably settled at the immediate supervisory level. There were no cases that required consideration by the State Grievance Board.

Section VII, Miscellaneous.

1. The Microfilm records of World War I New York State bonus are the responsibility of the Claims Division, although they are in reality a historical record and of value for only statistical and general information purposes. During the year 1957, approximately twelve hundred (1200) inquiries were received and answered concerning World War I State Bonus information. The majority of these inquiries were for real property tax exemption purposes. A substantial number of the inquiries received and answered concerned present day entitlement to World War I State Bonus pension and other benefits exclusive of inquiries relating to the blind annuity.

2. In addition to the foregoing, approximately three hundred (300) inquiries have been received and answered concerning veteran preferences for Civil Service examinations and for wartime military service credit with respect to retirement benefits. These requests were generally from State and local Civil Service Systems.

VI. ADMINISTRATIVE MAIL & RECORDS SECTION

1. This section maintains, under existing Army and State Regulations and the Army Dewey Decimal System of filing, the main correspondence files of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs. Correspondence of a classified nature, orders, directives, telegrams, teletype messages and other memorandum of the entire division are processed through this section. Section Chief personally processes classified correspondence of The Adjutant General's section. Other staff sections like correspondence is transmitted to them through this section. Section also acts as the Message Center for the receipt and distribution of all incoming and outgoing mail for the Division.

2. The consolidation of the Albany and New York City office at Albany on 21 October 1957 returned the teletype work handled by the New York City office to this section and also effected a consolidation of the files of New York with this office. Reproduction and photostatic work handled by this section was at this time transferred to the Reproduction Section now located in the Publications Division. A total of 684,600 mimeograph jobs and 16,000 photostatic reproductions were made during the past year.

3. For the period covered by this report 99,357 pieces of first class mail was received, an average of 411 per day.

120,440 pieces were mailed out; 18,766 of which were franked or penalty mail items, a daily average of 498, at an approximate cost of \$4,917.00 for items postage was necessary by meter mailing. An increase of \$420.00 for metered mail is noted over last year's cost.

462 outgoing and 892 incoming teletype messages were processed during the past year.

VII. ANNUAL ARMORY INSPECTIONS

1. The annual State Armory Inspections for the year 1956-57 were conducted pursuant to G.O. #17, OCS, 21 July 1954.

2. a. Finances of 574 units of the components of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs were inspected.

b. Ninety-five (95) State armories of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs were inspected.

c. Six (6) air bases of the Division of Military and Naval Affairs were inspected:

Five (5) NYANG air bases
One (1) NYNG air base

3. a. Breakdown of unit ratings for finances is as follows:

	<u>SUPERIOR</u>	<u>EXCELLENT</u>	<u>SATISFACTORY</u>	<u>NO FUNDS</u>	<u>TOTAL UNITS INSPECTED</u>
OCS	1	0	0	0	1
NYNG	245	39	84	98	466
NYNM	18	0	1	32	51
NYANG	<u>27</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>56</u>
TOTALS	291	44	88	151	574

b. Breakdown of State Armory ratings (Building Maintenance) is as follows:

	<u>SUPERIOR</u>	<u>EXCELLENT</u>	<u>SATISFACTORY</u>	<u>TOTAL ARMORIES INSPECTED</u>
NYNG	59	19	5	83
NYNM	5	4	1	10
NYANG	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>
TOTALS	66	23	6	95

4. There are sixty-eight (68) certificates awarded for Superior Building Maintenance for the Inspection Year 1955-56, and a total of sixty-six (66) have been awarded for the year 1956-57 for a decrease of two (2) Superior armories during the Inspection Year 1956-57.

5. The officers in charge and control and the armory employees who have been awarded the certificates for Superior Building Maintenance are to be commended for their efforts in Building Maintenance.

STATE ARMORIES OCCUPIED BY NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARD WHICH WERE AWARDED SUPERIOR RATING CERTIFICATES FOR BUILDING MAINTENANCE INSPECTION YEAR 1956-57

<u>STATE ARMORY</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>
Elk & Lark Sts	Albany, N.Y.
New Scotland Ave	Albany, N.Y.
195 Washington Ave	Albany, N.Y.
Florida Ave	Amsterdam, N.Y.
97 State St	Auburn, N.Y.
235 State St	Batavia, N.Y.
Brentwood Rd & Reddington St	Bayshore, N.Y.
85 West End Ave	Binghamton, N.Y.
184 Connecticut St	Buffalo, N.Y.
29 Masten Ave	Buffalo, N.Y.
78 Water St	Catskill, N.Y.
North Pine St	Corning, N.Y.
Main & Newton Sts	Dunkirk, N.Y.
307 E. Church St	Elmira, N.Y.
49 Babylon Turnpike	Freeport, N.Y.
34 Avon Road	Geneseo, N.Y.
300 Main St	Geneva, N.Y.
147 Warren St	Glens Falls, N.Y.
87 Washington St	Gloversville, N.Y.
Church & Elm Sts	Hoosick Falls, N.Y.
100 Seneca St	Hornell, N.Y.
5th & State Sts	Hudson, N.Y.
Porter Ave & Front St	Jamestown, N.Y.
North Manor Ave	Kingston, N.Y.
285 Hawley St	Lockport, N.Y.
116 W Main St	Malone, N.Y.
Pearl St & Prospect Ave	Medina, N.Y.
52 Highland Ave	Middletown, N.Y.
83 E Main St	Mohawk, N.Y.
144 N 5th Ave	Mt. Vernon, N.Y.
1122 Franklin Ave	New York, N.Y.
1579 Bedford Ave	Brooklyn, N.Y.
643 Park Ave	New York, N.Y.
56 W 66th St	New York, N.Y.
168th St & 93d Ave	Jamaica, N.Y.
321 Manor Road	W New Brighton, N.Y.
901 Main St	Niagara Falls, N.Y.
119 Times Square	Olean, N.Y.
217 Cedar St	Oneida, N.Y.

STATE ARMORY

ADDRESS

4 Academy St
Eastern Ave
265 W First St
100 Barton Ave
955 Washington Ave
145 Culver Road
900 E. Main St
117 E. Dominick St
109 River St
61 Lake Ave
1055 E. Genesee St
236 W. Jefferson St
316 Champlain Ave
79 Delaware Ave
15th Street
Parkway East Armory
139 Stockton Ave
190 Arsenal St
62 Poultney St
127 N. Broadway

Oneonta, N.Y.
Ossining, N.Y.
Oswego, N.Y.
Patchogue, N.Y.
Peekskill, N.Y.
Rochester, N.Y.
Rochester, N.Y.
Rome, N.Y.
Saranac Lake, N.Y.
Saratoga Springs, N.Y.
Syracuse, N.Y.
Syracuse, N.Y.
Ticonderoga, N.Y.
Tonawanda, N.Y.
Troy, N.Y.
Utica, N.Y.
Walton, N.Y.
Watertown, N.Y.
Whitehall, N.Y.
Yonkers, N.Y.

STATE ARMORIES OCCUPIED BY NEW YORK NAVAL MILITIA WHICH WERE
AWARDED SUPERIOR RATING CERTIFICATES FOR BUILDING MAINTENANCE
INSPECTION YEAR 1956-57

325 Central Ave
Lake St
Washington Square
5500 St Paul Boulevard
327 Mullin St

Dunkirk, N.Y.
Oswego, N.Y.
Rochester, N.Y.
Rochester, N.Y.
Watertown, N.Y.

STATE ARMORIES OCCUPIED BY NEW YORK AIR NATIONAL GUARD WHICH
WERE AWARDED SUPERIOR RATING CERTIFICATES FOR BUILDING MAIN-
TENANCE INSPECTION YEAR 1956-57

801 Dean St
State Armory

Brooklyn, N.Y.
White Plains, N.Y.



CHAPTER THREE
LOGISTICAL MATTERS

	Page
Section I. New York State Arsenal.....	53
General.....	53
Supply Division	54
State Maintenance Office	60
Administrative Division.....	64
Budget and Fiscal Division.....	68
Financial Inventory Accounting.....	77
Audit Division.....	78
II. State Quartermaster.....	78
III. Construction and Maintenance.....	80

I. NEW YORK STATE ARSENAL

General:

1. Major developments occurring during the year included a change in the Property Accounting System in the Army National Guard, to include the elimination of electrical machine postings (IBM), the integration of Financial Inventory Accounting and the withdrawal of field excesses resultant from reorganization of organizations of the 42nd Infantry Division and certain elements of the AAA Brigades, details of which are encompassed in the division reports following.

2. Further in conjunction with the Division of Military and Naval Affairs Administrative Improvements Program, 4 State employees performing entirely Federal functions were transferred to the Federal payroll making a total of 17 such employees transferred since initiation of the program approximately two years ago. There is attached as Appendix A, current Organization Chart of the New York State Arsenal.

3. Representatives of the Auditor General's Office, U. S. Air Force, who assumed responsibility from the Army Audit Agency for the conduct of the audit of USP&FO accounts as well as for the conduct of audits for Air National Guard accounts submitted their initial report dated 29 March 1957.

4. The Army National Guard portion of the Audit Report indicated that the general condition of the account was functioning satisfactorily; that with certain exceptions, procedures and the system of internal control were adequate and effectively applied. Compliance with applicable directives was satisfactory and proper measures were taken to safeguard Government property.

5. The Air National Guard portion of the audit covered the decentralized supply activity located at 6 Air installations. The report indicated that operating and accounting procedures were generally adequate and effectively applied. Compliance with applicable directives was satisfactory and proper safeguards were utilized to protect Government property.

6. Corrective action has been taken to comply with recommendations made by the Auditors.

SUPPLY DIVISION

7. During the period reported on the major project accomplished was the transfer of the USP&FO accountability from Electrical Accounting Machines to Financial Inventory Accounting using National Cash Register machines on a new type Stock Record Card (NGB Form 30.) Concurrent with such conversion all but 15% of all cards were converted to the Federal Stock Number System. The above unconverted percentage is due to non-availability of Ordnance catalogs covering the items in question. The present system of accounting not only quantitatively but dollar-wise cannot help but be a tremendous improvement over previous systems. The initial inventory revealed a dollar-value of \$111,669,844.88 worth of property issued to the Army New York National Guard. Such system, embracing as it does the mandatory use of a single line item type of Issue and Turn-In Slip, will increase the total number of vouchers each fiscal year to approximately 250,000.

8. During the year in question the Army National Guard supply and accounting procedures of SR 130-420-1 were replaced by National Guard Regulations 75-2 and 75-4, both dated 1 July 1957. The latter regulations modify and, where applicable, refer to active Army regulations to which the Army National Guard must adhere.

9. The above National Guard Regulations allow each Responsible Officer an administrative operational property write-off of \$500.00 per fiscal year for items of a minor non-expendable nature.

10. There has been a considerable increase during the past year in the supply and accounting workload of the Supply Division, occasioned in part by an increase in supply requirements of the troops resulting from changes in tables of equipment and in part by changes in accounting procedures and purification of accounts within the office of the USP&FO, plus

the reorganization of selected units of the New York National Guard. While most of the latter increase is temporary and should subside upon completion of the projects which created it, experience indicates that future changes may well be expected to continue to augment the workload necessary before troop supply requirements can be adjusted.

11. Disposition of excesses continue as a major project in the light of Financial Inventory Accounting and takes on added significance and requires increased urgency in accomplishment. During the year ended 31 October 1957, excess property having an acquisition value of approximately \$7,397,102. was reported for disposition. At the beginning of this period excess property having an acquisition value of \$3,623,500. had previously been reported but no disposition had been received to that date. Of this total of \$11,020,600. excess at acquisition cost to be disposed of, \$429,700. has been turned over to Property Disposal Officers as surplus and \$9,274,600. returned to depot, withdrawn, or transferred to other Federal or State agencies, leaving \$1,316,300. on hand awaiting disposition instructions.

12. A compilation of the number of vouchers processed by all the technical sections over a twelve-month period provides a fair indication of the workload over the past few years. As pointed out in the 1956 Annual Report, the processing of some vouchers requires that they be handled by more than one technical section because they list items of two or more supply services. Also, this processing in some instances requires that certain types of vouchers be handled more than once by the section concerned. Nevertheless, the total number of vouchers processed by all sections over the past twelve months exceeded the total number of vouchers registered. While the total number of vouchers registered in the twelve-month period ended 31 October 1957 amounted to 50,839, the total number of vouchers reported by all of the sections concerned as processed prior to posting amounted to 69,899.

13. The following is a comparison of the number of vouchers processed by each of the technical sections and the Editing Section during the twelve-month period ended 31 October of each year indicated below:

	<u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>
Quartermaster	25,838	16,010	15,168
Signal	6,497	4,746	3,618
Engineer-Trans	4,170	3,416	2,108
Med-Chem	1,988	2,362	1,775
Ord	20,155	19,552	8,826
Editing	*	* 18,168	*38,404

*Activity began 1 March 1956

14. Numerous measures have been adopted and others are under consideration to simplify and expedite troop supply and accounting requirements. Other measures directly affecting troop supply are detailed below under "Storage and Issue."

15. As in previous year, funds made available by the National Guard Bureau for maintenance, equipment and supplies and services require that only those items absolutely essential be obtained from Federal sources. The total amount allocated for initial and replacement issue of equipment and supplies has again been severely curtailed. The effect of these restrictions will be referred to in the following outline of the activities during the year of the various sections of the Supply Division.

Signal

16. During the past year the following new type signal equipment has been received and distributed to units authorized same:

Central Office Telephone Manual AN/TTC - 7
Central Office Telephone Manual AN/TTC - 7
Radio Set AN/GRC - 19
Radio Terminal Set AN/GRC - 79
Radio Relay Set AN/GRC - 80

Chemical

17. As in the previous year, under a coordinated directive by First Army, all stocks of chemical ammunition held by units were taken to Camp Drum for the field training period where they were inspected for serviceability and all unserviceable items together with ammunition expended in training were replaced from serviceable stocks.

Ordnance

18. The vehicle program continues to provide the State with current model military vehicles. Additional issues continue to be made by the Department of the Army as part of a program to equip the National Guard with 50% of TOE and 100% of TA allowances.

19. The Department of the Army has issued to the New York National Guard commercial type vehicles to be used for administrative and general purpose. Listed below are changes to the 1956 Annual Report by virtue of additional vehicles received during the year.

<u>Special Purpose Vehicles</u>	<u>Received 1957</u>	<u>Total on hand</u>
Sedans, 5 Passenger	45	90
Bus, 37 Passenger	24	32
Station Wagon Multi-Passenger	7	7
Truck, 2½ ton Fuel 1200 gal.	1	2

	<u>Received 1957</u>	<u>Total on hand</u>
<u>Trailers</u>		
Trailer, 1½ ton M107E (Water)	11	11
<u>Self Propelled Artillery</u>		
Carriage Motor, 8" Howitzer	3	3
<u>Commercial Vehicles</u>		
Truck, Tractor 5 ton	5	5

20. During the year, 8,848 documents were received and processed.

Medical

21. Aside from normal troop supply, which presented no problem, the major activity was devoted to compilation of excess reports, and the establishment of new Stock Record cards in conjunction with conversion to Financial Inventory Accounting.

Engineer

22. A considerable portion of this section's efforts during the year was devoted to the supply of AAA on-site gun positions. That, plus initial steps to establish new FIA Stock Record cards increased the workload of this section considerably.

23. On 6 May 1957, the National Guard Bureau announced a program of replacement of World War II tactical type wheeled vehicles, trailers and semitrailers. The following type vehicles on hand will be affected with a terminal date as of the end of fiscal year 1958. However, pending their replacement they may be retained:

Truck, general purpose repair, 2½ ton, 6x6

Truck, fire-powered pumper, Class 530, 2½ ton, 6x6

Quartermaster

24. In line with the curtailed funds and based on actual need to use organic transportation on a reduced basis, gasoline allowances for administrative and armory drill have decreased 50%.

25. Aside from office furniture and office machines, essentially needed supplies have been obtained as required. Fiscal Year 1958 funds appear to be inadequate to cover initial and replacement issues of individual clothing, but will be sufficient to meet all essential requirements for petroleum products.

Editing

26. In addition to routine editing functions, this section receives, records and clears all unit annual and change of command inventories con-

ducted by the Field Audit Branch and processes adjustment vouchers relative to such inventories. At the start of the period covered by this report there were 98 inventories on hand, 391 inventories were received and 444 were cleared, leaving 45 inventories uncleared within this section. 7615 adjustment documents were included in the total documents processed during this period indicating that an average of 17 adjustment vouchers are required to clear each inventory of all discrepancies.

27. During this period 572 Auditors' Memos were received of which 414 were processed leaving a total of 158 on hand.

28. In addition, approximately 1400 pieces of correspondence were processed relative to unit account adjustment. Approximately 1200 vouchers including Inventory Adjustment Reports, Error and Correction notices, "Found on Post" Issue Slips and Recovery vouchers were initiated during the year.

Internal Audit

29. In view of the establishment of Financial Inventory Accounting, the importance of internal audit operations are self-evident. Presently this section is conducting a post-audit type of survey to determine adherence to prescribed procedures and accuracy of the accountability from its inception to date.

Voucher Control

30. Since all Stock Record accounts have been transferred to NGB Form 30 utilizing National Cash Register machines, activities of this section consist of vouchering all documents and conforming all copies of Issue Slips for Arsenal stocked items prior to referral of such slips to the Warehouse Branch for supply action. The total number of documents vouchered continues to increase from year to year as shown by the following totals for the twelve-month periods ended 31 October:

1957	50840
1956	50000
1955	49975
1954	49710

31. The impact on this section of conversion to Financial Inventory Accounting has been pronounced as the use of National Cash Register machines entailed the instruction of untrained personnel in the operation of such machines. However, initial difficulties have been overcome and the maintenance of 10,130 Stock Record cards is progressing satisfactorily.

32. Upon termination of IBM accounting, this section was assigned the mission of closing out the Memorandum Receipt accounts which under

current regulations are no longer maintained by the USP&FO. All accounts were reviewed, discrepancies recorded and the accounts retired to dead-file status.

Storage and Issue

33. In order to utilize government transportation facilities more effectively and reduce the cost of travel and transportation, the procedure adopted in January 1956, whereby excesses in the hands of units would be picked up by Arsenal trucks as return loads whenever such trucks made deliveries of equipment and supplies, continued with favorable results. As could be expected, costs of commercial transportation and packaging have been considerably reduced by this procedure.

34. Another measure adopted to simplify and expedite the preparation and shipment of supplies and to eliminate having to mail thousands of vouchers for signature and return, was to send with each shipment, in the lowest numbered container, not only the unit's file copy of the voucher but the copy required to be signed and returned to the USP&FO.

35. The annual inventory of all property in warehouse stock was completed during the year. This inventory is conducted on a cyclic basis for each supply section or portion of a section to avoid shutting down such activity for any length of time.

36. Generally, warehouse receipt and issue activity has shown a moderate decline in comparison with the two preceding years. Contributing in part has been the austerity program in effect in the Department of Defense during the period covered by this report. The following table shows a comparison of incoming and outgoing warehouse shipments with those for the two preceding years for the twelve month period ended 31 October.

<u>Incoming Shipments</u>	<u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>
Number of Transactions	4,368	4,995	3,741
Number of Pieces	43,917	41,962	27,969
Total weight in tons	1,617	1,453	902

Outgoing Shipments

Number of Transactions	19,699	18,691	16,312
Number of Pieces	44,979	40,141	35,427
Total weight in tons	1,504	1,183	1,207

37. The following table shows a considerable decrease in the warehouse issue activity last year in anticipation of summer field training as compared with that for like periods in the two preceding years. The period covered by this record is the ten week period from

1 June to 15 August for each of the years shown.

	<u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>
Number of Requisitions	8,740	7,937	5,199
Number of Pieces	22,210	17,393	12,013
Weight of issues in tons	603	530	312

STATE MAINTENANCE OFFICE

38. The maintenance responsibilities of this office remain as reported in past years and State Maintenance policies continue to be directed toward a 100% annual inspection and maintenance program. However, the past year with its appropriation reductions and cutbacks in personnel, has resulted in a critical situation whereby the maintenance effort has been adversely affected. The State Maintenance Office facilities cannot sustain a fully effective support mission with present personnel strengths. It has been estimated that the overall production level for the year 1957 has fallen 23% when compared to the peak performance year of 1956, due to personnel reduction and a sharp increase in field equipment.

39. The National Guard Bureau, while approving the State Maintenance Office personnel pattern, provided funds for approximately 62% of the estimated personnel requirements. Consequently, the State Maintenance Office was confronted with the unavoidable problem of an increased maintenance support program with a decreased personnel operating force.

40. It is the opinion of the State Maintenance Officer that present operating personnel employed in its subordinate units, should be increased by a minimum of 15% in order to support the maintenance program established in the past.

41. A chart showing the organizational construction of the State Maintenance Office is attached hereto as Appendix B.

Organization, Installation Activities, Production and Cost Analysis -

42. Combined Field Maintenance Shop "A", Camp Smith, Peekskill, N.Y. during the period of this report, had a decrease of 9 maintenance personnel and 4 clerks. The decrease in personnel directly affected this shop's production output as well as the average cost of items processed. While the support mission of the shop remains unchanged; the maintenance requirements of the supported units are increasing, due to usage, aging and increased density of equipment.

a. The present shop complement is 52 maintenance personnel and 4 clerks.

b. In addition to its support mission, this installation provides logistical as well as technical assistance support to 9 Organizational Maintenance Shops and 2 Concentration Sites.

c. A comparative analysis of the shop activity with the previous report as shown below reveals this shop has reduced its overall production to approximately 76% of its 1956 efforts with an increase in average maintenance costs per item repaired.

<u>Type Job Order</u>	<u>Items Completed</u>		<u>Labor & Material Costs</u>	
	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>
Automotive	1409	950	\$244,025.80	\$254,108.70
Combat Vehicles	19	33	9,674.75	12,113.35
Small Arms	2659	936	9,912.26	11,235.57
Artillery	399	395	32,422.28	41,199.22
Instrument & Fire Control	211	619	4,914.73	6,961.95
Signal	1113	1090	18,499.99	24,162.50
Allied Trades	<u>1276</u>	<u>1391</u>	<u>39,249.76</u>	<u>47,370.46</u>
Total	7086	5414	\$358,699.57	\$397,151.75

43. Combined Field Maintenance Shop "B", Brooklyn, N.Y., has been reduced 6 maintenance and 2 clerks in their operating personnel during the period of this report. The affect of the personnel cutback is reflected in the shop production as evidenced by the decrease shown in the analysis below.

a. The mission of the shop remains as previously reported. Maintenance support is provided for 8 Organizational Maintenance Shops, approximately 150 units, 10 AAA Gun Sites and 1 Army Aviation Pool.

b. Shop complement consists of 33 maintenance personnel and 4 clerks.

c. A comparative analysis of the shop activity shown below, indicates a production drop of approximately 28%.

<u>Type Job Order</u>	<u>Items Completed</u>		<u>Labor & Material Costs</u>	
	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>
Automotive	1248	1446	\$85,190.84	\$99,752.37
Combat Vehicles	70	42	17,824.07	10,710.25
Small Arms	5509	2976	19,785.27	30,732.25
Artillery	263	300	23,230.77	24,396.21
Fire Control	66	43	4,967.55	6,248.66
Instrument	331	--	4,821.35	-
Signal	1137	1268	28,069.21	24,071.26
Allied Trades	<u>1391</u>	<u>1176</u>	<u>99,743.01</u>	<u>62,871.85</u>
Total	10015	7251	\$283,632.07	\$258,728.85

44. Combined Field Maintenance Shop "C", Rochester, New York, during the time of this report was reduced 8 maintenance and 2 clerk positions, causing, as shown in the other activities, decreased production and increased maintenance cost.

a. The maintenance mission of the shop remains unchanged. Logistical and technical assistance support is provided for 7 Organizational Maintenance Shops, 2 Concentration Sites and 1 Army Aviation Maintenance Pool.

b. Shop complement consists of 40 maintenance personnel and 2 clerks.

c. A comparative analysis of the shop's annual production is shown below:

<u>Type Job Order</u>	<u>Items Completed</u>		<u>Labor & Material Costs</u>	
	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>
Automotive	1176	1217	\$109,799.19	\$109,992.31
Combat Vehicles	54	51	13,531.85	29,521.12
Small Arms	1620	807	9,043.27	16,550.41
Artillery	290	273	29,007.30	41,124.87
Fire Control	11	61	1,251.98	22,538.29
Instrument	177	261	3,540.44	9,292.55
Signal	1681	1463	37,677.16	42,670.19
Allied Trades	-	836	-	52,898.11
Total	5009	4969	\$203,851.19	\$324,587.85

45. Combined Field Maintenance Sub-Shop "C", Camp Drum, New York, has the primary mission of supporting Concentration Site No. 1, located in the same vicinity, and in addition, to provide field maintenance support to non-divisional units during field training periods.

a. The shop complement consists of 31 maintenance personnel and 3 clerks, a reduction of 2 maintenance personnel since the last report.

b. A comparative analysis of the shop activity is as shown below:

<u>Type Job Order</u>	<u>Items Completed</u>		<u>Labor & Material Costs</u>	
	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>
Automotive	505	474	\$41,614.90	\$49,218.46
Combat Vehicles	362	246	146,161.24	171,809.07
Small Arms	295	73	6,918.24	3,989.89
Artillery	155	207	7,512.41	37,396.35
Instrument	32	110	902.70	2,596.14
Signal	276	256	8,670.65	8,730.19
Allied Trades	322	269	38,388.01	41,435.81
Total	1947	1635	\$250,168.15	\$315,176.11

46. Army Aviation Pool No. 1, Zahn's Airport Amityville, New York, with its two sub-divisions (see Appendix C) accomplished its assigned mission without incident.

a. The complement of this activity consists of 16 maintenance personnel and 1 clerk.

b. This maintenance pool is responsible for the following assigned aircraft:

H	-	13	-	1
L	-	17	-	4
L	-	19	-	26
L	-	20	-	1

c. Army Aviation Maintenance Pool No. 2, Orchard Park, New York, with its three sub-sections continues to perform its assigned mission.

d. This maintenance pool has a complement of 10 maintenance personnel to perform the maintenance required for the following assigned aircraft:

H	-	13	-	2
H	-	17	-	2
L	-	19	-	11
L	-	20	-	1

47. Concentration Site No. 1, Camp Drum, N.Y., continues to emphasize its value to the State of New York as evidenced by the past field training transportation savings of \$493,292.00. It is estimated that during the last four years the saving in transportation cost alone was approximately \$2,116,425.00, while the operating cost of the installation was less than \$200,000.00.

a. The primary mission of this site is to store and maintain heavy major items of equipment which during field training periods is available for issue to organic units of the New York National Guard. The equipment is also made available, with the concurrence of the Commanding General, New York National Guard, to the Regular Army, the USAR, and National Guard units from the several States which also use the camp facilities during the period of field training.

b. The complement of this concentration site consists of 8 maintenance personnel and 2 clerks.

c. Charts showing equipment issued and estimated transportation savings are attached as Appendices D and E.

48. There is no change in the status, operation or mission of Concentration Sites 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Anti-Aircraft Gun Sites -

49. During the time of this report, the State of New York accepted responsibility for 2 additional gun sites bringing the total to 12. Authority was also received to organize and employ a third AAA integrated fire control team; this increased the maintenance support considerably.

50. 10 of the New York National Guard gun sites completed firing and detection phase tests qualifying them for integration in the Army Anti-Aircraft Regional Defense Command where they became a part of the national radar security net.

51. Information received at the writing of this report indicates the inactivation of AAA Gun Sites as such. Personnel previously utilized in support units will be retained pending further instructions from the National Guard Bureau with a view toward "package" instruction courses for guided missile training.

Field Training Maintenance Support -

52. Maintenance support was provided by the State Maintenance Office facilities for all major commands during field training exercises without incident.

ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION

Personnel

53. 1,457 personnel orders were prepared and distributed to units of the New York National Guard (Army) for the period ended 31 October 1957, covering appointments, changes in status, increases and separations of 2,155 federally-paid employees as compared to 1,569 personnel orders covering 3,031 status changes in 1956.

54. 1,703 travel orders (Air NG-202, Army NG-1,501) were prepared and issued for federally-paid administrative supply technicians, administrative assistants, field auditors and air technicians. 1,571 were issued during 1956.

Reproduction

55. The Reproduction Section is responsible for all reproduction requests for all activities located at the New York State Arsenal. This service includes mimeographing, photostating, Ozalid reproduction, Thermofax work, addressograph runs, cutting machine requests, fingerprinting, ditto machine reproduction and graphotype work.

56. The machines available and a comparative analysis of the work-

load for the period ended 31 October is as follows:

	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>
Mimeograph (3)		
Copies run off	2,320,220	1,307,656
Stencils	6,600	4,358
Photostat & Thermo-Fax (1 ea)	8,272	4,875
Ozalid (1)	2,893	780
Addressograph (1)	18,000	15,400
Cutting Machine (1)	420	240
Graphotype Plates	---	282
Fingerprints	50	47

State Fiscal

57. Funds appropriated by the State for the maintenance and operation of the New York State Arsenal, exclusive of Personal Services for the State fiscal year 1957, totalled \$9,034.00. A total of 137 vouchers and Armory Purchase requests in amount of \$7,154.00 were prepared, processed and obligated against this allotment.

58. Service Contract funds (75% Federal - 25% State) for the maintenance and operation of the following facilities, administered by this office were allotted and obligated for the Federal fiscal year 1957 as indicated:

N.Y. State Arsenal, Brooklyn, N.Y.	<u>*Allotted</u> \$56,325.
Shop B, NYSA, Brooklyn, N.Y.	4,923.
Rochester Sub-Depot, Rochester, N.Y.	34,299.

*Federal share only

59. Approximately 100 vouchers and Armory Purchase Requests were prepared and processed totalling an expenditure of Federal funds in amount of \$26,665.79 for maintenance and operation only. 130 Receiving Reports prepared and distributed for supplies and services received.

60. Fifteen travel reimbursement vouchers (State) were prepared and processed for the travel of State personnel at the New York State Arsenal.

61. Approximately 325 pieces of correspondence including requests for estimates, etc., relative to accounts and procurement were initiated during the year.

Survey

62. Attached as Appendix F are statistics indicating the continuing progress being made in adjusting property accounts for Federal property issued to the State for the Army and Air National Guard which was lost, damaged or otherwise unaccounted for.

63. A total of 231 Reports of Survey were received during the year as compared to 336 received during the preceding year. This represents a decrease of 31% over 1956.

64. The decrease in the number of surveys received is directly attributable to the continuing rigid property responsibility procedures and the new Quarterly Report of Operational Breakage and Losses authorized by Section II, NGR 75-4, dated 1 July 1957. This authorization permits Army National Guard units to drop from unit accounts items of minor non-expendable property not to exceed the total allowance of \$100. per unit per quarter except that quarter in which the unit participated in field training. An allowance of \$200. is established for the field training quarter. The decrease is also attributable to the increase of payment on Statement of Charges, DD Form 362, for property lost, damaged or unaccounted for. Individual survey payments totalled \$13,149.04 as compared to \$25,695.51 for 1956. In addition thereto, \$2643.64 was collected as a result of claims initiated by this office against responsible officer's bonds and \$47,670.57 was collected resultant from DD Form 362 for property not covered by Reports of Survey.

65. There has been a change of procedure resultant from publication of NGR 74-2. Certificate of Droppage of Minor Nonexpendable Property, DA Form 14-123, has been replaced by Report of Survey, DD Form 200. The change effects additional administrative processes on the part of this office. At present there are 426 open accounts. Each account is entitled to four Quarterly Droppages of Operational Breakage and Losses of minor nonexpendable items, as well as four Quarterly Droppages of field wire. It is anticipated that there will be 2800 Reports of Survey due to operational losses.

Mail and Library

66. Approximately 3600 pieces of correspondence were received during the year exclusive of property documentation and approximately 240 publications of various types were received weekly. Publications were distributed to all sections by routing slip and ultimately filed in the central reference library. This section also maintains a periodic control on recurring reports required by higher commands as well as correspondence

control log to insure timely return of controlled correspondence.

Building Maintenance

67. The following repairs and alterations at this installation were accomplished during the year by commercial contract from Federal and State funds as indicated:

a. Federal:

Electric: Installation of new electric service and main distribution system (DPW)	\$ 25,000.
Change Order: Increase for additional concrete paving & removing section of concrete wall, New truck entrance and doors.	545.
Change Order: Increase for additional electric work on door controls.	109.
Installation of 8 iron ladders on roof parapets	1,443.
Removal of existing fixtures and installation of 12 new fluorescent fixtures and appurtenant work in Fiscal Division.	1,890.

b. State:

Emergency freight elevator repairs	\$ 617.
Boiler repairs	2,345.
Repair elevator door	230.
Remove plaster - install sheet rock	208.
Repairs boiler brickwork	157.
Paint 2 roof flag poles	148.
Repair freight elevator door, gate and open and close contacts	260.
Repair of defective wall in Construction Division office	189.
Installation of Executone equipment	125.
Repairs to freight elevator	257.
Elevator repairs	214.

68. The maintenance and repair of two passenger and two freight elevators, one sidewalk elevator, repair or replacement of heating, plumbing and electrical installations and equipment, have required constant attention to insure serviceable operation without interruption. Practically all of the work has been performed by Arsenal maintenance personnel to include repairs to elevators and equipment, removal and replacement of pipes, fittings, fixtures and valves, rewiring of electric fixtures, installing ballasts in fluorescent fixtures, welding and brazing metal chairs and file cabinet drawers, etc. removal and erection of partitions and storage bins and interior and exterior painting (exterior paint of doors, grille and fences.) It is worthy of note that a conservative estimate of savings in labor if executed under commercial contract, would approximate \$12,000.

BUDGET & FISCAL DIVISION

69. Allotment of Federal funds totaling \$22,580,614. was received by this State from the National Guard Bureau during the Federal fiscal year 1957 for operating expenses under the following projects:

a. Army National Guard

Pay and Allowances for Duty with Active Army and School Attendance

Pay and Allowances, Army Service Schools	\$ 423,486.
Pay and Allowances, State Unit Schools	93,248.
Pay and Allowances, Army Area and Overseas Command Schools	34,045.
Pay and Allowances, National Matches	3,650.

Travel, National Guard

Travel, Army Service Schools in Military Status	60,347.
Travel, State Unit School	7,766.
Travel, National Guard Technicians to and from Schools	13,853.
Travel, Army Area and Overseas Command Schools	4,283.
Travel, Precamp Field Training Conferences and Pre-camp Reconnaissance	1,965.
Travel, National Matches	747.

Other Military Personnel Costs

Pay and Allowances while hospitalized \$ 8,973.

Subsistence of the National Guard

Subsistence, Enlisted Men attending State National
Guard Unit Schools 4,547.

Subsistence, Inactive Duty Training 115,259.

Individual Clothing, National Guard

Uniform Allowance, Initial Issue 27,300.

Uniform Allowance, Maintenance 45,250.

Uniform Allowance, Active Duty for Training 9,400.

Individual Clothing, Initial Issue 32,983.

Individual Clothing, Replacement Issue 353,097.

Armory Drill Training

Travel, Command Inspection 530.

Organizational Equipment

Local Procurement - Organizational Equipment 2,808.

Organizational Equipment 7,873.

Initial Issue, Individual Equipment, Organizational
Clothing and Equipment 6,237.

Replacement Issue, Individual Equipment, Organi-
zational Clothing and Equipment 111,174.

Initial and Replacement Issue - Office Furniture 14,064.

Initial and Replacement Issue - Typewriters and
Office Machinery 59,949.

Band, Musical Instruments 1,159.

Initial Issue - TOE QM Equipment and Supplies 33,920.

Replacement Issue - TOE QM Equipment and Supplies 25,625.

Initial Issue - TOE Signal Equipment and Supplies	\$ 15,748.
Replacement Issue - TOE Signal Equipment and Supplies	27,076.
Initial Issue - TOE Engineer Equipment and Supplies	4,468.
Replacement Issue - TOE Engineer Equipment and Supplies	16,405.
Replacement Issue - TOE Medical Equipment and Supplies	8,530.
Initial Issue - TOE Ordnance Equipment and Supplies	86,130.
Replacement Issue - TOE Ordnance Equipment and Supplies	15,277.
Initial Issue - TOE Chemical Equipment and Supplies	58.
Replacement Issue - TOE Chemical Equipment and Supplies	367.
Repair Parts and Materials (Except for Depot Maintenance)	
Maintenance replacement materials and parts, Engineer	20,469.
Maintenance replacement material and parts, Ordnance	342,515.
Maintenance replacement material and parts, QM	10,413.
Maintenance replacement material and parts, signal	15,876.
Maintenance replacement material and parts, Chemical	572.
Maintenance Material and parts, Army Aircraft	19,324.
Maintenance Material and parts, Helicopters	1,899.
Contractual Maintenance, Other than Aircraft	3,663.
Contractual Maintenance, Army Aircraft	2,550.
MWO Parts, Kits and Initial Issue Parts, Engineer	360.
MWO Parts, Kits and Initial Issue Parts, Ordnance	9,377.
MWO Parts, Kits and Initial Issue Parts, Signal	1,628.
Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants	
POL, Administrative	120,078.
POL, Armory Drill and Weekend Training	50,500.

POL, Intra-State Deliveries	2,708.
Other Operating Supplies, Office Supplies & Equipment	
Staff Training Program	3,492.
Contractual Field Printing	67.
Organizational Supplies	816.
Rental of Accounting Machines	14,476.
Stationery and Office Supplies	23,948.
Local Construction & Procurement of Training Aids	27,085.
Support of National Guard Units	
Burial Expenses	1,848.
Cleaning of Blankets	13,551.
Postage	9,957.
Packing and Crating Material	12,323.
Transportation, Shipments by the State's National Guard	59,960.
Travel, USP&FO	1,053.
Travel, National Guard Technicians	49,007.
Cleaning, Repair and Alteration of Uniforms & Equip	10,243.
Transportation Shipments Received by the NG	32,779.
National Guard Operating Forces Technicians	
Staff Assistant Technicians	426,726.
Administrative Assistant Technicians	489,170.
Administrative Supply Technicians	1,420,090.
Organizational (Battalion) Maintenance Shop and Standby Storage Compound Technicians	823,663.
Social Security Tax	63,848.

United States Property & Fiscal Officer Technicians

Office Technicians	\$505,276.
Storage and Distribution Technicians (NGC)	127,180.
Social Security Tax, exclusive of Special Projects (USP&FO)	12,155.

Field Maintenance Technicians

State Maintenance Shop Technicians (NGS)	20,692.
Combined Field Maintenance Shop Technicians (NGC)	74,545.
Combined Field Maintenance Shop Technicians (NGM-S) and NGM	805,114.
Army Aircraft Maintenance Shop Technicians (NGC)	6,221.
Army Aircraft Maintenance Shop Technicians (NGM-S) and (NGM)	142,977.
State Equipment Concentration Site (NGM-S) and (NGM)	141,845.
Social Security Tax	22,819.

Other Facilities, Repair and Utilities

Facilities Under Service Contract	208,500.
Facilities Support other than Service Contract	102,726.
State Field Training Sites	5,870.
Target Range Repairs	3,612.
Pay of Rangekeepers	2,451.

Operational Costs

Pay of State Anti-Aircraft On-Site Technicians	789,770.
Pay of Battalion Commanders Representatives	48,263.
Pay of Integrated Fire Control Teams	58,604.
Employer's Share of Social Security Tax	18,636.
Travel of State AAA Supervisors	1,180.

Petroleum, Oil & Lubricants	\$ 25,622.
Equipment Repair and Replacement Parts	
Replacement Parts	269,781.
Contractual Repairs	26,534.
Battery Site Security and Utilities	
Security Fencing	27,616.
Security Lighting and Flood Lighting	32,162.
Utilities	69,706.
Miscellaneous Supplies	52,610.
Maintenance and Contingencies	141,722.
Prefabricated Structures	1,079.
Installation Property	2,632.
Medical Care in Non-Army Facilities	2,091.
Armory Construction	2,492,815.
Public Works Construction	59,244.
Field Training (Itemized Below)	3,834,958.
	<u>\$15,900,639.</u>

b. Air National Guard

Construction

Hancock Field, Syracuse	1,147,584.
Niagara Falls Municipal Arprt	32,477.
Distribution of Materiel	47,704.
Base Operations & Maintenance	
Accounting Clerks & Air Technicians Pay	3,512,782.
Social Security Tax	64,083.
Communication services	8,018.
Rents & Utilities services	8,452.
Other Contractual services	388,461.
Supplies & Materials	310,106.

Equipment	\$ 113,720.
Travel	32,338.
Major Repairs & Minor Construction	142,757.
Military Personnel Costs	
Pay & Allowances - Miscellaneous Exercises	35,179.
Pay & Allowances - School Training	170,372.
Pay & Allowances - Uniform Allowances	3,700.
Pay & Allowances - Disability Payments	1,193.
Procurement of Individual Clothing	123,368.
Procurement of Subsistence Supplies - Service Schools	3,321.
Procurement of Subsistence Supplies-Supplemental Exercises	2,717.
Procurement of Subsistence Supplies-Unit Tng Assemblies	34,799.
Travel - Other Exercises	3,146.
Field Training (Itemized Below)	493,698.
	<u>\$6,679,975.</u>

70. Allotment of Federal funds, included in the above, for the conduct of field training of New York National Guard troops at various camps of instruction were received from the National Guard Bureau and expended under the following items:

a. Army National Guard

Pay & Allowances	2,929,252.
Travel	163,547.
Subsistence	566,509.
Petroleum, Oil & lubricants	76,234.
Other Field Training Expenses	99,416.
	<u>\$3,834,958.</u>

b. Air National Guard

Pay & Allowances	366,441.
Subsistence	96,488.
Operating Camps	10,328.
Training	11,812.
Transportation & Travel	8,627.
	<u>\$ 493,696.</u>

71. 18,081 Federal vouchers were prepared, audited and submitted to the Finance and Accounting Officer, U.S. Army and the Finance Officer, U.S. Air Force for settlement.

72. 2,443 payrolls covering semi-monthly pay to National Guard civilian personnel were processed to cover the following:

	<u>Number of Personnel</u>
AAA Sites	213
Accounting Clerks	158
Staff Assistants & Administrative Assistants	199
Field Maintenance Technicians	208
Organization Maintenance Technicians	175
Concentration Site Technicians	34
Rangekeepers	2
Administrative & Supply Technicians	354
Air National Guard Technicians	719
Temporary Hourly Employees	20
	<u>2,082</u>

73. Annual salary payments to the above civilian employees totalled \$9,395,369., while Federal withholding taxes on such payments totalled \$1,025,678., and Social Security taxes for employees and employers contribution totalled \$363,082.

74. Payroll deductions for Series "E" United States Savings Bonds totalled \$103,257.

75. 160 cases of injuries, illness and death, occurring during field training and armory drill were recorded and processed with attendant claims for pay and allowances during hospitalization and costs of medical and hospitalization service rendered by private physicians and hospitals.

Transportation

76. 80 T/R's were issued for transportation of Army National Guard personnel during the 1957 field training period at an estimated cost of \$148,508.42.

77. During the period 1 November 1956 to 31 October 1957, a total of 489 T/Rs were issued for Army National Guard personnel at an estimated cost of \$29,657.53. 65 T/Rs were issued for Air National Guard personnel at an estimated cost of \$3,409.60. In addition, there was a total of 941 T/Rs issued citing other appropriations at an estimated cost of \$45,261.46; 182 field training B/Ls were issued at an estimated cost of \$48,622.33 for transportation of Army National Guard property.

78. During the period 1 November 1956 to 31 October 1957, there were 568 meal tickets issued for other appropriations and 155 issued from Army National Guard funds.

79. A total of 289 B/Ls from Air National Guard funds were issued at an estimated cost of \$15,756.98. 242 were issued from Army National Guard funds at an estimated cost of \$51,302.05. In addition, there was

a total of 19 B/Ls issued citing other appropriations at an estimated cost of \$4,330.88.

80. B/Ls were accomplished for receipt of incoming shipments. A statistical listing of the number and weights of inbound and outbound shipments, as well as the costs of transportation requests issued are as indicated in Appendix "G".

Purchasing and Contracting

81. A total of approximately 3086 federal requisitions and requests for supplies and services requiring procurement action, were received in this branch from Army and Air Force units of the New York National Guard during the calendar year, resulting in the processing of Delivery Orders against federal contracts, Purchase Orders negotiated through competitive bidding, interdepartmental and interservice procurement for a total of approximately \$849,000.

82. Approximately 1,206,000 gallons of gasoline (training, administrative and field training convoy), amounting to approximately \$223,000. were procured for various Army and Air National Guard units throughout the State through Military Petroleum Supply Agency contracts, Service Station contracts negotiated by the General Services Administration for units authorized credit cards, and open market purchases in localities where contracts were in process of negotiation but not awarded. In addition, approximately 476,000 gallons of gasoline were delivered to New York National Guard units during the 1957 field training period at Camp Drum, N.Y. and Oswego, N.Y., through arrangement with Camp Quartermasters, on a sub-allotment basis, precluding the necessity of processing Delivery Orders and Purchase Orders from this office.

83. Purchase and Delivery Orders, amounting to approximately \$23,000. were issued by this branch, covering various training aids for Army National Guard and Army Aviation units. These included such items as reproducing and sign-making machines, plywood and other lumber for panels, radio and electric parts and fixtures, paints, painting tools and supplies, plumbing supplies and materials, classroom supplies or small items constructed for classroom use, such as blackboards, easels, chart holders, map cases, book cases, projection screen holders, training graphs, etc.

84. Purchase Orders approximating \$16,000. covering various work projects throughout the State and negotiated through the Construction & Maintenance Division, OCS, were processed.

85. Purchase and Delivery Orders, amounting to approximately \$13,000. were processed covering various supplies in connection with

the rehabilitation of the Permanent Field Training Site of the Air National Guard at Hancock Field, Syracuse, New York.

86. Several purchases amounting to approximately \$14,000. were made from the General Services Administration located in Newark, N.J., of items covered by their stock catalog on an interdepartmental reimbursable basis. These items consisted principally of stationery, office supplies, small tools, nails, hardware items, etc.

87. Purchase Orders and Delivery Orders, for the reconditioning and minor repairs to approximately 119 unserviceable typewriters of various manufacture, located in Army and Air National Guard units throughout the State, were processed during the fiscal year 1957.

88. Purchase and Delivery Orders, amounting to \$48,000. for gasoline in the amount of 160,000 gallons, obtained through credit card purchases, were processed during the year.

89. Purchases amounting to approximately \$800.00 were made from Federal Imprest funds established in this office 1 May 1957.

FINANCIAL INVENTORY ACCOUNTING

90. Financial Inventory Accounting for Federal property on hand and in use in the State by the Army National Guard was initiated in June 1957 in accordance with instructions from the National Guard Bureau. The calculation of the dollar value of all quarter-master property was rapidly followed by the valuation of all other Federal property and Financial Inventory Accounting went into full effect at the beginning of the fiscal year. Beginning 1 July, all receipts for property from whatever source and all issues and other disposal of property were accounted for by dollar value as well as by item.

91. The first quarterly reports of these transactions and the balances on hand at the end of the first quarter of fiscal year 1958 were submitted to the National Guard Bureau on 14 October 1957. A summary of these reports indicates that equipment and supplies valued at \$1,216,357. were received by the USP&FO during that period not including property returned from units. During the same quarterly period the dollar value of property issued to Army National Guard units, including property turned in by units and reissued, amounted to \$1,835,623. Property worn out in use or disposed of as obsolete or surplus in an amount of \$4,800.978. was turned over to Property Disposal Officers for sale as scrap or other disposition. Return of equipment to Federal depots and transfers of excess to government agencies and other States amounted to \$491,130. Miscellaneous increases and decreases in the value of warehouse stock on hand in-

cluding returns from units, property and accounting gains and losses, and price changes during the period amounted to a net gain of \$3,908,688.

92. The total value of equipment in the hands of Army National Guard units at the end of the reporting period amounted to \$101,947,399. This, added to the value of warehouse inventory amounting to \$4,975,180, indicates a total value of \$106,922,579. Federal property in the State. This represents a net decrease of \$4,747,264. in the quarterly period during which time warehouse inventory on hand decreased \$2,002,686.

AUDIT DIVISION

93. During the year, Field Auditor-Inspectors of this office conducted 367 audits and inventories. Included in this number were 46 units receiving more than one inventory due to changes of command subsequent to the annual inventory and 164 Change of Command settlements. Due to the receipt of 12 pertinent Forms 76, (Officers "Separation from Active Service") the provisions of OCS Circular No. 20 were invoked to conduct special settlements for the accounts involved.

94. At the beginning of the period there were 427 active accounts requiring annual settlements. Due to the inactivation of certain units, the number of units to be inventoried will be reduced to 379.

95. The Position Bond Schedule, comprising 436 Army National Guard and 37 Air National Guard property accounts, was completely reviewed and verified.

96. During the period, the Air Inspection Branch was consolidated with the Audit Division. The Air Inspectors conducted audits and inspections of 12 Air National Guard Base Supply Officers accounts, 29 Air National Guard Unit accounts and 5 Air National Guard Base Time and Attendance Records. Reports covering Unit and Time and Attendance records were forwarded to Hq. New York Air National Guard.

II. STATE QUARTERMASTER

1. Fiscal Year 1957/58 Equipment Additional and Replacement requests from Officers in Charge and Control were examined and screened to determine items for procurement. There were 474 items requested, consisting of 11,010 pieces of equipment. Estimated total cost -- \$359,892.00. The amount allocated was approximately \$26,000.00.

2. The Equipment Additional and Equipment Replacement requests for Fiscal Year 1958/59, from all armories, were examined and screened to establish basis for justification to the Division of the Budget. There

were 515 items requested, consisting of 8189 pieces. Estimated total cost -- \$194,450.00.

3. A total of 544 vouchers were processed, consisting of 278 Issue Slips, 253 Turn-in Slips, and 13 Reports of Survey.

4. Surplus property was disclosed in some installations and transferred to locations having an actual requirement. In this, there were 46 armories affected, requiring 93 transactions involving 1755 individual items, with an estimated value of \$30,230.00. This represents an increase in this activity of over 400%.

5. A total of 647 clothing lockers were developed as excess in certain armories, and transferred to other armories to satisfy actual shortages. In addition, 210 new lockers were procured for this purpose. Repairs to 983 lockers were made at a cost of \$5496.00, arranged and supervised by this office.

6. The records of typewriters on hand at various armories were examined in order to arrange the transfer and turn-in of typewriters due to the recent unit reorganizations. This examination included typewriters over nine (9) years old, which are turned-in annually for replacement in accordance with the policy of the Division of Standards and Purchase.

7. The disposal of unserviceable and obsolete property is a continuing process in order to provide additional storage space and to eliminate fire hazards. A total of 1100 line items of equipment in 104 transactions were disposed of in this operation. The revenue received from the sale of salvage material was sent to the Treasurer, State of New York.

8. Tear gas projectiles are now being replaced annually at the rate of about 17%. The projectiles become unserviceable due to age, and are being used by units in domestic disturbance training and familiarization firing.

9. The warehouse at Camp Smith had a total of 317 transactions. These included 214 issues, 75 turn-ins, 26 receipts from contractors and 2 reports of survey. A total of approximately 57,492 lbs. of State property was received and shipped from the warehouse. The operation of the SQM warehouse at the Marcy Avenue armory warehouse, Brooklyn, was discontinued in October 1957, and the staff transferred to Camp Smith.

10. Repairs to furniture by commercial firms consisted of 116 pieces at 16 armories, at a cost of \$1,958.80.

11. Work suits, one piece, HBT, were issued to all installations for the use of armory employees as work clothes. This represents used

State Guard clothing on hand at Camp Smith.

12. To obtain maximum and efficient use of all State property at armories, and to determine similar federal equipment available for unit use is the current objective of this office. This includes inter-armory transfers of excess property, disposal of unserviceable and obsolete items, and the repair and replacement of unserviceable property where necessary.

III. CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF FACILITIES

1. REQUESTED STATE APPROPRIATIONS

The capital and rehabilitation and improvement projects submitted to the Division of the Budget for the fiscal year 1958-1959 follow:

National Guard Armories (Upstate District)

17 Capital Outlay Projects	\$768,000.00
40 Rehabilitation Projects	\$275,000.00

National Guard Armories (New York City District)

10 Capital Outlay Projects	\$465,000.00
20 Rehabilitation Projects	\$270,500.00

Camp of Instruction, Peekskill

1 Capital Outlay Project	\$250,000.00
--------------------------	--------------

Naval Militia Armories

1 Capital Outlay Project	\$50,000.00
1 Rehabilitation Project	\$ 9,000.00

Total Construction Request	\$2,087,500.00
----------------------------	----------------

2. STATE APPROPRIATIONS

The 1957 Legislature appropriated funds in support of the State-Federal Armory Construction Program - National Defense Facilities Act of 1950, Public Law 783 as follows:

By Chapter 34/1/57 State Share	\$2,960,000.00
By Chapter 34/7/57 Advance for Federal Share	11,340,000.00

Under the Capital Construction Fund, Chapter 34/2/57, \$400,000. was allocated on 1 April 1957 for Rehabilitation and Improvements.

The following Capital Outlay projects were appropriated by Chapter 258/11/57:

Bronx - 29 West Kingsbridge Road

Automatic Sprinkler System	\$60,000.00
Renewal of East Gable End of Drill Hall	\$60,000.00
New Roofing over Drill Hall, Etc.	\$140,000.00

Brooklyn - 1579 Bedford Avenue

New Roofing on Drill Hall, Etc.	\$120,000.00
---------------------------------	--------------

Brooklyn - 355 Marcy Avenue

New Floor in Drill Hall (Supplement)	\$105,000.00
--------------------------------------	--------------

Brooklyn - 1402 Eighth Avenue

New Wiring, Fixtures, Etc.	\$60,000.00
----------------------------	-------------

Chapter 258/13/57 appropriated the following First Instance projects:

New York City - 2366 Fifth Avenue

Ramp to Drill Hall, Etc.	\$65,000.00
--------------------------	-------------

Rochester - 145 Culver Road

Replace Motor Vehicle Storage Building, Etc.	\$175,000.00
--	--------------

3. REAPPROPRIATIONS

The following State appropriations were reappropriated for another year under the Capital Construction Fund by Chapter 34/10/57 in the amounts shown:

Capital Outlay

Chapter 52/1/55

Brooklyn - 355 Marcy Avenue

Construction of a New Floor in Drill Hall	\$120,000.00
---	--------------

Chapter 180/15/56 (First Instance) Queens County, Bayside New Armory to replace State Armory, 120 West 62nd Street, to be released to the City of New York	\$1,000,000.00
--	----------------

State - Federal Armory Construction

Chapter 161/8 & 14/52 State's Share	\$517,103.00
Advance for Federal Share	\$1,653,945.00
Chapters 28/10 & 13/56 State's Share	\$365,855.00
Advance for Federal Share	\$295,622.00
Chapters 52/1 & 7/55 State's Share	\$900,000.00
Advance for Federal Share	\$2,600,000.00
Chapters 60/1 & 7/56 State's Share	\$1,837,117.00
Advance for Federal Share	\$3,492,065.00

Rehabilitation and Improvements

Chapter 60/2/56	\$169,348.00
-----------------	--------------

4. STATE-FEDERAL ARMORY CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

Projects in Progress

Auburn - Two Unit Armory
Cortland - Two Unit Armory
Carthage - One Unit Armory
Rome - Two Unit Armory
Riverhead - Three Unit Armory
Bronx, 29 West Kingsbridge Road - Five Unit Expansion
Poughkeepsie - One Unit Expansion
Various Locations - 4 Rehabilitation Projects

Projects in Final Planning

Huntington - Two Unit Armory
Orangeburg - Two Unit Armory
Hempstead - Four Unit Expansion
Geneseo - One Unit Armory
Saranac Lake - One Unit Armory

Projects Planned for Future Programs

New or Replacement Armories at 15 locations
Rehabilitation Projects at 34 locations

5. FEDERAL CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

Plans have been or are being prepared for major Federal projects to improve Organizational Maintenance Shops and vehicle storage areas at the following locations:

Bay Shore OM Shop
Whitehall OM Shop
Corning OM Shop
Bronx, 29 West Kingsbridge Road OM Shop
Jamaica OM Shop
Binghamton OM Shop
Brooklyn, 355 Marcy Avenue OM Shop
Brooklyn, 1579 Bedford Avenue OM Shop
Brooklyn, 1402 Eighth Avenue OM Shop
Buffalo, 29 Masten Avenue Vehicle Storage Area
Buffalo, 184 Connecticut Street Vehicle Storage Area
Geneseo Concentration Site Shop

Plans for Motor Vehicle Storage and Training Buildings at the following locations are progressing where sites are available. Preliminary drawings and specifications have already been approved by the National Guard Bureau for several of the projects. Plans are being prepared by Associate Architects.

Oneonta	Oswego
Dunkirk	Schenectady
Jamestown	Geneva
Ticonderoga	Hornell
Amsterdam	Hoosick Falls
Gloversville	Saratoga Springs
Hudson	Ogdensburg
Medina	Malone
Olean	Glens Falls

It is anticipated that plans for all of the previously listed projects will be completed in early 1958. Contingent on the availability of Federal funds, all projects should be under contract before mid 1958.

During the calendar year 1957, Federal funds in the amount of \$1,196,628.42 were allotted to the State and obligated or sub-allotted to the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers, for New York Air and Army National Guard new construction, alterations, repairs and improvements, and projects for New York National Guard occupied Antiaircraft Sites, as follows:

Army National Guard Funds	\$100,336.37
Air National Guard Funds	\$948,175.89
AAA Site Funds	<u>\$148,116.16</u>
TOTAL FUNDS OBLIGATED	\$1,196,628.42

ARMY CONSTRUCTION

COST

Albany Concentration Site	\$10,367.00
Auburn Armory	\$2,598.00
Batavia Armory	\$1,985.00
Bronx-29 West Kingsbridge Road, OMS No.8	\$70.00
Buffalo-29 Masten Avenue, OMS No.4	\$400.18
Camp Drum	\$603.80
Camp Smith	\$36,822.17
Corning OMS No.7	\$20.45
Guilderland Range	\$3,781.52
Lockport Armory	\$1,964.50
Mohawk OMS No.14	\$348.00
New York State Arsenal	\$28,987.31
Niagara Falls Armory	\$5,288.00
Oneonta Range	\$90.00
Orchard Park Army Aviation	\$2,793.00
Rochester Depot	\$1,352.59
Syracuse-1055 East Genesee Street, OMS No.3	\$300.85
Troy OMS No.5	\$295.00
Utica Concentration Site	\$195.00
Zahns' Airport Army Aviation	\$2,074.00

Total Army Construction exclusive of armory & AAA Sites	\$100,336.37
---	--------------

AIR CONSTRUCTION

Floyd Bennett Field	\$24,388.85
Hancock Field	\$838,927.00
Niagara Falls Airport	\$26,984.10

AIR CONSTRUCTION

COST

Schenectady County Airport	\$20,917.00
Westchester County Airport	\$29,339.79
State Armory, 801 Dean Street, Brooklyn	\$4,240.00
State Armory, White Plains	\$3,379.15
<hr/>	
Total Air Construction	\$948,175.89

AAA SITE CONSTRUCTION

All locations	\$215,583.82
---------------	--------------

6. STATE REHABILITATION & REPAIRS

During the period 1 January 1957 to 31 December 1957, seventeen (17) Armory Rehabilitation and Improvement projects were put under contract from 100% State funds at a cost of \$250,774.08.

Drawings and specifications were prepared, bids obtained and contracts awarded for 150 Short Form Contracts and 738 Purchase Orders totaling \$267,262.36 for minor repairs to buildings during the fiscal year ending 31 March 1957.

Between 1 April 1957 and 31 December 1957, 130 such Short Form Contracts totaling \$137,993.86 and 365 repair Purchase Orders totaling \$47,911.22 have been processed.



CHAPTER FOUR

NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARD (ARMY)

	Page
I. Personnel	86
II. Intelligence	89
III. Plans, Training and Operations	89
IV. Supply	92
V. New York State and National Matches	94

I. PERSONNEL

General:

1. The strength of the New York Army National Guard as of 30 November 1957 is 1,984 officers, 363 warrant officers and 24, 170 enlisted men for an aggregate total strength of 26,317. This represents approximately 60 per cent of the total allotted aggregate strength of 44,075. These figures indicate a decrease of 28 officers, 26 warrant officers and 214 enlisted men since 1 December 1956. The loss in officer strength has been attributable to the high attrition rate in the higher grades in this the tenth year of reorganization of the National Guard after World War II. Many of our veteran officers are now reaching maximum age-in-grade, and due to the restrictions imposed by National Guard Regulations are either retiring, transferring to the State Reserve List, or are being transferred to the Army Reserve. We have, however, been fortunate in maintaining our junior officer strength by various methods including the recruitment of junior officers from the ROTC; transfers from the United States Army Reserve and the continuing success of our New York National Guard Officer Candidate School. The decrease in enlisted personnel is attributable to the imposition of strength ceilings.

2. The year 1957 has been a year of decision insofar as activities relating to strength and recruiting. Many new policies have been prescribed which both restricted recruiting of some individuals but, also allowed a wider area for procurement of other individuals in certain age and service categories.

3. A series of events which greatly influenced recruiting activities and strength criteria are indicated in chronological order as follows.

a. On 1 March 1957, the Department of the Army, in compliance with directives from the Department of Defense, promulgated a policy which required all non-prior service personnel enlisted in the Army NG after 1 April 1957 to participate in a minimum of Six Months Active Duty for training to qualify for a drill pay status. This policy, outlined in detail in a memorandum of understanding between the Department of the Army

and the National Guard Association of the United States, was cheerfully accepted by the New York National Guard because it solved a recruiting problem and guaranteed a steady influx of basically trained soldiers.

b. On 1 May 1957, the Chief, National Guard Bureau, issued instructions to the States, Territories and the District of Columbia that, in order to hold the strength of the National Guard within the numbers provided for by available funds for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 1957, the following actions were to be taken during the month of May:

(1) Discharge all enlisted men who would not be available for active duty under orders issued by the President of the United States or who, for any reason, may not qualify for active duty.

(2) Transfer to the Inactive National Guard all enlisted men who are not performing satisfactory service and men who will not be available for summer field training.

(3) Later, on 7 May 1957, the Chief, National Guard Bureau advised the Commanding General that a fiscal year 1957 year-end strength figure for the Army National Guard of 425,000 had been approved by the Secretary of the Army and that a budget request for the apportionment of the necessary funds to support this strength had been approved. Inasmuch as it appeared that the 30 April strength would be over 437,000 this meant a reduction of about 3% of the enlisted strength would be necessary to bring the 30 June strength to 425,000. However, the Chief, National Guard Bureau was of the opinion at that time, that the States could handle this without any controls being put into effect by the Bureau.

(4) On 16 May 1957, the Chief, National Guard Bureau again advised the Commanding General that, in order to remain within the Congressionally supported year-end strength for the Army National Guard of 425,000 for fiscal year 1957, it was necessary to establish strength ceilings for each state. The enlisted ceiling for New York was established at 24,610 which had to be reached by 30 June 1957. It was not contemplated, at that time, that strength ceilings would be imposed for officers.

(5) On 23 May 1957, the enlisted strength ceiling was increased to 24,800.

(6) On 31 May 1957, the total aggregate strength of the New York Army National Guard was 28,255. Of this figure, the enlisted strength of 25,822, represented the highest enlisted strength attained since the reorganization of the New York Army National Guard in March 1947.

c. Due to the imposition of the strength ceiling upon the New York Army National Guard a total of 1,022 enlisted men were either discharged or transferred into the Inactive National Guard.

d. During the period 1 April to 31 July 1957, 1,861 enlisted men were processed into the Six Months Active Duty for Training Program. This compares with a total of 644 who were processed during the entire period November 1955 through March 1957.

e. Subsequent to these events and after the major part of our units and organizations had completed their annual field training, this Division was advised on 30 July 1957, that there were insufficient funds in the fiscal year 1958 budget to train personnel who were already in the Six Months Training Program.

f. In order to satisfy and accomplish this project and complete the annual field training of units the Chief, National Guard Bureau, in a directive dated 29 July 1957, ordered units to reduce the number of paid armory drills, to be held in the first quarter of fiscal year 1958, to four (4) less than the number held in the first quarter fiscal year 1957.

g. As had been surmised, when the first imposition of enlisted strength ceilings were directed by the National Guard Bureau, the eventual implication of both officers and warrant officers into an aggregate strength ceiling was realized on 1 October 1957 when the State of New York was advised that effective 31 October 1957 the aggregate strength ceiling would not exceed 27,159.

4. The year 1958 will prove to be a strong challenge and test of our recruiting potential. With limitations being placed upon the number of non-prior service personnel who may enter Six Months Active Duty for Training, our efforts must of necessity be directed towards the veteran and prior service personnel who still have a remaining service obligation.

5. The future of the National Guard depends upon our ability to conduct and implement a strong recruiting program and to fill our units to authorized strength with trained personnel.

6. The continued support and cooperation of Headquarters, First United States Army; the Office of the Chief, United States Army Military District of New York and the Office of the Senior Army Advisor added considerably to more efficient operation and helped to maintain the high standards established for this headquarters.

7. The invaluable assistance and cooperation of the National Guard Bureau, particularly the Personnel Branch, helped to establish sound personnel policies and administrative procedures.

8. Finally, a particular note of appreciation to all the coordinating State Agencies, particularly the Division of Veterans' Affairs, for the inestimable amount of assistance they have offered in the recruiting and publicity fields.

II. INTELLIGENCE

1. During the past year, the emphasis was placed on the individual training. This had the advantage of giving all personnel training in basic and combat intelligence procedures, developing an awareness in all ranks of the necessity of and importance of battlefield intelligence.

2. Special catalogs of staff training material, published by the United States Army Intelligence School, Fort Holabird, Maryland, were issued to the staffs of Infantry and Armored Units. This material fills a long felt need of providing instructional material for the training of intelligence personnel during the Armory Drill Year.

3. Department of Army requirements for careful screening and obtaining of security clearances for key personnel and personnel attending certain courses at Army Service Schools continues as a major function of all intelligence personnel.

III. PLANS, OPERATIONS AND TRAINING

1. During 1957 the Chief of Staff to the Governor found it necessary to undertake a program of reorganization which was the most extensive affecting the Army National Guard since the reorganization of the 27th Armored Division from Infantry in 1955.

2. Two compelling factors brought about this reorganization. These were:- 1. A strength ceiling imposed upon all National Guard units by the Department of the Army; and 2. the active Army reorganization of its divisions following the Pentomic Concept. These factors will be discussed separately.

3. The imposition of a strength ceiling found New York National Guard units with varying degrees of strength. In most instances, company-sized units of the Infantry Division were below the strength necessary for proper functioning. A training program for these understrength units was difficult to conduct properly since classes were so varied and personnel so few. In addition, a requirement was imposed by the Department of the Army that unit training would be initiated by all units in the Fall of 1958, prior to which, basic and advanced individual training would be conducted. Therefore, it became necessary to strengthen existing units by disbanding some units and transferring their personnel to remaining units. As a result of this reorganization, units are now prepared to enter unit training and will have sufficient strength to form the functional teams required.

4. The Pentomic Concept, which also influenced the reorganization, was based upon the Department of the Army's realization that more mobile, flexible forces with atomic fire power support, must be provided for the atomic battlefield of the future.

5. The new divisions, properly named ROCID and ROCAD --"Reorganization of the Current Infantry and Armored Divisions," will feature five battle groups instead of three infantry regiments. These units will be leaner, more hard hitting units with greatly increased fire power. The supporting Division Artillery has additionally been given increased fire power with the introduction of an Honest John missile in its composite battalion. Support elements, such as Signal Troops, are also greatly increased since extended distances required by the atomic battlefield demand greater and more extensive signal communications.

6. With the current reorganization, the Army National Guard units of the State of New York will require few additional minor changes in the future, in order to be completely reorganized under ROCID Concept.

7. The advent of new weapons similarly affect our anti-aircraft units which, since 1954, have been on the alert, manning guns in the New York City, Buffalo and Niagara defense areas. These missions have now been terminated by the Department of the Army and the units so engaged will shortly enter a training program which will enable them to occupy NIKE Missile Sites vacated by the Active Army. Service school training for technicians will be phased over more than a year. Personnel will be integrated into the school system dependent upon the length of time required to train them for their specialty. This will allow a complete packet to be graduated from Active Army Service School at the same time. This packet will then return to its home station, occupy a missile site and after the necessary training tests, will assume full responsibility for the operation of these sites. Current plans call for a transition time of approximately three years before all New York National Guard Antiaircraft Battalions which are engaged in this program, are fully operational.

TRAINING

8. A continuing training problem which has faced all National Guard Commanders in the past, has been the constant training of new recruits in basic subjects before these men could be fully integrated into the unit.

9. A solution was found for this continuing problem by the agreement of the National Guard and the Active Army, which mandates that each recruit enlisted after 1 April 1957, must receive six months of active duty training at an Army Installation after enlistment.

10. No longer will recruit schools be necessary in the National Guard. After Field Training in 1958, all units will commence unit training and this program will continue on a repetitive cycle. In essence, this program of unit training will allow the New York National Guard to mobilize, when necessary, fully trained units which will need little or no additional training in order for them to function in their

assigned missions.

11. The problem of completing basic training for that personnel who had enlisted prior to 1 April 1957, was solved by an intensive basic and advanced individual training program which National Guard units are now conducting. During Field Training 1957, Army National Guard units achieved excellent results in this basic training phase which indicated to the Chief of Staff to the Governor that all Commanders were fully aware of the need for this type of training, and their desire to conduct an outstanding training program.

OPERATIONS

12. On 9 May 1957 Headquarters, New York National Guard was notified by the New York State Civil Defense Commission that a serious forest fire was burning in the Adirondack Mountain Area. A request was also relayed by Civil Defense for National Guard light aircraft, to be furnished to the State Department of Forestry. An L-19 aircraft and pilot were immediately provided in Albany. Additionally, the staff of Headquarters, New York National Guard were alerted for twenty-four hour duty in anticipation of additional requests for aid. Additional requests followed which resulted in one additional L-19, one L-20 and a helicopter participating in the effort. An additional aircraft was provided in the Rochester area on a standby basis. The operation closed on 13 May 1957.

13. The following is extracted from a letter written by the Commissioner of Conservation to the Chief of Staff to the Governor:

"We in the Conservation Department are deeply grateful for the many services which were extended to us by the National Guard during the critically dangerous fire period.

I would certainly appreciate it if you would pass along to your men my sincere thanks for their invaluable assistance."

14. Another request for assistance which involved New York National Guard light aviation was received in October 1957 from Headquarters First United States Army. The assistance of the National Guard was requested to participate in an aerial search for an Army Aircraft which was lost in the Binghamton - Vermont area. The passengers of this aircraft were senior staff officers from Headquarters, First United States Army.

15. The New York National Guard was asked to provide two aviators and sixteen aircraft to help search the wooded area in

the suspected vicinity of the crash. A Duty Officer was immediately appointed to liaison with Army representatives and the necessary aircraft were loaned to active army pilots at Amityville, L.I., who arrived from Ft. Devens, Mass. The operation lasted for two days, culminating with the discovery of the aircraft downed in the Middlebury, Vermont, area with all occupants deceased.

IV. LOGISTICS

1. GENERAL: The major activities of concern to the Headquarters, New York National Guard, G-4 Section during the calendar year 1957 were:

- a. Supply
- b. Armory Construction and Rehabilitation
- c. Annual Field Training
- d. Annual Technical and Maintenance Inspections

2. SUPPLY:

a. Planning continued for the procurement, distribution and reallocation of major items of T/O&E equipment. Normal distribution was automatically effected with the NYNG units, directly by the USP&FO. Priorities were established and regulations imposed for the issue of the following items received during this calendar year:

M-43 - 8" Howitzer, Self-propelled
155 Howitzers, towed
L-19 Aircraft
L-20 Aircraft
 $\frac{1}{2}$ ton Pick-up Trucks
Light Sedans
Station Wagons
Signal Corps Repair Shop Trucks, M-238
Bus, 37 Passenger

b. The following major equipment, although required for training of NYNG units, was withdrawn because of priorities of active army requirements:

M 44 155mm Howitzer, Self-propelled
GR-8 Sound Ranging Sets

c.(1) A critical supply situation arose in providing clothing and equipment for the Six-Month Trainees. In many instances, proper uniforms were not received in time to outfit a trainee before reporting

to his first duty station. This resulted in Trainees reporting partially equipped and poorly uniformed. It also created a supply problem which could not be immediately resolved.

(2) A concerted effort was made by the G-4 in presenting the problem to the National Guard Bureau. Personal visits to Washington in March 1957 were followed up by correspondence. On 18 April 1957 the following TWX was received from the National Guard Bureau:

"EFFECTIVE 1 JUNE 1957, NATIONAL GUARD ELEVEN WEEK AND SIX MONTH TRAINEES WILL BE EQUIPPED AT THE TRAINING STATION WITH INDIVIDUAL CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT. TRAINEES MAY TRAVEL TO THE TRAINING STATION IN CIVILIAN CLOTHES. NO FURTHER REQUISITIONS WILL BE FORWARDED BY THE STATES FOR SHADE 33 UNIFORMS DURING THIS FISCAL YEAR.

"FURTHER DETAILS ON ABOVE SUBJECT WILL BE PUBLISHED IN NEXT NGB BULLETIN."

(3) This action alleviated a critical supply problem and furnished the Six-Month Trainee with a complete, properly fitted uniform. This action was ordinarily done at armories when the supply was available and time permitted to accomplish fitting.

d. Further supply matters, in detail, are shown in the New York State Arsenal Section of the report of the Chief of Staff to the Governor.

3. ANNUAL FIELD TRAINING:

a. Preparation for and performance of annual field training of New York National Guard units created the greatest logistical requirements of the year. Constant improvement was reported in the planning of supply requirements, transportation of troops and use of equipment enroute to and at field training sites.

b. Where sufficient equipment was not available within the state necessary items of tracked equipment were borrowed from the New Jersey National Guard. Conversely the NYNG assisted the following agencies through loan of equipment for field training purposes at Camp Drum and Oswego AAA Firing Range:

United States Army Reserve
Maine National Guard
Rhode Island National Guard
Connecticut National Guard

c. Motor movement to and from field training sites was effected to a great degree via the New York State Thruway. This was somewhat curtailed however, because of the need to move over week-end and holiday

periods. Funds from federal sources were applied for and received to pay to the Thruway Authority over \$18,000.00 for the tolls of all New York National Guard vehicles traveling via these facilities.

4. ANNUAL TECHNICAL AND MAINTENANCE INSPECTIONS:

a. Technical inspections were performed in accordance with AR 750-8 and AR 130-400 on equipment issued to the NYNG. Schedules of itinerary and procedures to be followed were mutually agreed upon between representatives of Headquarters First United States Army and Headquarters NYNG. Technical teams from various First Army installations conducted the inspections separately for each of the following technical services:

Ordnance Corps
Engineer Corps
Quartermaster Corps
Signal Corps
Chemical Corps
Medical Service
Transportation Corps

V. NEW YORK STATE AND NATIONAL MATCHES

NEW YORK STATE MATCHES: 1. The New York State Rifle and Pistol Championship Matches were conducted under the supervision of the State Marksmanship Director at Camp Smith, Peekskill, New York during the period 29 May to 2 June 1957 inclusive.

2. An advanced party of the Provisional Service Detachment consisting of the Executive Officer, Statistical Officer and 3 enlisted men reported at Camp Smith on Monday 27 May, in order to prepare the camp and make arrangements for the reception of the main body. The main body arrived prior to noon on Tuesday 28 May and were immediately assigned to hutments in the old Guard House area. The balance of the Provisional Service Detachment was transported to Camp Smith by military bus. The total number of personnel reporting for duty with the detachment was 12 Officers, 2 Warrant Officers and 70 Enlisted Men.

3. On Tuesday afternoon, 28 May a class was conducted for all personnel of the detachment on range procedure and the operation of pit details. Scoring of targets, marking of score cards and telephone procedure were incorporated into this course of instruction. It was evident that this class was a necessary adjunct to pre-match instruction for the resultant range and pit operations were excellent and added to the overall efficiency of the matches.

4. A consolidated catered mess was operated for the detachment by the Garry Owen Association from the 165th Infantry. Competitors and their guests also availed themselves of the privileges of this mess which was adequately and completely handled in the old Post Exchange building.

5. The matches started promptly at 0730 hours each day and the smoothness and efficiency of operation was a fitting tribute to the untiring efforts and completeness of planning on the part of the Match Officials. A meeting of all Officials was held at the completion of each day's firing to plan the next day's range and pit assignments and to squad competitors for the matches in which they were to fire.

6. There was a considerable increase in the number of competitors in all matches over previous years which attests to the fact that greater interest has been created in marksmanship activities and in particular in the State championship competitions. In the individual matches, the number of competitors increased from 190 in 1956 to over 300 in this year's matches. In the team matches, there were 38 entered in the Adjutant General's Match; 19 in the National Guard, and 17 in the State Championship as compared with 30, 10 and 10 respectively in the 1956 matches.

7. The ceremony for presentation of awards and trophies on the final day of the matches was a complete success. Representing the Governor and the Chief of Staff to the Governor in this ceremony was Brigadier General Jacob H. Herzog, The Adjutant General.

8. The matches were highlighted by the outstanding individual shooting of SFC Howard Atkinson, Sr. from the 27th Reconnaissance Battalion who won the Chief of Staff to the Governor Trophy for Distinguished Marksmanship, as well as placing first on the Governor's Honor List. Sgt. Atkinson also won the Anderson and Thurston Memorial Trophy matches. Cpl. Edward Schulze of the 106th Infantry won the Governor's Cup.

9. Rifle Team Honors went to the 165th Infantry which won both the National Guard and the State Championships.

10. The 2nd Rifle Company USMCR won both the 2nd Battalion Naval Militia Veterans Trophy Match and the Naval Militia Battalion Match.

11. For the fourth consecutive year Lt. Col. James R. Herron of the 727th Armored Ordnance Battalion won the State Individual Pistol Match.

12. Pistol Team Honors were won by the 727th Armored Ordnance Battalion and the 142nd AAA Battalion.

13. The success attained by the renewal of these matches has been noted particularly in the general increase in marksmanship activities through out the state. It is felt that with the emphasis on the training of the individual soldier in the weapon with which he is armed, the continuation of the matches will insure the accomplishment of the prerequisites prescribed by Continental Army Command and the success of the marksmanship program outlined by the Chief, National Guard Bureau.

NATIONAL MATCHES - For the fourth consecutive year the New York National Guard was represented in the National Matches at Camp Perry, Ohio. Federal funds were allocated for the support of a ten man Rifle and seven man Pistol Team.

14. All of the team members attended the Small Arms Firing School conducted at Camp Perry by the Fort Benning Instructor Group which qualified them as Rifle and Pistol Instructors and Coaches.

15. Ten medals and four silverware awards were won by the members of the Pistol Team. Lt. Col. James R. Herron of the 727th Armored Ordnance Battalion won the Army Times Pistol Award for attaining High National Guardsman and was the only Guardsman to place in the National Trophy Individual Pistol Match.

The Pistol Team placed 3rd among all National Guard Teams Competing.

16. Sixteen medals were won by the members of the Rifle Team who distinguished themselves in both the individual and team matches. The Rifle Team placed 10th of 48 National Guard Teams competing.

17. The continued improvement of our teams in the National Matches portends a successful future and we are confident that with the increase emphasis upon Rifle Marksmanship we will soon bring back to New York "The Coveted Hilton Trophy".



CHAPTER FIVE

NEW YORK AIR NATIONAL GUARD

	Page
Section I. General	97
II. Personnel	97
III. Training	99
IV. Equipment	100
V. Special Events	101

I. General

1. Conversion of the 106th Bombardment Wing on 15 June into a jet-equipped fighter-interceptor wing, and the initiation of a change-over from F-94 Starfire jet aircraft to F-86H Sabre jet fighters for all tactical units comprised major events in the history of the New York Air National Guard during 1957.

a. The 106th Wing, with headquarters at Floyd Bennett, NAS, Brooklyn, previously had been equipped with obsolete B-26 light bombers. The first jet aircraft, a T-33, was received on 15 February, and jet transition began on 15 March.

b. The shift to F-86H aircraft eliminated the requirement for radar observers, which had posed a major recruitment problem for the New York Air National Guard ever since the two-man F-94 aircraft had been used.

2. Brigadier General Lewis A. Curtis commanded the New York Air National Guard throughout the year.

a. Commanders of major New York Air National Guard organizations were: Colonel Robert J. Kirsch, 107th Air Defense Wing, with headquarters at Niagara Falls; Colonel Raymond L. George, 106th Fighter-Interceptor Wing, with headquarters at Floyd Bennett NAS, Brooklyn; and Colonel Willard S. Magalhaes, 152d Tactical Control Group, with headquarters at White Plains.

II. PERSONNEL

1. Strength of the various major units of the New York Air National Guard in 1957, compared to 1956, was as follows:

<u>Unit</u>	<u>1 Dec 56</u>	<u>1 Dec 57</u>	<u>Increase or Decrease</u>
106th Fighter-Interceptor Wing	1369	1266	-103
107th Air Defense Wing	2370	2570	+200
152d Tactical Control Group	590	630	+ 40
213th Communications Construction Sq	96	102	+ 6
274th Communications Sq, Operations	97	105	+ 8
552d Air Force Band	27	32	+ 5

2. On 22 February, all New York Air National Guard units participated in the nation-wide Muster Day sponsored by the National Guard Bureau, with a total of 90 men enlisted for the period, 1-22 February, of which 11 were signed on 22 February.

a. Of the total, 44 of the new men agreed to take 11 weeks of basic training immediately at regular Air Force bases, and 41 postponed their basic training until a future date. Five of the enlistees were prior-service men.

3. In a major New York Air National Guard headquarters staff appointment, Captain Morton H. Zucker of White Plains was named Staff Judge Advocate, effective 1 May.

4. In January, Lt. Col. Raymond C. Meyer, Executive Officer of the 106th Wing, was promoted to Colonel.

5. Under provisions of a special National Guard Bureau program, a total of 13 airmen and Warrant Officers were given direct commissions in the New York Air National Guard.

6. Brigadier General Curtis served throughout 1957 as a member of the Air Staff Committee on Air National Guard and Air Force Reserve Policy, the advisory group to the Air Force on reserve matters.

7. During the year, the 138th Fighter-Interceptor Squadron of Syracuse celebrated its 10th anniversary, with appropriate ceremonies and the 274th Communications Squadron celebrated its ninth anniversary.

8. The Governor's Air Trophy was awarded to the 102d Fighter-Interceptor Squadron of the 106th Wing during the Wing's summer encampment at Syracuse.

9. The New York Air National Guard Commander's Trophy for 1956 was awarded at the 1957 Field Training at Syracuse to the Headquarters Squadron Section of the 106th Wing.

10. The 106th Fighter-Interceptor Wing was awarded a Flying Safety Award by the Continental Air Command for "meritorious achievement in Flying Safety" for the period, 1 October 1956 to 31 March 1957.

11. In October, seven veterans of the 106th Wing were decorated at ceremonies in Brooklyn by the State of New York with medals for "Long and Faithful Service" spanning 10 years of duty with the New York Air National Guard.

a. The seven were Majors Abraham Kleinberg, Leslie J. Krieger, Alexander Nacht and George M. Tripler and Master Sergeants Joseph J. Annunziato, Edwin A. Bright and Edward B. Walczykowski.

III. TRAINING

1. During 1957, all units of the New York Air National Guard convened regularly on weekends at 48 Unit Training Assemblies.

a. Attendance records for the training, by major units, were:

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Per Cent</u>
106th Fighter-Interceptor Wing	95
107th Air Defense Wing	94
152d Tactical Control Group	93
213th Communications Construction Sq	94
274th Communications Sq. Operations	94
552d Air Force Band	95

2. A total of 34 airmen qualified in 1957 for Air Force pilot training, and 21 were graduated and received their pilot's wings and commissions as Second Lieutenants. In addition, 3 men attended Air Force Observer Training Schools and won their commissions as Second Lieutenants.

3. One New York Air National Guard airman, Richard T. Goddard of the 108th Aircraft and Warning Flight of the 152d Tactical Control Group was appointed to the Air Force Academy from his Syracuse unit during the year.

Field Training

1. The 1957 Field Training Schedule for units of the New York Air National Guard was as follows:

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Site</u>	<u>Dates</u>
106th Fighter-Interceptor Wing	Hancock Field Syracuse	15-29 June
107th Air Defense Wing		
107th Wing Hqs and 105th Fighter Group	Hancock Field Syracuse	4-18 Aug
107th Fighter Group and 109th Fighter Group	Hancock Field Syracuse	18 Aug-1 Sep
152d Tactical Control Group	Otis AFB, Mass	6-20 July
213th Communications Sq. Opns.	Grenier AFB, N.H.	17-31 Aug
552d Air Force Band	Hancock Field Syracuse	4-18 Aug

2. Attendance records, on a basis of percentage of personnel assigned, for each of the organizations at field training, were:

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
106th Fighter-Interceptor Wing	97.3
107th Air Defense Wing	90.1
152d Tactical Control Group	92.1
213th Communications Construction Sq.	92.3
274th Communications Sq. Operations	92.4
552d Air Force Band	81.4

IV. EQUIPMENT

1. Total inventory aircraft assigned to the New York Air National Guard as of 31 December comprised the following:

<u>F-86H (Jet)</u>	<u>F-94 (Jet)</u>	<u>T-33 (Jet)</u>	<u>B-26</u>	<u>B-25</u>	<u>C-47</u>	<u>C-45</u>	<u>T-6</u>
33	54	9	0	3	3	3	0

V. SPECIAL EVENTS

1. During the period, 29 April - 5 May, various New York Air National Guard organizations staged exhibits and invited the public to inspect their facilities as part of Governor Harriman's Open House Week, inaugurated in 1957 to publicize the many services and operations of State Departments and Agencies.

2. The 107th Fighter Group of Syracuse, with the support of Headquarters, New York Air National Guard sponsored a display of an F-94 Starfire Jet, a cut-away jet engine and flying personnel equipment at the State Fair in Syracuse in September.

3. In July, four members of the 109th Fighter Group of Schenectady participated as observers in flying their Air National aircraft through an atomic bomb mushroom cloud at Yucca Flats, Nevada.



CHAPTER SIX

NEW YORK NAVAL MILITIA

	Page
Section I. General	102
II. Marine Corps Branch	103
III. Training	104
IV. Achievements	104
V. Organization and Personnel	105

I. GENERAL

1. The problems of recruiting and maintaining personnel in the Armed Forces have not lessened during the past year, but it may be said that the attitude of the individual accepting the active duty and the obligated service has improved immensely. As is known, Naval recruits must agree to serve a minimum of at least two (2) years of active duty and there is no participation by the Naval Force in the six months active duty training program. Reserve participation after the performance of active duty is usually frowned on by the enlistees and this prevents the formation of a "hard core" for any extended period.

2. Naval and Marine recruits must agree to the acceptance of active duty orders within one (1) year after enlistment in the Reserve - Militia Units.

3. Any change in the reserve training or administration since our awareness of the "Space Age" has not been felt to date in the Reserve - Militia organizations.

4. The Commanding Officer, New York Naval Militia, with the support of The Chief of Staff to the Governor, The Adjutant General and the Division of the Budget has been very successful in procuring substantial Federal funds to assist in the continuous rehabilitation of Naval Militia facilities.

5. In Dunkirk, the present naval armory is not adequate and plans are now being processed wherein the deactivated Fish Hatchery may be transposed into a new Naval Armory. Here again the Federal government will assume the major financial responsibilities.

6. In Rochester, the Marine Corps Branch was transferred in station to the Summerville location and the move will serve the best interests of the Marines as well as the local National Guard Units.

7. In Brooklyn, the Naval Militia Armory, a valuable waterfront site is in dire need of rehabilitation and joint Federal - State plans to accomplish this are under study.

8. In Whitestone, the Naval Division 3-77 captured first place in the 3rd Naval District competition (New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut) and placed sixth in National Competition. Commander Allen D. Oder, the Commanding Officer and his men are congratulated for such an achievement.

9. Naval Militia properties have continued to serve as a means of assisting in community efforts particularly in the area of youth programs as well as adult education. Plans, in accordance with new State legislation, to employ the use of certain armories for polling and elective purposes are also in the making.

II. THE MARINE CORPS BRANCH

1. Approximately three-hundred (300) Marine Militiamen have enlisted in the Six Months Active Duty Training Program authorized by federal legislation as a means of satisfying active duty military requirements. In the main, the available trained personnel are in the lower ratings and therefore the training has been directed at that level.

2. The First Infantry Marine Battalion of Brooklyn, commanded by Lt. Col. Irving Schechter, was selected as the outstanding unit for its performance in Annual Field Training at Little Creek, Virginia and was awarded the Commanding General's Award.

3. The 3rd Communication Company was transferred from the Armory at 900 East Main Street, Rochester, to the Naval Militia Armory at Summerville. The Marine Unit will share these facilities with additional Naval Units of the Rochester Area. The consolidation will result in a reduced operational cost for the Summerville activity inasmuch as the Federal Government will assume the day-to-day house-keeping responsibilities.

4. Marine Units located in the New York City area have continued to take advantage of the excellent training and rifle range facilities of Camp Smith at Peekskill, New York. The 2nd Rifle Company of New Rochelle conducted all of its Annual Marine Corps Qualification Requirements at Camp Smith.

5. The 2nd Rifle Company of New Rochelle, under the Command of Captain G. F. Pelham, won the two Naval Militia Trophy Matches, and also placed high in the final standings of the other events at the New York State Rifle Matches.

6. A factor which affects the "on board" Marine strength is the present policy which requires that the personnel on Six Months Active Duty be charged to the on board strength of the reserve activity where the original enlistment took place, this of course reduces the number of available troops.

III. TRAINING

1. The quality of the training program has manifested itself through the achievements attained. In this respect, the Naval and Marine Corps Units were rated highly in many phases of on-the-job training.

2. Team training and package training programs, which commenced in 1956, have continued at an accelerated pace through 1957. Team training, a program designed to enhance the value of the unit tactically has been intensified by the greater availability and use of activated naval vessels. Personnel perform various shipboard exercises during the required drill periods. Package training curricula, an innovation designed to improve the quality of petty officers, has produced excellent results and has assisted in providing a more uniform method of instruction.

3. Some units, in lieu of the weekly drill period, schedule a drill period on a one weekend a month basis. Such drills, referred to as Multiple Drills, have met with varied degrees of success. Fleet Divisions activated for the training of petty officers and veteran personnel have been established and have been growing. Fleet Divisions conduct drills aboard a Naval vessel in preference to the training center and this enhances the mobilization readiness of such units. Fleet Divisions conduct training on a multiple drill basis, drills over weekends.

IV. ACHIEVEMENTS

1. Significant accomplishments have been attained by Naval Units in 1957, particularly, in the Naval Reserve competition in the Third Naval District. The Naval Militia Unit at Whitestone, completed the year as the "Top" Naval Reserve - Naval Militia Unit in the Third Naval District. The Whitestone Militia Div. 3-77 commanded by Commander Allen D. Oder won over 94 competing surface divisions. The competition was predicated on results obtained in

the following factors: Advancement in rating, attendance, number of personnel completing active duty for training and strength. Oswego Div. 3-86, Rochester Div. 3-89 and Tompkinsville Div. 3-98 were also near the "Top" in reserve competition.

2. The "Gillies Trophy" presented annually by The Commandant, Third Naval District, and named in honor of the present Commanding Officer was awarded to the Yonkers Div. 3-106 commanded by LCDR. Vincent W. Ambrose.

3. Competition for the "Josephthal Trophies," awarded annually to each of the outstanding Naval and Marine Units of the Naval Militia, were awarded to Whitestone Naval Div. 3-77 and the New Rochelle Marine 2nd Rifle Company.

4. Participation in the New York State Rifle Matches by the Naval Militia Units reached a high point and naval units competed successfully.

V. ORGANIZATION AND PERSONNEL

1. The New York Naval Militia underwent some reorganization in order to conform with the new Tables of Organization for the U.S. Naval and Marine Corps Reserve. The organizational changes have been brought about by changes in training missions, transfers in location and changes in training concepts.

2. Command changes that took place during the year were:

- a. Whitestone - CDR Albert Sobel apptd C.O. of Batt 3-22.
- b. Tompkinsville - CDR Jerome E. Levy apptd C.O. of Batt 3-29.
- c. Yonkers - CDR Thomas S. Rothwell apptd C.O. of Batt 3-30.
- d. New Rochelle - CDR Theodore A. O'Gorman apptd C.O. of Batt 3-31.
- e. New Rochelle - Capt. George F. Pelham, III apptd C.O. of 2nd Rifle Company, MCB.
- f. Buffalo - Capt. Dallas Trammel apptd C.O. of 29th Inf Co, MCB.

3. LCDR Milton Klebenoff was appointed as an Assistant Chief of Staff, New York Naval Militia and assigned to permanent duty at Naval Militia Headquarters, New York City.

4. Two (2) officers of the New York Naval Militia were selected and promoted to Captain in the United States Naval Reserve and the New York Naval Militia;

Captain Thomas H. Byrd - Southern Area Commander, New York Naval Militia

Captain Joseph P. Farley - Commanding Officer, Battalion
3-31, New Rochelle

4. The Third Naval District had occasion to welcome on board Commander John B. Dudley, USN as Assistant Chief of Staff for Naval Reserve and Training. Captain Theodore Blanchard, USNR, who was relieved by Commander Dudley remains as Deputy Chief of Staff for Naval Reserve.

5. As the climax of U.S. Naval Reserve and Naval Militia Week in Rochester, the Annual Hess Award was presented to Chief Petty Officer Arthur N. Dole as the outstanding Rochester Naval Militiaman of 1957. The award is presented annually in honor of the late F. Judson Hess.

6. The December 31, 1957 strength of the Naval Militia:

NAVY

<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>OFFICERS</u>	<u>ENLISTED</u>	<u>TOTAL STRENGTH</u>
Headquarters	14	---	14
Brooklyn	64	450	514
Buffalo	46	366	412
Dunkirk	6	90	96
Manhattan	29	166	195
New Rochelle	26	221	247
Oswego	7	142	149
Rochester	51	479	530
Tompkinsville	28	204	232
Watertown	8	113	121
Whitestone	56	403	459
Yonkers	24	213	237
NAVY TOTALS	359	2847	3206

MARINES

Brooklyn	13	218	231
Buffalo	7	70	77
Manhattan	3	136	139
New Rochelle	9	119	128
Rochester	7	190	197
MARINE TOTALS	39	733	772

GRAND TOTAL

*3978

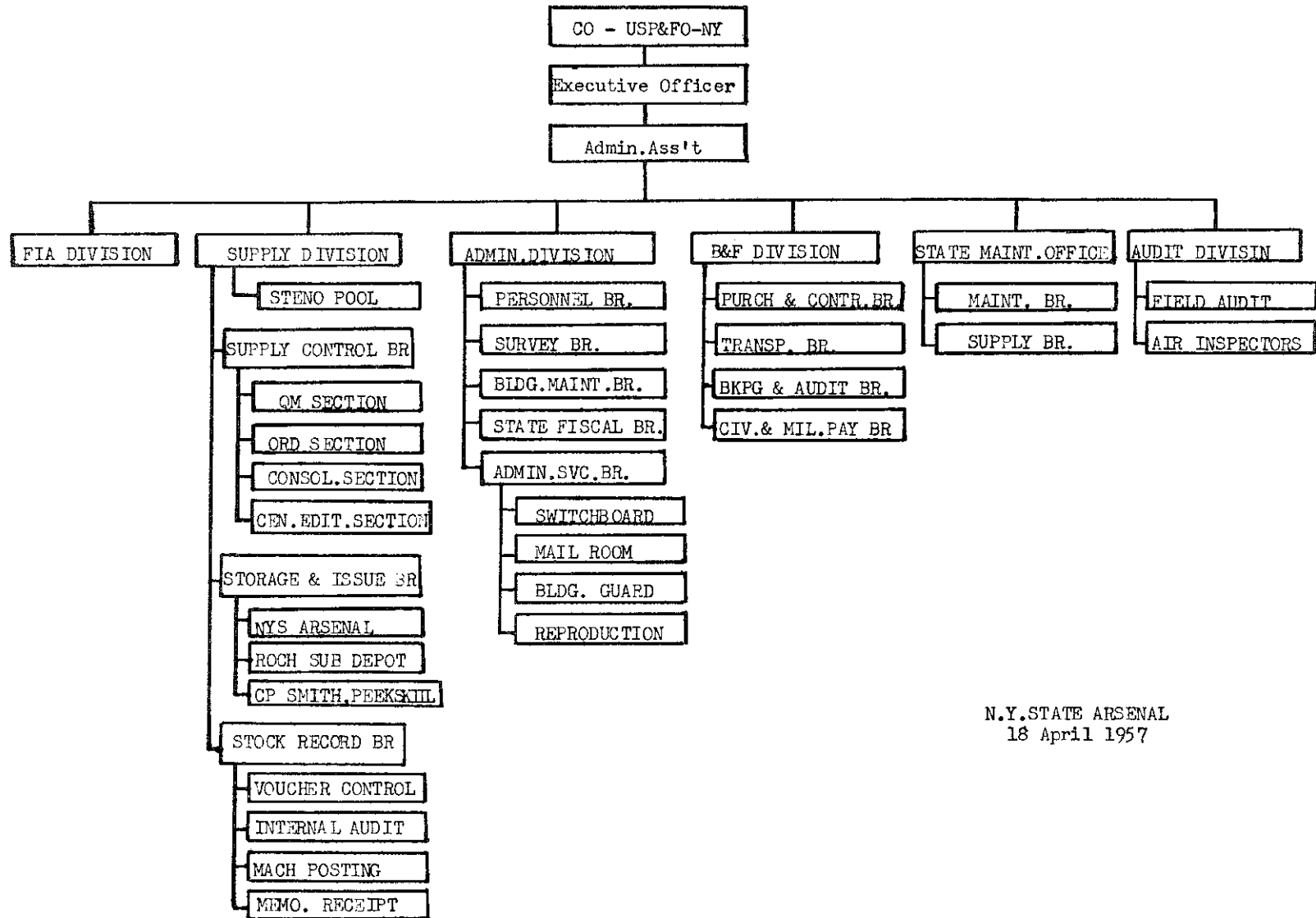
* Exclusive of personnel (3173) assigned to the "Active Duty Pool."



APPENDICES

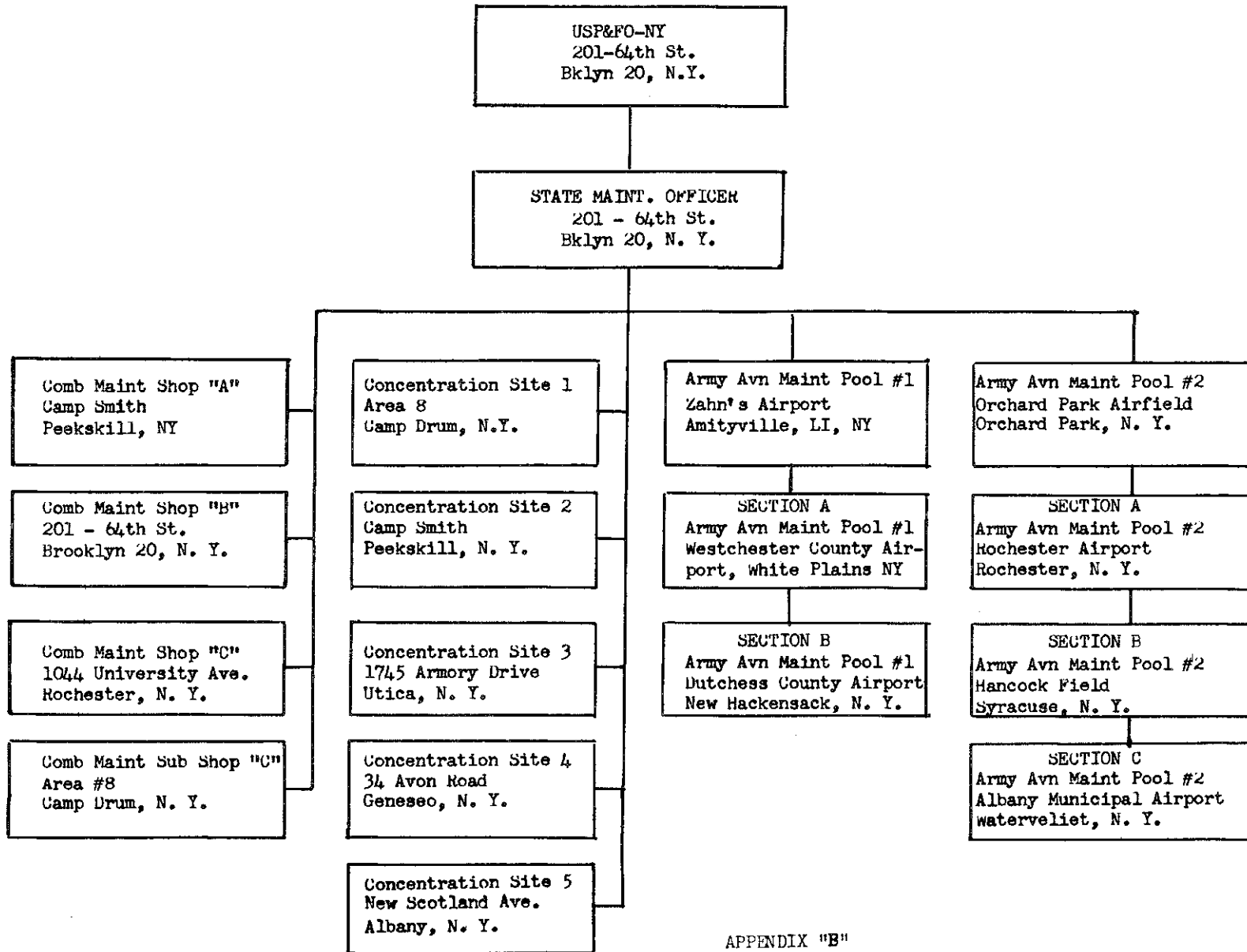
APPENDIX		PAGE
A	New York State Arsenal Organization Chart	108
B	State Maintenance Office Organization Chart . . .	109
C	Combined Production Comparison for Years 1954-57.	110
D	Track Vehicles Used During FT-1957	111
E	Savings in Rail Transportation	112
F	Action on Reports of Survey	113
G	Transportation Section - Report of Activities . .	114



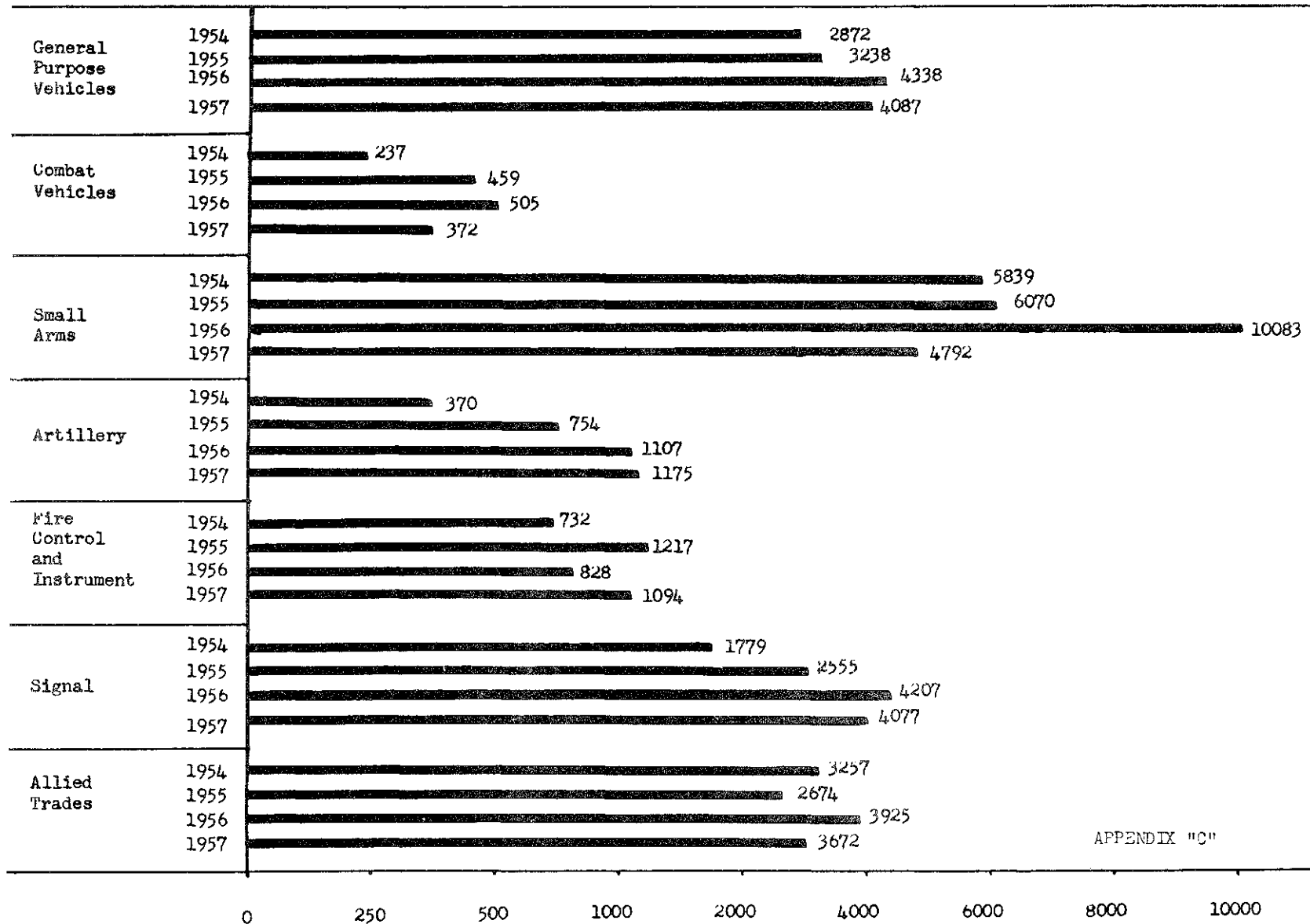


N.Y. STATE ARSENAL
18 April 1957

STATE MAINTENANCE OFFICE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



COMBINED PRODUCTION COMPARISON FOR YEARS 1954 -- 1957



APPENDIX "C"

TRACK VEHICLES USED DURING FIELD TRAINING - 1957
(395 INDIVIDUAL ISSUES)

PERIOD I

<u>UNIT</u>	<u>M-5 H/S</u> <u>TRACTOR</u>	<u>105MM (SP)</u> <u>M-7</u>	<u>CARRIAGE</u> <u>M-16</u>	<u>CARRIAGE</u> <u>M19A1</u>	<u>TANK</u> <u>M-41</u>	<u>40MM</u> <u>M-42</u>	<u>HOW (SP)</u> <u>M-44</u>	<u>TANK</u> <u>M-47</u>	<u>VEH.</u> <u>M-75</u>
<u>NYNG</u>		27	8	8	17	10		63	19
<u>TOTAL FOR PERIOD I</u>								(152)	

PERIOD II

<u>NYNG</u>	18	9	6		20	3	3	50	19
<u>TOTAL FOR PERIOD II</u>								(128)	

PERIOD III

<u>CONN NG-RING</u>	6				6	2		35	5
<u>TOTAL FOR PERIOD III</u>								(54)	

PERIOD IV

<u>MASS NG</u>			2	6					
<u>TOTAL FOR PERIOD IV</u>								(8)	

PERIOD V

<u>NJNG</u>					4			41	8
<u>TOTAL FOR PERIOD V</u>								(53)	

**SAVINGS IN RAIL TRANSPORTATION
(ISSUES BY NYNG)**

NOMENCLATURE	PERIOD I	PERIOD II	PERIOD III	PERIOD IV	PERIOD V	UNIT WEIGHT	TOTAL WEIGHT
M-5 H/S Tractor		18	6			28,000	672,000
105MM (SP) M-7	27	9				48,000	1,728,000
Carriage, M-16	8	6		2		18,000	228,000
Carriage, M19A1	8			6		39,000	546,000
Tank, M-41	17	20	6		4	50,000	2,350,000
40mm M-42	10	3	2			47,000	705,000
How, (SP) M-44		3				60,000	180,000
Tank, M-47	63	50	35		41	97,000	18,333,000
Vehicle, M-75	19	19	5		8	36,000	1,836,000
Grader	2		1	1		24,000	96,000
D-7 Dozer		1	3	5		38,000	342,000
Transporter (Tank)	1		1			90,000	180,000
155mm How. (Towed)		16				13,000	208,000

Gross Weight One-Way 27,404,000
 Gross Weight Round Trip 54,808,000
 Average Distance - 250 miles
 Cost To Ship 100 lbs. Freight
 250 miles \$.90
 Savings In Transportation Costs \$ 493,272.00

Action on Reports of Survey for Annual Activity Report	As of 26 Oct 1956				As of 25 Oct 1957			
	1956				1957			
	ARMY NG		AIR NG		ARMY NG		AIR NG	
	NO.	VALUE	NO.	VALUE	NO.	VALUE	NO.	VALUE
In Process at Beginning of Year	529	324,287.59	138	82,245.86	270	166,278.99	113	54,840.03
Received During Year	310	97,664.49	23	6,281.12	218	104,747.35	13	3,144.72
Closed During Year	569	183,277.26	48	28,687.19	339	124,850.57	121	56,831.65
In Process at End of Year	270	166,278.99	113	54,840.03	149	83,141.65	5	1,350.06
Paid from State Credit During Year	73	13,270.20	0	0	4	2,362.08	0	0
Balance of State Credit at End of Year	-	80,838.28	-	-	-	78,476.20	-	-
Claims Made Against Bonds	39	8,100.96	0	0	12	3,281.76	1	140.98
Collected on Bond Claims	70	12,767.37	0	0	13	2,502.66	1	140.98
Collected from Military Funds During Year	29	3,872.37	6	2,735.92	28	6,710.32	5	819.29
Collections on Forms 181 & 362 without Reports of Survey	3117	45,267.06	299	2,096.22	2786	45,614.95	315	2,055.62
Collected on Forms 18 & 362 as Result of Approved Reports of Survey	234	22,882.76	10	2,812.75	102	12,722.46	3	226.58

Appendix "F"

TRANSPORTATION SECTION - REPORT OF ACTIVITIES

1 November thru 31 October '57

	<u>AIR</u>	<u>GROUND</u>	<u>O APPN</u>	<u>FLD TRNG</u>	<u>CANCLD</u>
1. No. of Gov't B/L's Issued	289	242	19	182	25
2. No. of Gov't T/R's Issued	69	489	937	80	48
3. No. of Gov't M/T's Issued	0	155	568	0	3
4. No. of Gov't B/L's Accomplished (Incoming Shipments)...521					

	<u>INBOUND</u>		<u>OUTBOUND</u>	
	<u>No.</u>	<u>Weight (Lbs)</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Weight (lbs)</u>
5. No. of LCL Shipments	30	45,826	231	254,176
6. No. of LTL Shipments	427	744,991	194	299,056
7. No. of CL Shipments	2	75,476	37	1,718,738
8. No. of TL Shipments	14	229,872	92	4,359,567
9. No. of REA Shipments	67	3,422	87	17,664

WEIGHT OF INBOUND AND OUTBOUND SHIPMENTS FOR SERVICES

	<u>INBOUND WEIGHT (LBS.)</u>	<u>OUTBOUND WEIGHT (LBS.)</u>	<u>COST</u>
1. Chemical	0	148	\$ 155.65
2. Engineer	110,709	4,263	155.50
3. Medical	14,687	1,355	63.56
4. Ordnance	227,409	2,144,059	34,479.64
5. Quartermaster	536,885	31,326	658.40
6. Signal	201,906	4,929	182.32
7. Mixed Shipments	7,656	0	0
8. Air	344	377,008	15,756.98
9. Other Appropriation		218,084	4,330.88
10. Field Training	9g(GROUND)	3,868,029	48,622.33
11. Field Training	(AIR)	0	0

COST OF T/R's

		<u>AIR NG</u>		<u>ARMY NG</u>
REGULAR	No. 65	Cost \$3,409.60	No. 489	Cost \$29,657.53
OTHER APPROPRIATION	No. 94	Cost 20,711.84	No. 847	Cost 44,549.62
FIELD TRAINING	No. 0	Cost 0	No. 80	Cost 148,508.42

APPENDIX "G"

	<u>ON HAND FROM PREVIOUS YR.</u>	<u>REC'D</u>	<u>PROC- ESSED</u>	<u>ON HAND AT END OF YR.</u>
1. BILLS OF LADING FOR FILE (SHIPMENTS TO UNITS)	0	1593	1559	34
2. ASD's FOR FILE (SHIPMENTS TO UNITS)	0	1580	1555	25
3. BILLS OF LADING (SHIPMENTS TO USP&FO)	0	549	549	0
4. ASD's (SHIPMENTS TO USP&FO)	0	635	628	7
5. ACTION COPIES OF B/L's (5 & 6 COPIES)	0	750	739	11
6. REQUESTS FOR BILLS OF LADING (<u>AIR</u>)	3	381	384	0
7. REQUESTS FOR BILLS OF LADING (<u>GROUND</u>)	12	323	324	11
8. FORWARDING ORIGINAL & PROPERTY REC'D. COPIES OF B/L's	0	265	265	0
9. UNUSED TICKETS	2	93	94	1
10. ARRIVAL NOTICES	0	14	14	0
11. REQUESTS FOR POSTAGE	0	802	802	0
12. REQUESTS FOR TOLL TICKETS	0	213	213	0
13. CERTIFICATES OF EXPENDITURE (POSTAGE)	0	118	118	0
14. CORRESPONDENCE (INCOMING)	1	366	366	1
15. CORRESPONDENCE ORIGINATING IN TRANSPORTATION	-	-	352	-
16. NUMBER OF PERSONS COVERED BY SPECIAL ORDERS	30	249	268	11
17. REQUESTS FOR T/R's ON SPECIAL ORDERS	5	4047	4051	1
18. MISCELLANEOUS FILING	0	880	871	9
19. T/R's RETURNED FOR CANCELLATION	2	192	191	3
20. REQUESTS FOR T/R's ON TRAVEL ORDERS	0	200	200	0

APPENDIX "G" (Cont'd)