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	ORAL HISTORY INTERVIEW OF	DAVID FEELEY
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	December 21, 2	005
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1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 (The interview commenced at 10:00 3 a.m.) 4 BY RUSSERT: Okav. This is an 5 interview at the New York State Military Museum, 6 Saratoga Springs, New York, 21st of December 2005 7 approximately 10:00 a.m. Interviewers are Wayne 8 Clark and Mike Russert. 9 BY MR. RUSSERT: 10 Could you give me your -- your 11 full name, date of birth and place of birth, 12 please? 13 A. My name is David Christen Feeley 14 My date of birth is October 11, 1970. I was born 15 in Plymouth, Massachusetts. 16 BY MR. CLARK: 17 0. Okay. What was your -- well, 18 what was your educational background prior to 19 entering service? 20 I went to the State University of 21 New York at Geneseo. I graduated with a commission 22 through the R.O.T.C. program at the Rochester

Institute of Technology in 1993. Attended the

Field Artillery Officer basic course, light fire

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 support officer course and then proceeded to the 3 Second Infantry Division, Korea, where I was 4 platoon leader of Battalion Assistant S-three in 5 the 6th Battalion 37 Field Artillery in Gwangju 6 Korea for eighteen months. Upon returning to the 7 United States I then went to the 10th Mountain 8 Division, Second Battalion, Fifteenth Field 9 Artillery where I served as a light fire support 10 officer, battery executive officer and battalion 11 fire direction officer for a period of just over 12 two years. 13 BY MR. RUSSERT: 14 Could I ask you to go back to 0. 15 Korea and what were some of your duties in Korea? 16 Korea, I was a platoon leader for 17 an M.O.R.S. Platoon, three firing launch, three 18 launchers, usual headquarters Alnix and my unit was 19 stationed in Uijeongbu Korea at Camp Stanley is on 20 the east side of -- of Uijeongbu just north of 21 My total work position was actually on the 2.2 Yeongju and the Hwaseong and we actually looked 23 down into the North Korean Propaganda villages. 24 So, the way that the D.M.Z. runs there on the Gimje

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 the D.M.Z. is actually north-south at that point in
- 3 time. So I could look and I saw the actual fence,
- 4 the -- the lighting on the south side and going up
- 5 towards Camp Osan, Camp Grieves (phonetic spelling)
- 6 and all the rest towards the Joint Security area.
- 7 And then to the west of the fence just on the other
- 8 side of the Paji was just pure darkness and very
- 9 much a -- a there-be-evil kind of things for about
- 10 a year and a half. And then of course to our -- to
- 11 our west was China.
- 12 BY MR. CLARK:
- 13 O. Did you experience any -- any
- 14 sort of problems there or any contact?
- 15 A. There was contact in our area. I
- 16 was not personally involved in direct fire
- 17 engagements. Most of the contact was South Korean
- and North Korean units. It was not heavy by any
- 19 stretch of the imagination. It -- it was sporadic
- 20 and light. By sporadic I mean no more than a
- 21 couple incidents every other month or so. In spite
- 22 of the North Korean threat which was obviously --
- 23 this was during the Crimea crisis, the first crisis
- in 1994 and 1995 and when Kim O. Song (phonetic

Т	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	spelling) died, in spite of that there was not a
3	large amount of contact.
4	I arrived in Korea, landed at
5	Incheon Airport and processed to the Second
6	Infantry Division in June of 1994. Apparently Kim
7	O. Song had died had died during that period and
8	just the last weekend in June I remember sitting in
9	the Camp Stanley P.D.X., which was a quonset hut
10	several quonset huts woven together and covered the
11	necessary thing, and all the American soldiers were
12	in there on a Saturday afternoon watching on the
13	television screen that was there the O.J. Simpson
14	low speed chase through Los Angeles. And all the
15	Koreans were buying canned food and bottled water
16	and watching the Korean newscast. And I asked a
17	Korean what was being said and basically that, you
18	know, the menace to the north, the former dictator
19	to North Korea had died and his insane son had
20	promised to bury his father in the burning heart of
21	Seoul.
22	That night Colonel John Abrams
23	(phonetic spelling), Chief of Staff of the Army,
24	during the Vietnam War and Commander McAvey

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	(phonetic spelling), he was a division commander of
3	Two I.B. at the time, had a party at the C.G.'s
4	mess at Camp Redcloud (phonetic spelling) across
5	town there. And interestingly enough the C.G.'s
6	mess at Camp Redclouds was built more like
7	something you'd see in Germany, like a swiss chalet
8	sort of building, a very steep roof and everything
9	and had a fire pole in it for some odd reason. And
10	Abrams opened the bar, he was behind the bar and
11	there was drinks for everybody. The next morning
12	the Second Division got to the field and we were in
13	the field pretty much three weeks, a month from
14	July '94 into March of '95 because the prime nation
15	time when the rice paddies froze, when the water in
16	the rivers were at the lowest level was wintertime.
17	So, we basically moved out South
18	Korean army portions of it, we moved to the cold
19	war positions. They pretty much lived in it, but
20	they stepped up their reserve mobilization rate.
21	It was a very exciting time.
22	Q. What were your your
23	relationships like with the Korean people?
24	A We had

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	Q. Did you have contact?
3	A. Well, we did. We had, based on
4	the conducive program, Korean Albantist to U.S.
5	service program we actually had embedded in our
6	platoons embedded across the second infantry
7	division Korean soldiers who spoke English. They
8	were actually members of the Korean Army, but they
9	wore U.S. uniforms and Korean rank and they
LO	actually lived in the village with our soldiers.
11	There were only enlisted
12	soldiers. We did not have conducive officers in my
13	battalion. I wasn't aware of any of the units in
14	2-I.B. that did. So, between that one of my first
15	sergeants when I was there actually had been in
16	Korea over seven years, since the '70s. His wife
17	was Korean. Her her extended family was still
18	in the area on Tongyeong. So, we had a lot of
19	contact with the local population.
20	Q. Uh-huh.
21	A. A real break on the the
22	contact with the local population was just that we
23	spent so much time in the field. So, that was
24	really the only thing that stopped us there. But

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 as far as going out with the Korean soldiers and
- 3 learning all about Korea, that was very
- 4 interesting.
- 5 BY MR. RUSSERT:
- Q. You were up at Drum. How long
- 7 were you up there?
- 8 A. About two years. This was -- I
- 9 went to Drum after Somalia and Haiti expecting --
- 10 fully expecting something along the lines of some
- 11 bad to happen again. That was part of the reason I
- volunteered to go to Ft. Drum which is not a
- 13 popular place in the Army just due to the cold.
- 14 Even in the 1990s Tenth Mountain was a heavy
- 15 rotation unit, specifically with -- with -- not
- Bosnia at that point in time, but with Haiti and
- 17 Somalia, as well as doing Turkey during the first
- 18 Gulf war. We expected to be going into Bosnia. I
- remember actually the winter of 1997 I guess, '96,
- 20 '97, training up in the frozen tundra of Ft. Drum
- 21 to go into Rawanda. And the marines had actually
- 22 went and were operating in the forward air base in
- 23 the western part of Kenya and we were getting
- 24 briefs on that and how we were going to deploy to

1 David Feeley ~ 12-21-2005 2 Kenya, use Kenya as a forward station base to go 3 into Rawanda and we did not. 4 The -- the period that we went 5 through our training and the political process 6 basically held off. Then Rawanda Genocide occurred 7 and was something that could have been prevented. 8 By this point in time the --. 9 Q. Why do you think it could have 10 been prevented? 11 Basically people were killing 12 each other with machetes --13 0. Uh-huh. 14 A. -- stones and farm implements and 15 a -- a force the size of the Tenth Mountain 16 wouldn't have had a hard time stopping most of 17 that. When you're talking about a hundred thousand 18 people a week being killed with farm implements 19 it's not very difficult for people with machine 20 guns to stop that. And of course at this point in 21 time the war that's involved, the Congo, Rawanda, 22 partially began to -- had actually killed more 23 people than the first world war by now. And the 24 war crimes trials in Rawanda actually now were

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	starting, perhaps starting like two years ago.
3	Q. What did you do next?
4	A. After that, the army artillery
5	advanced course, Nassau Warfare graduate then the
6	3rd Infantry Division. 3rd Infantry Division just
7	had gotten back from an extended tour in Kuwait
8	based upon the Desert Fox operation executed in
9	late 1998 I believe it was which is a series of
LO	bombings by U.S. forces against high value targets
L1	in Iraq. I arrived at about Thanksgiving time in
L2	1998 at Ft. Stewart Georgia. I was in processing
L3	and they hadn't finished in processing. I actually
1.4	was in line when someone came up, it was very much
15	like Korea, "Get your stuff, we're actually going."
16	I looked at more of the division head and signed
17	it. So, it was okay, we've got you a seat on the
18	plane. And then came the point where we were being
19	told it wasn't a matter of if we were going, it's
20	when we were going. That was my first introduction
21	to some of the war plans for for the defense
22	point initially and then for Desert Crossing, which
23	was the actual original war plan in late 1990s,
24	early 2000 for the invasion of Iraq that was drawn

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1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 up following the Gulf War that involved 3 approximately four hundred to five hundred thousand 4 U.S. troops and with a much larger undertaking than 5 the actual invasion that was eventually executed in 6 2003. 7 And probably the reason I was 8 involved in that was I was the fire control officer 9 for the 3rd Infantry Division and based upon the 10 things that -- based upon the capabilities the 3rd 11 Infantry Division had at the time some of the 12 planning factors we were involved in was striking 13 deep targets to enable air attacks both rotary 14 wing, helicopter, and fixed wing. 15 Okay. And obviously you didn't 16 go at that time? 17 The invasion -- the defense No. Α. 18 in Kuwait and invasion of Iraq did not happen late 19 There was a partial deployment to Kuwait 20 which was a very routine thing in the 3rd Infantry 21 Division. At that point in time we were rotating 22 between 3rd Infantry and the 1st Calvary. 23 spring of the next year was when Kosovo kicked off

and that was -- that was then we were a follow on

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1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 force for Kosovo. Kosovo was primarily the U.S. 2 3 5th corp at that point in time, the 1st Infantry Division and the 101st was scheduled to deploy for 4 5 the actual invasion of Kosovo which did not happen 6 because the problem was solved, was reached. 7 The interesting thing on 8 asymmetric warfare at that point in time, though, 9 even though we were not a first to deploy unit for 10 that mission, the -- the division signal officer 11 was reporting that we were receiving cyber attacks 12 at Ft. Stewart on our unclassified servers at a 13 Bulgaria. It appears to have been connected to 14 with the actual conflict to Kosovo. Everything's 15 connected I quess. 16 O. Yes. Now, you ended up in 17 Kingston from there? 18 I got out of the Army in the Α. 19 spring of 2000, gave a hell of a try to have a 20 civilian career, joined the 1st battalion a 156 21 field artillery headquartered in Kingston, New 22 York. At that point in time the unit had batteries in Newburgh, Kingston, Poughkeepsie and Rochester, 23

New York. The unit actually was slated to

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	deactivated under the A.D.R.S. program by which the
3	Army was going to close down a number of the newer
4	brigades. The 27th brigade was one of those units
5	that was slated to close down. The 27th brigade
6	was was the parent unit to the 156 artillery.
7	We were also scheduled at that point in time to go
8	to J.R.T.C., so I participated in part of the
9	training for Joint Leamous Training Center at Ft.
10	Polk Louisiana. We deployed to Ft. Polk Louisiana
11	in August of 2001. We were home approximately
12	fourteen to sixteen days and then the September
13	11th attacks happened, which pretty much I have
14	been on some sort of duty, federal or state, since
15	September 2001.
16	Q. And what are could you tell us
17	what some of these duties have been?
18	A. Initially I actually worked at
19	the Stewart Air Base basically based upon the Y2K
20	plans that the state had put in place for possible
21	problem based upon computer failure with the change
22	of the century. Several districts had been set up
23	to help coordinate support to civil authorities.
24	Stewart Air Base was the staging base for supplies.

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	equipment, personnel going into New York City at
3	that point in time. And since 156 was a Hudson
4	Valley based unit that was the place where I was
5	assigned to go as a liaison officer. I spent about
6	two or three weeks there escorting units into New
7	York City and into Lower Manhattan, Randalls Island
8	was that and then coordinating units were coming in
9	and dropping and helping to track units that were
10	supposed to return back in home station.
11	After the first four days or so
12	it became obvious that there was a limited amount
13	of space and a lot of equipment and was going to be
14	a long-term recovery operation. So, at that point
15	in time units from the 42nd Engineer Brigade that
16	had been staged at at Ft. or Camp, sorry, at
17	Stewart Air National Guard Base were actually sent
18	back to their home station and put on a rotation
19	schedule and stayed active duty.
20	Starting in October I was asked
21	to be the officer in charge of the provisional
22	rifle company, security company at La Guardia
23	Airport in Queens, New York. Captain Vincent Hines
24	(phonetic spelling) was asked of the 105th

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	Infantry was asked to be the commander for J.F.K.
3	Airport, also in Queens, New York, as Task Force
4	Empire Shield was stood up. That was federal duty
5	on Title 32 and at the same time the 156 was
6	alerted or wooped across the state to the garden
7	variety of installations at that point in time. A
8	large part of the 156 ended up guarding river
9	crossings between Brooklyn, Queens and Manhattan,
10	as well as a very large Con-Edison Plant on the
11	northern part of Queens to the west of Rikers
12	Island.
13	I spent about ten months in
14	command of the security company at La Guardia
15	Airport and then basically started basically got
16	asked if I wanted to be on part of the planning
17	staff for Kosovo. I was having difficulty finding
18	a civilian job at that point in time, so I said
19	yes. And from a position from the planning
20	position for Kosovo I was then mobilized as the
21	fire support officer for 2nd Battalion 108
22	Infantry. That's the unit I deployed to Iraq with.
23	At this point in time the 156 was
24	also in the process of deactivating, as were the

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	other units in the 27th Brigade, all of which the
3	2nd and 108th Infantry was one. But as the Army
4	looked at its inventory of available units, even
5	though we didn't have a equipment they're like find
6	what you can find and get to Ft. Drum and start
7	training and deploy. Other units deployed at that
8	point in time. The 1st Battalion 108th Infantry
9	was activated and sent to Coring air bases in the
10	midwest to augment the Air Force guards. The 1st
11	Battalion 258 actually was activated partly was
12	activated to provide guards for West Point, United
13	States Military Academy and other units were
14	created provision units were created to help
15	augment the U.S. Border Patrol at various crossings
16	to Canada, as well as maintaining anywhere from
17	four hundred to over a thousand soldiers on some
18	sort of state active duty activations in or around
19	Manhattan, as well as at the three nuclear plants
20	in New York State.
21	Is this too much information?
22	BY MR. RUSSERT:
23	Q. No, not at all. Okay. Now
24	now, you were deployed to Iraq and Kuwait

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 Α. Yes. 3 0. -- and --? 4 Α. Yes. 5 Could you tell us what your 6 experience was there? 7 We -- as I said, we were actually 8 in the process of -- we had given most of the 9 equipment of the 1st 156th, away after September 10 11th as part of the plan that had been in place 11 under A.D.R.S. for several years. So, our 12 equipment actually went to the 31st Infantry 13 Brigade, Wisconsin Army National Guard. So, when 14 we got the order to activate we literally were 15 pulled in from -- from wherever. This happened in 16 November of 2003. There were no lieutenants at 17 that point in time left in the unit. They all had 18 been transferred out. 19 I actually was working in the G-3 20 shop of the 42nd Infantry Division at Troy at that 21 point in time, but I was yanked back. And we built 22 the Fire support elements with forty-something 23 soldiers, forty-five soldiers initially. We lost a 24 couple people to medical problems and injuries in

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	training and then we activated in the second week
3	of December 2003 and moved to Ft. Drum. The 2nd
4	108th Infantry had been activated in October. I
5	remember there at Camp Smith Captain Hines was the
6	commander of to fill out 2nd 108th Infantry a
7	large portion of the 105th Infantry had been used.
8	105th was also a unit that was slated to be
9	deactivated.
10	Captain Hines who was given
11	command of most of the 105th Infantry units that
12	were in and around New York City, which I believe
13	were B and C Companies, based on Lexington Avenue
14	in Jamaica, Queens, I remember watching him
15	activate his soldiers with great field Camp Smith
16	and thinking wow, good for them. And I'm going to
17	Kosovo because that's where I'm going at this point
18	in time. That obviously didn't happen, so we
19	like I said, we activated in December. We had a
20	few weeks we trained up, had a short break at
21	Christmas and New Years, did a couple more weeks
22	training in January, went to the Joint range
23	Training Center where we were on official
24	activation paperwork and our command and control

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	was officially through the 30th Brigade North
3	Carolina Army National Guard, which the normal
4	organization, 30th Brigade North Carolina Army
5	National Guard including included an armored
6	battalion out of West Virginia and the rest of
7	their unit out of North Carolina. We were attached
8	based upon just for mobilization purposes.
9	We deployed in February, because
10	it was February 28th that we flew out of Ft. Drum
11	to Kuwait where we moved to Camp Dore (phonetic
12	spelling). We actually met up with the unit that
13	we were going to go into Iraq and serve in Iraq
14	with, that we were actually attached to. That's
15	the 2nd Brigade, First Infantry Infantry
16	Division that was at that point in time based in
17	Schweinfurt West Germany. West was longer
18	accurate.
19	So, when we arrived at Camp Dore
20	we met the 2nd Brigade 1st Infantry Division. We
21	spent approximately twelve to fourteen days there.
22	We crossed the border no actually twelve days.
23	We crossed the border into Iraq on the 11th of
24	March and about forty-eight hours later arrived at

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	our primary base, Fort Operating Base O'Ryan
3	(phonetic spelling). We had as part of the
4	process in the planning process, the 2nd Brigade
5	had gone through, they had planned to cross level
6	platoons and even company size elements from our
7	battalion that was not in the brigade and may
8	not to other units across the brigade's area.
9	So, from the north the 2nd
LO	Brigade was located and had responsibility for
L1	Solidan (phonetic spelling) Providence in the Sunni
L2	(phonetic spelling) Triangle. Solidan province is
l.3	the province directly north of Baghdad and borders
14	Attburo (phonetic spelling) on the west and the
15	southwest and then Bakava (phonetic spelling)
16	province in the southeast of the Tigris and then
L7	also borders the different Kurdis regions in the
18	north and the east. So, I was in the middle of the
19	Triangle. Somora (phonetic spelling) is the
20	largest city in Solidan province which occurred is
21	the capital of Saddam Hussien's domain and Saddam
22	Hussien Kirki because that's where he was from.
23	So, there were larger palaces and
24	the Solidan Provence as well as the home base of at

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	least one Republican Guards Division. And those
3	guys just went home after the war and we'd fought
4	them for a while. As well as some fairly decent
5	sized chemical weapons and weapons of mass
6	destruction storage storage sites.
7	So, we crossed the border,
8	arrived at FOB O'Ryan which was a part of a Iraqi
9	Air Base that was co-named Logistic Support Area
10	Anaconda, which is actually the largest U.S. base
11	in Iraq. The base that we were on, FOB O'Ryan, was
12	a sub installation of Anaconda to make it safer for
13	the aircraft when the base had been built. The
14	ammunition and the fuel storage primary fuel
15	storage sites for the for the air base were
16	located about ten kilometers to the south and
17	that's where we were. We were at the ammunition
18	storage site living in the majority of the
19	soldiers living in the concrete bunkers previously
20	used by the ammunition, the ones that had not been
21	bombed by our forces either in '91 or during Desert
22	Fox.
23	Immediately our Charlie Company,
24	as had been deplanned, in Kuwait, moved north to

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 forward Operating Base Brasiomoran (phonetic
- 3 spelling) and went into Somora and they had the
- 4 most challenging tour of any of our -- any of our
- 5 units.
- Q. In what way?
- 7 A. They had the most contact of
- 8 anybody. They spent their ten months or so in
- 9 contact most of the time. An average day based
- 10 upon what Captain Rodriguez (phonetic spelling),
- 11 the commander of Charlie Chunwaite (phonetic
- 12 spelling) has said, average day can include contact
- 13 five times a day or more. When it came -- U.S.
- 14 forces were actually in and out of Somora based
- upon the intensity of the -- the pressure from the
- 16 various -- various tribal fashions in Somora. In
- 17 July of 2001 -- sorry, July of 2003 -- July of 2004
- when they actually went back in to Somora in
- 19 September and October of 2004 Charlie Chunwaite was
- 20 the main effort for the division going back in.
- 21 They actually seized the Palisene Hotel and several
- 22 sites in immediately in the vicinity of the Blue
- 23 Mosque, which was one of the -- one of the resting
- 24 place for two of the Mosque that are very important

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 if you were a Shite Muslim and the primary religious site in Somora. 3 4 Now, were religious sites like 0. that off limits for you --5 6 Yes, they were. Ο. -- when you were engagement 8 at --? 9 They were very firmly off limits A. 10 for us. 11 0. Uh-huh. 12 And we actually I think were the Α. 13 1st battalion in the brigade to actually do a raid 14 on a mosque and was very firm that U.S. troops 15 could not do that. What we did was we planned and 16 executed along with a company of the Iraqi National 17 Guard that we had assigned to our operations and we 18 were at -- the town that we actually executed that 19 in was Onderjal (phonetic spelling) where the --20 Onderjal was a fairly small town and I'll come back 21 to why Onderjal is so important in a few moments. 22 And Onderial for a fairly small 23 town wasn't seventy thousand people had two 24 different Kurdish communist parties. They -- for a

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	small town they have two different communist
3	parties of an ethnic group that aren't that's
4	not even Onderjal was a Shiite Arab town in the
5	middle of the Sunni Arab Triangle and they had two
6	different Kurdish communist parties in a Sunni and
7	Shiite Arab town in the middle of the Sunni
8	Triangle, it gives you an idea of how working the
9	politics were.
LO	There were several Shiite
L1	religious parties. We had Batter (phonetic
L2	spelling) Corps, which is the armed wing of the
L3	Tagary (phonetic spelling) Supreme Council for
14	Islamic Revolution in Iraq. We had some Al Qaida
L5	operatives that were operating in the town and
16	that's why we raided the mosque, information about
17	Al Qaida operative. As well as just various
18	criminal criminal activities and given the
19	proximity to the air base and the proximity to
20	Baghdad former members of the high ranking
21	members of the Bath Party. Again, this is Solidan
22	Provence and based upon the tribal network
23	basically that party was part of the large extended
24	tribal network. There were people there who had

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	been major generals in the Bath Party who had been
3	high ranking officers in the Republican Guards who
4	had been in the Iraqi Secret Police and various
5	forms and guises.
6	So, between criminal elements
7	criminal regime elements who wanted to get ahead,
8	former regime elements elements who want to
9	fight us, former regime elements who were working
10	with criminals and working with us selling us
11	commodities, especially like things like gravel
12	If you're the U.S. military in Iraq and you're
13	pouring a lot of concrete, you need gravel; right?
14	You're not importing gravel, you're getting local,
15	so whoever controls the gravel controls the source
16	of cash.
17	There was a couple of the raids
18	we executed we found drugs and large, you know,
19	footlockers full of Parkinson's disease medication
20	that was apparently being distributed as a cheap
21	drug, both for people who apparently were addicted
22	as well as because it apparently suppressed fear
23	response it was being given to the people to go
24	make attacks on us. So, a small town, a lot of

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	stuff going on.
3	Q. Uh-huh. Did your unit suffer any
4	casualties?
5	A. We suffered one killed south of
6	Onderjal, Siglin Fredrick Ogatati (phonetic
7	spelling) in October of 2004 and two killed in
8	Somora along with numerous other soldiers wounded
9	in Somora. The two soldiers killed in Somora, the
10	first one was Nathan Brown (phonetic spelling) from
11	Glens Falls area who died on Easter of 2004 and
12	then then Mike Mc Clonnie (phonetic spelling)
13	who died in the Tauseng Hotel which I believe was
14	objective of Washington in the retaking of Somora.
15	Q. Okay.
16	A. There were numerous other
17	soldiers wounded at various points in time. But
18	Ogatati was killed, Sergeant Benjamin Owen
19	(phonetic spelling) of the 156th was wounded in his
20	right arm. As you may have seen the Tom Brokow
21	reports
22	Q. Yes.
23	A that thing on Sunday night,
24	that was some of the soldiers from Charlie Company

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 who were involved in the fighting of Somora. 3 Nathan Brown was the first soldier to die, as I 4 said, around Easter time in 2004. He was 5 apparently killed instantly by an R.P.G. either 6 near miss or direct hit on his body. He was riding 7 the back of a five-ton truck which was what they 8 had available at that time, was not unusual, that 9 had slab-sided steel on it which is not --. 10 Which is what then? Ο. 11 It's good enough solution if 12 you're dealing with AK-47 rounds, but if you're 13 dealing with a R.P.G., which is a weapon system 14 assigned to penetrate armor, it's not going to help 15 you with because you won't hear anything like that. 16 My understanding from talking to 17 the platoon leader, who I believe was Lieutenant 18 Zoe (phonetic spelling), a round actually was fired 19 from the upper story building directly into the bed 20 of the five-ton truck, wounded most of the people 21 in the truck, killing Nathan Brown. The soldiers 22 who were able to, even wounded soldiers, began to 23 return fire. 24 And just as an idea of my

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	understanding of what the contact Charlie Company
3	went through, that platoon had contact two or three
4	more times that day. So, it was a much higher
5	level of contact than what we were experiencing on
6	a normal period in the southern part of Solidan
7	Provence where we were stationed, where we had the
8	northern most villages, northern most towns of
9	Baghdad and the southern most towns of Solidan.
10	Q. Could I ask I was going to ask
11	this later, but you you brought it up.
12	Did you watch the Brokow program?
13	A. I watched most of it. I recorded
14	it.
15	Q. Uh-huh.
16	A. I think that
17	MR. CLARK: Your opinion of it?
18	A. I think that was very good.
19	Q. Uh-huh.
20	A. I think that my personal
20 21	A. I think that my personal background, the vast majority of it is active Army
21	background, the vast majority of it is active Army

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 demilitarized zone, was less than four kilometers
- 3 south of De Mingn (phonetic spelling). and it was
- 4 like -- De Mingn's over there and I'm facing North
- 5 Korea. I had very little doubt that we were going
- 6 to take significant casualties in any sort of
- 7 opening exchange with North Korea.
- 8 O. Uh-huh.
- 9 A. So, my attitude towards some
- 10 things, particularly towards casualties, has been
- 11 confirmed by that experience and by being a 3rd
- 12 Infantry Division expecting to fight in a chemical
- 13 environment in the desert outnumbered and defending
- 14 Kuwait and then attacking into -- into Irag as well
- as what we expected to do in 10th Mountain, which
- 16 was either something along the lines of Haiti or
- 17 Somalia or Rawanda where we expected to fight. The
- soldiers who joined the National Guard didn't
- 19 necessarily expect to fight until after September
- 20 11th. That said, you cannot say enough about the
- 21 adaptability, the personal determination and the --
- the skills that our soldiers brought to the table.
- 23 2108th can be safely described as a gifted unit in
- 24 many ways. The skill sets that the soldiers

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 brought to the table and the adaptability, the 3 civilian experience and maturity that the soldiers 4 brought to the table was exceptional and really 5 made a difference not just in our ability to fight, 6 but in our ability to engage the Iraqi public and our ability to not kill a lot of innocent 7 8 It was very frightening, confusing, civilians. 9 terrifying environment and the maturity level 10 displayed by our soldiers as well as by the N.C.O.s 11 and junior leaders really made a huge difference. 12 BY MR. CLARK: 13 O. What did you find to -- to be the 14 greatest threat? Was it from ambushes, roadside 15 bombings or from sniper attacks combinations of the 16 two? 17 I -- I would not classify -- I Α. 18 know people use the term sniper, I would not 19 classify anything that I saw in Iraq other than our 20 operations as sniper. The sniper is someone who 21 actually is trained to fire a specialized weapon. 22 I would classify a lot of it as inaccurate rifle 23 fire, you know, as -- as someone who is on drugs or 24 anyone randomly shooting an AK-47 is not a sniper.

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 BY MR. RUSSERT:
- 3 Q. Okay. Because I -- I did hear on
- 4 the news, you know, various people that they would
- 5 profile that were killed, they would say by a
- 6 sniper fire.
- 7 A. I understand and that's a very
- 8 broad term. Again, we did capture Russian sniper
- 9 rifle, at least one in our area. But as far as
- 10 accurate precision rifle fire, that was not what we
- 11 typically encountered. What we typically
- 12 encountered was spray and pray on the part of the
- 13 Iraqi's. And I understand that the press uses the
- 14 term sniper, but I think, you know, just this is
- 15 important to -- to make that distinction. A
- soldier like Mike Devonnie who was killed when
- going to Somora, he had a rifle round that my
- 18 understanding the AK-47 round penetrated the weak
- 19 spot in body armor under -- underneath his left
- armpit immediately destroying his heart and both
- 21 his lungs. You know, that was part of a six-hour
- 22 fire fight with automatic weapons with the support
- of attack helicopters, you know, a company sized
- 24 fire fight for six hours. I'm sure that somebody

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2. could call it sniper fire, but it was a lot of 3 exchange of a lot of rounds. 4 And just again, going back to 5 the -- the -- the soldiers, the 218 I think it says 6 a great deal that a active Army division selected a 7 National Guard company to be the main effort for the largest operation that unit had done since the 9 actual breach into -- into Iraq in 1991. 10 retaking of Somora was the largest operation that 11 2nd -- that 1st Infantry Division had conducted in 12 about fifteen years, and certainly one of the most 13 important that was conducted during the time in 14 Iraq and that Charlie Chuna Lai was selected to be 15 the main effort for that says a great deal about 16 the skill that the soldiers brought, the 17 determination the soldiers brought to the table. 18 How did you -- you know, it was Ο. 19 on the news quite a bit on -- about the body armor 20 and the armor on -- on the vehicles. 21 The body armor I thought was --22 was very good. The -- the body armor was much 23 better than what I had when I was -- most of the 24 time I was on active duty. When I was in Korea we

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 had the ranger body armor, which was a very heavy
- 3 plate front and back, virtually no neck protection
- 4 and certainly nothing on the sides. And so that's
- 5 what I had when I was in the 2nd Infantry Division.
- 6 When I was in 10th Mountain Division we commonly
- 7 trained -- excuse me, in the older Keflar vest that
- 8 provided better all -- all around protection, but
- 9 did not provide the same sort of chest protection
- 10 against -- against a round.
- 11 O. Uh-huh.
- 12 A. It provided neck and protection
- against, you know, shrapnel. The interceptor body
- 14 armor that we were issued before going into Iraq
- 15 had, you know, chest protector as well as the --
- the plate in back that provided protection of up to
- seven point six two bold and had, you know, a neck
- 18 collar, a throat piece you could wear, most
- soldiers do not wear that, as well as a -- a flap
- of protective loin. The weakness was obviously on
- 21 the sides, but I would rate the body armor superior
- 22 to anything that I had been issued by the Army up
- 23 to that point in time.
- 24 And as we were there these

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	soldiers were issued more body armor to improve
3	even more, particularly our most vulnerable
4	soldiers, which were the gunners on the vehicles,
5	were issued additional Keflar pads for their arms
6	which did restrict their movement and were hotter,
7	but provided significantly more a great deal
8	more protection for their arms as well as the
9	gunners target they were issued steel purposely
10	manufactured steel plates to protect their sides as
11	well as wore gun shields to protect them on their
12	front. And there were pads that became available
13	on a limited basis to help protect the vulnerable
14	spot here.
15	If I could discuss I'd like
16	Onderjal and threat levels after this question.
17	Q. So so actually your unit
18	didn't experience a lot of the equipment shortages
19	that?
20	A. That is not true because I'm just
21	talking about body armor right now. Personally I
22	crossed the border into from Kuwait into Iraq in
23	the same Humvee that we had brought from they
24	had gone through all of our stuff at the National

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 Guard, so you can maintain yourself, all the way
- 3 through G.R.T.C. and everything else like that. We
- 4 had vinyl doors and a plywood build up on the back
- 5 of my truck with sand bags.
- 6 BY MR. RUSSERT:
- 7 Q. I was going to ask then about the
- 8 vehicle armor and that was --?
- 9 A. That was nickel chrome and that
- 10 was part of the problem also that was brought out
- 11 with the -- Nathan Brown where again the slab side
- of steel on the five-ton were, you know, this -- I
- did not personally ever see this five-ton that
- 14 Nathan Brown died in, I saw other vehicles that
- were similarly armored. I'd like everybody to
- 16 understand I never saw that vehicle that Nathan
- 17 Brown was killed in. Five-tons that I rode in that
- we had at a different location, the armor was
- generally less than the width of my thumb. Okay.
- 20 Which again provides significant protection against
- 21 an AK-47 round, all ammunition, but is not going to
- 22 provide you with protection against something
- 23 larger.
- Q. Like a fifty caliber would

David Feeley - 12-21-2005 1 2 penetrate that? 3 Well, a seven six two round from 4 machine gun might penetrate that and depending upon 5 the ubiquity. Part of the problem too is a 6 roadside bomb, if you're talking a flat surface, it is that the armor won't just be overwhelmed by the 8 blast, it is that the armor will potentially become 9 sparl itself, but that if you were in a five-ton 10 vehicle which is to start off with, you know, chest 11 high off the ground is where the crew compartment 12 is, you're going to have some blast effect coming 13 up underneath the floorboards and -- and like that. 14 So, it's difficult to do something in the five-ton 15 to make it a safe vehicle for soldiers. 16 And it's not the war we expected 17 to fight by any stretch of the imagination. 18 when the 10th Mountain was in Haiti and Somalia it 19 was, you know, take the vinyl doors off so you can 20 get up quick and you know, riding around with the 21 wooden seats in the back facing outward. That was 22 really what the 10th Mountain fought with in 23 Somalia and what they fought with in Haiti and they had -- you know, if we have contact in Haiti, then 24

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 what we fully expected to utilize if we had gone to 3 The up armored Humvees really didn't come into the inventory until after Somalia and then 5 only limited issue items, what they called theater 6 provided items for people who deployed to Bosnia to 7 protect against mines and the like. O. Now, initially you -- you 8 referred to the first planning you talked about 9 10 five hundred thousand going into --11 Α. I think --. 12 0. -- Iraq. Do you think that the 13 problem was that we didn't send enough troops in 14 initially? 15 I think that it's better not to 16 talk to me. 17 Q. Okay. 18 You -- you did say the 19 intelligent thing to do would be to go and look at 20 the statements that have been made by General Zini 21 (phonetic spelling) and other people who were 22 intimate with the planning. I was aware of Desert 23 Crossing --24 Uh-huh. 0.

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	A which was the plan.
3	Q. Right.
4	A. And you know, I guess five, ten
5	years from now can all come down and sit down and
6	talk about it, but I think the intelligent thing
7	would be to look at the SETCOM commander at the
8	time of Desert Fox, the person who had a great deal
9	of influence on the writing and preparation of
10	Desert Crossing was Marine Corps General Zini,
11	Anthony Zini. And he has made some statements
12	about that and some other people have made some
13	professional statements about that, not political
14	statements about that. Because ultimately we're
15	going to have to sit down and talk about what we've
16	done in Iraq and how it affects the other other
17	countries in the Middle East and how we have
18	potentially advanced our own national interests or
19	not.
20	At this point in time the
21	counting of the December 14th ballot in Iraq is
22	going on and while the main Shiite religious
23	parties now call themselves United Iraqi Alliance.
24	It is still scary as the primary party, Supreme

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	Council for Islamic Revolution in Iraq that is
3	headed by a group of Ayatollah's (phonetic
4	spelling), so we're going to have to to think
5	about okay, how do we interact with a potentially
6	majority religious Shiite religious government
7	in Iraq, okay, and how do we help protect our
8	interests and the interest of United Iraq in that
9	environment, especially because one of the
10	platforms that's scary is to hold onto their
11	personal worship and they have worked very hard to
12	infiltrate the Iraqi security forces with members
13	of Bathe reporter.
14	Q. Were you did you have much
15	contact with the employees of Halliburton (phonetic
16	spelling) that were security people there in
17	the?
18	A. Halliburton rules and the rules
19	that the U.S. Army had were very, very strict. I
20	actually did have some interaction with some
21	Halliburton employees. One of them actually had
22	been one of my instructors when I was at the
23	R.O.T.C. unit at Rochester in the Institute of
24	Technology. He was a Special Forces sergeant major

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	and they were very strictly not allowed to have
3	weapons under any circumstances. So, when you had
4	the security personnel for Halliburton were not
5	armed, okay, and were interacting with us and
6	making sure that, you know, this they were
7	concerned about their employees obviously, but they
8	were not armed. They they did not want to be
9	armed. They understood their role and they
10	understood that they they could not be. There
11	were other personnel not part of Halliburton or
12	Kelvin, Brock&Root who were paid security
13	Q. Uh-huh.
14	A carrying weapons. We
15	interacted on a couple of occasions with the
16	Becktel Corporation that was building a water
17	treatment plant in Onderjal and was one of the
18	first water treatment plants that they were
19	building outside of Baghdad Providence. It was
20	actually a fairly large project. They had a number
21	of paid security personnel working for them, the
22	majority of whom were former British military. So,
23	there were those personnel, but did not have
24	interaction you know, Halliburton, just to be

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 clear, didn't have one pro-sem-anon.
- 3 BY MR. CLARK:
- Q. Uh-huh. Okay. But how do you
- 5 feel about these armed security personnel that were
- 6 there?
- 7 A. They were highly professional,
- 8 the ones that we dealt with. They were -- they
- 9 were effective, their job was to protect their
- 10 principle. I know there's been a number of things
- 11 out there about whatever they've done. The -- my
- 12 limited experience, they were professional, they
- were there to protect their principle, they got in,
- 14 they got out, that was it.
- 15 **BY MR. RUSSERT:**
- 16 O. Okay. All right. I quess is
- 17 there anything else you want to talk about, what
- 18 your experience has been?
- 19 A. Probably I guess two things, that
- again we were talking about protection in vehicles,
- 21 over time our vehicle situation got much better in
- 22 that I don't think that -- while I understand it's
- very painful for the family members of the soldiers
- 24 who were wounded, it certainly was not the greatest

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	thing in the world, that we had to fight with what
3	we had and that as the equipment situation improved
4	it was improved across the board. So, the main
5	effort for the division was Somora. The 1st
6	Battalion 26th Infantry of which Charlie Company
7	2108 was attached, so you know, naturally with the
8	highest amount of contact, the highest amount of
9	risk they received a slightly larger amount of
LO	equipment than anyone else. So, I think that makes
11	sense as you look at the threat level.
L2	We eventually did get to the
L3	point where we were fully traveling in armored
l 4	vehicles that were either add-on armored kits or
15	were purpose built armored Humvees and the like.
L6	There were a couple of vehicles that we had that
L7	were only being used to transport supplies
18	primarily back and forth between Anaconda and
19	O'Ryan that still had the homemade steel on them,
20	not homemade steel, but steel welded onto the
21	vehicles. But by the time we left Iraq we had
22	our our armor situation had greatly improved.
23	You'd asked about the threat
24	level and different kinds of threats. I think

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	trying to describe the threat level in Iraq is very
3	difficult because it varies a great deal in the
4	area that you're in. For us in our area we only
5	had company size contact, direct fire contact
6	during the Easter weekend period where it appeared
7	that that elements were attempting to transit
8	our area since we were directly north of Fallujah
9	up by Iraq and Baghdad attempting to transfer our
LO	area to go into Fallujah. Other than that the
L1	majority of the contact in our area was Delta
12	Company had in the southern part of of our A.O.
13	on the main highway from Baghdad to Mosel, It was
L4	mostly direct fire contact, the vast majority at
15	night, and a typical fire fight lasted less than
16	my understanding, lasted less than fifteen minutes.
17	The tactics shifted to more
18	I.E.D.'s. The again the maturity and attention
19	to detail on the part of the Delta Company soldiers
20	really saved themselves a great deal saved their
21	lives where to to the point where they
22	actually recognized when rocks were out of place or
23	things of that nature. So, I would look at the
24	transition from direct fire contact to I.E.D.'s as

24

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	being success for Delta Company's engagements with
3	the enemy. The enemy made a survivability choice
4	because we were killing more of them than they
5	wanted to have killed.
6	In the northern part of our area
7	of operations B Company spent a great deal of our
8	time just south of the which is the support area
9	in Anaconda focused on counter and border
10	operations. Airfield Anaconda was a major supply
11	hub. It was home of the F-16 wing that was
12	operating in Iraq, home of a again, the largest
13	U.S. base in Iraq and very important especially for
14	fuel transit and distribution of supplies. It was
15	being mortared routinely. The majority of the
16	rounds were coming in from the north on both sides
17	of the of the river in the area of Task Force
18	Tacoma and Task Force 77th Armored.
19	So, if you were in Anaconda the
20	primary threat was mortar or rocket rounds. If you
21	were out on M.S.R. Tampa the primary threat
22	initially was direct fire engagements and I.E.D.'s
23	and then shifted to I.E.D.'s. If you were in

Somora where Charlie Company was it varied with --

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	between direct fire engagements, small bombs, large
3	bombs, mortar attacks and suicide car bombs. I
4	personally was only suicide car bombed once and
5	there was another suicide car bomb in Onderjal
6	against the city against the C.S.C. council
7	building and there were several I believe two
8	against the northern gate of Logistics Support Area
9	Anaconda.
10	Of those five attacks that I'm
11	talking about, two of them were focused against the
12	Iraqi's sorry, three of them were focused
13	against the Iraqi's and two at Logistics Support
14	Area Anaconda were were during the shift change
15	times when Iraqi civilians were working on the base
16	were leaving the north gate. And the it appears
17	that the intent was to intimidate Iraqi citizens
18	and prevent them from interacting with the
19	Americans.
20	The one against the city city
21	council building in in Onderjal was obviously
22	against interactions with the Iraqi government.
23	The one that I personally was involved in with
24	Delta Company, that was where Delta Company

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 successfully intercepted a car bomb that appeared 3 to be headed towards Baghdad and were either the weapons fire from Delta Company or the suicide car 5 bombers body was just going to initiate it good 6 enough, cause that weapon to explode -- the suicide 7 car bomb to explode before it was able to hit its 8 intended target. So, of those, the majority 9 were -- appeared to be against Iragi's. 10 O. So, that last one you're talking 11 about there weren't any casualties outside of the 12 bomber? 13 Α. They had -- the bomber was the 14 only casualty. We found sizzling chunks of him on 15 everybody's truck, but nobody was hurt. We -- we 16 had stopped and the first vehicle was trying to 1.7 dismount to -- to flag the guy down. I was in the 18 second vehicle. The first vehicle was also a 19 hundred meters away from the car bomb when it went 2.0 off. They were engaging since -- they were 21 engaging. I actually was on the driver's side of 22 the vehicle. I was watching my lane. I had a 23 clear shot and I was watching my lane because they 24 were engaging the target. The amount of time it

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	took me to to look at the car bomb, see where
3	they're engaging and then focus on my lane, the
4	round went off, the artillery rounds that were in
5	the suicide car bomb went off. And it wasn't like
6	I heard shrapnel whizzing or anything like that or
7	even that I really remember the sound too much,
8	it's just the fire ball and there's stuff
9	everywhere and nobody's hurt. That's a win.
10	The importance of Onderjal if I
11	can just say in closing, and I had mentioned
12	Captain Vincent Hines previously and some of the
13	skill sets that that the the National Guard
14	brought to the table. The skill sets that were
15	Q. Excuse me. Was he a a guard?
16	A. He was a guardsman with the 105th
17	Infantry. When when we mobilized to fill out
18	the 108th Bravo Charlie, 105th Infantry we
19	consolidated with the 108th and then deployed.
20	Captain Hines had primary responsibility for the
21	town of Onderjal. In 1982 there was a botched
22	assassination attempt by citizens in Onderjal
23	against Saddam Hussien. Again Onderjal was a
24	predominately Shiite town in the middle of the

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	Sunni Triangle. Retribution was pretty swift and
3	pretty horrific. The current war crimes trial,
4	crimes against humanity trial that was going on
5	against Saddam Hussien and so the senior leaders
6	Hussien, his half brother, was based upon the
7	actions of A Company gathering statements and
8	building that case against Saddam Hussien.
9	The A Company commander, Captain
LO	Vincent Hines, is an assistant district attorney in
L1	Manhattan. Most of his senior leaders are either
L2	state troopers or law enforcement officers in New
L3	York City, cops. So, you basically had a group, a
L4	D.A. and a bunch of cops who spent almost a year
L 5	fighting the enemy and building a case against
L6	Saddam Hussien that's being tried right now. So,
L7	when you look at the contribution of the 2108th
L8	Infantry and the soldiers in the New York Army
L9	National Guard to what happened in the Solidan
20	Provence right there, again, on the tactical side
21	Charlie Company and 2108th was the main effort to
22	go into Somora. And Alpha Company, the skill sets
23	they brought to the table is going to have a
24	lasting effect on the future of Iraq just based

1

2 upon the war crimes trial of Saddam Hussien. 3 Okay. You answered a guestion. I was going to ask you why he was the right guy in 4 5 the right place. You -- you answered that. 6 One other thing you mentioned is 7 that you said you had no injuries other than from 8 the normal illnesses due to eating local food. 9 Α. We --. 10 Was that in Iraq or --? Q. 11 My -- my fire support --12 assistant fire support officer, Tom Woods (phonetic 13 spelling), had volunteered to clothe us. He was 14 actually from the 258th Artillery, which is now the 15 last artillery unit left in New York. He actually 16 was on Cipro about five different times just from 17 local illnesses, from, you know, having a social 18 engagement with the Iraqi's, shared food. 19 Personally I was on Cipro I guess like two or three 20 times from the same sort of thing. 21 What type of food --? Ο. 22 You were okay as long as you Α. 23 avoided any of their sort of meat products. One of 24 the civil action projects that -- that Tom actually

David Feeley - 12-21-2005

Т	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	spearheaded along with A Company was cleaning up
3	the local slaughter house. You know, without
4	electricity, without running water it's really
5	difficult to keep anything clean. And if you're
6	there killing animals in an unsanitary environment,
7	slaughtering animals in an unsanitary environment
8	and cutting and trimming that into a meat product
9	for somebody's home, that has a huge potential to
10	go wrong.
11	We actually had a one of the
12	last social functions we had with the Iraqi's was
13	in the city council building after it had been car
14	bombed. You know, we were walking around this
15	crunching glass in the floor and there was a series
16	of tables set up on the first floor and the food
17	was laid out. And of course the outrageous price
18	of we paid and it was lamb and various pickled
19	vegetables. And it was just covered with flat
20	bread and you know, flies and whatever else and
21	there was no refrigeration, it was out for over an
22	hour. I don't know how long it had been before
23	where it had been stored before, wherever else, so,
24	you know, the bright idea stay with the pickled

1. David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2. vegetables and avoid meat products and you'll be 3 just fine. 4 Okav. When did you leave Iraq? Ο. 5 I flew out of Irag on the 23rd of 6 December 2004. And we first landed in Frankfurt 7 West Germany to refuel and then we landed again to 8 refuel in Bangor Maine just after -- actually the 9 30th -- we actually arrived just after midnight on 10 the 1st of January 2005 at Bangor Maine. We were 11 greeted by the Adjunct General of the state of 12 Maine along with a number of veterans, local 13 veterans as part of the local welcoming Committee 14 and that was really just a local thing for them. 15 Then we arrived at Ft. Drum New York. We spent 16 about two weeks, ten days, at Ft. Drum New York and 17 then we were released back to our home station in 18 early --. 19 What is your present assignment? 20 I am presently the Marginal 21 Coordination Officer for the state of New York and 22 working the Joint Operations Shop for the State 23 Military Headquarters and I'm also the Operations 24 Officer for the 1st Battalion 258th Artillery.

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	The the as I had said earlier, there was a
3	reorganization of New York Army National Guard that
4	had been planned before 9/11. Since the
5	mobilizations had been happening there is another
6	reorganization that's going to cross the entire
7	Army National Guard and part of my job is actually
8	to coordinate and and to ensure that stays on
9	track so we can produce combat forces as part of
10	the ongoing local Militari.
11	BY MR. RUSSERT:
12	Q. Okay. All right. Well, thank
13	you very much. Did you have any photographs or
14	anything that you would?
15	A. I actually I've got some of my
16	fund drive, but not too many.
17	Q. Okay.
18	A. I forgot to bring my camera. I
19	apologize.
20	Q. Okay. Well, thank you very much
21	for the interview.
22	A. Thank you.
23	Q. I know we were talking about that
24	A. Well, and this

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	Q. Okay.
3	A. Thank you gentlemen just for
4	allowing me one last chance to say something. And
5	it's just I guess two things I'd like to say in
6	closing again is that the the the
7	adaptability of the soldiers, there can't be enough
8	said about that, both in what they are able to do
9	to make the scope of this war a safer, more
10	effective location. The the skill sets the
11	soldiers brought to the table, especially when you
12	have law enforcement officers who had a had the
13	right skill set to go out and conduct
14	investigations which is what a lot of what they
15	did amounted to, to find and identify what was
16	going on and identify any personnel.
17	And the other piece I just want
18	to bring up was that people have asked repeatedly
19	what Iraq was like and and I would just like to
20	say on on my behalf that that part of my
21	professional military experience involved Iraq and
22	officers from different militaries. Whether that's
23	Filipino officers, Brazilian, Israeli, Egyptian,
24	and Iraq is a lot like a number of other places.

1 David Feeley - 12-21-2005 2 It just makes the news well. And it also just like 3 car bombing, terrorism and the rest. 4 For example, I was -- I spent 5 almost a year in school with a Brazilian officer 6 from Oklahoma and he had a -- a certain level of 7 possible contact with the federal gangs in Rio de 8 He had also had contact -- heavy contact Janeiro. 9 with large bands of well trained gorillas along the 10 border that Brazil has with Venezuela and Columbia 11 and professionally been involved with Venezuelan 12 officers who would operate along the -- again in 13 the jungle along the border with Columbia, 14 Venezuela and Brazil who actually encountered 15 better -- gorillas that were better equipped and 16 actually had armored vehicles -- light armored 17 vehicles and had heavier weapons than the 18 Venezuelan Army. 19 So, when people ask what Iraq is 20 like I would tell you it's like Rio de Janeiro when 21 you get outside the tourist areas. It's like parts 22 of Johannesburg South Africa, it's like parts of a 23 number of areas if you take a wrong turn down a 24 wrong street. And I would just like to be clear

- 1 David Feeley 12-21-2005
- 2 about that.
- 3 O. Uh-huh.
- 4 A. And also just I discussed that in
- 5 the last team of our soldiers and myself had gotten
- 6 sick at different points and just based upon my own
- 7 family's experiences, that it's -- that some of the
- 8 sanitary practices I don't think should be chalked
- 9 up to these -- those people or anything else like
- that, that it's not unlike around the '50s or '60s.
- 11 It's not unlike parts of Bosnia and Kosovo today if
- 12 you talk to American soldiers serving in those
- 13 locations. So, when we talk about Iraq I would
- 14 hope that people would understand that there are
- 15 certainly things about Iraq that are uniquely
- 16 Iraqi, but that the violence level, some of the
- sanitary problems that you're encountering, some of
- 18 the corruption problems that they're encountering
- 19 and that we are encountering with them, are not in
- 20 no way unique to people who are Muslim and Arab.
- 21 I'd just like to make sure that -- that I said
- 22 that.
- Thank you, gentlemen.
- 24 BY MR. RUSSERT:

1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	Q. Okay. Thank you. I'm I'm
3	going to ask one last
4	A. Okay.
5	Q. How do you think your time
6	you're still in the service, but how do you think
7	it's influenced your life?
8	A. I haven't lived in one place for
9	more than eighteen months since Camp Stanley Korea,
10	that there's a lot of moving, especially when I was
11	on active duty where we in the 10th Mountain
12	Division, 3rd Infantry Division, while we were gone
13	usually for training about anywhere from fifty to
14	sixty percent of the year. So, it's certainly made
15	me a vagabond of some sorts. It's expanded my
16	world view in many ways the in the interactions
17	I've had with other officers, the travel I've done,
18	you know, both personal, pleasure, professional
19	travel and then, you know, actual military
20	engagements has certainly expanded my world view.
21	And again I'd just like to stress
22	that some of the things that are being encountered
23	in Iraq are not necessarily unique to people in
24	Iraq because they're Muslim or Arab, that a lot of

Τ	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	these things are being overcome and can be
3	overcome, but that that we should be very
4	cautious about letting people off because they're
5	from a certain part of the world or because we
6	judge things to be too hard.
7	MR. RUSSERT: Okay. Well, thank
8	you very much.
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1	David Feeley - 12-21-2005
2	This is a transcription of the audio
3	provided to us. It is completed to the best of our
4	skill and ability. The transcript consists of
5	pages 1 through 57 inclusive.
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