

THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN



February, 1931



OFFICIAL
STATE PUBLICATION



15c The Copy

ALEXANDER DIMBACH

RIDING INSTRUCTOR

60 WEST 66th STREET

NEW YORK CITY



**HORSES RENTED
BY
THE HOUR**

**HORSES RENTED
FOR
PARADES**

**ALL BRANCHES of
the CIVIL SERVICE**

THE DELEHANTY INSTITUTE

115 EAST 15th ST. NEW YORK CITY

Telephone, STuyvesant 9-6310

The NEW YORK

© National Guardsman ©

NEW YORK

OFFICIAL STATE PUBLICATION

VOLUME SEVEN

NUMBER ELEVEN

Contents for February, 1931

PAGE	PAGE		
NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS IN ANNUAL MEETING	3	HOW WE STAND	20
DISTINCTIVE REGIMENTAL UNIFORMS.....	7	INDEX TO ADVERTISERS	20
RICOCHETS FROM HERE AND THERE.....	9	AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OF ATTENDANCE FOR DECEMBER	21
THE NEW CAVALRY ARMORY AT UTICA.....	10	MILITARY BALL OF SIXTY YEARS AGO.....	25
1930-31 INDOOR RIFLE TOURNAMENT AT AUBURN	11	NOW MAJOR "LARRY" BROWER.....	27
EDITORIAL PAGE	12	THE STOEGER .22 CALIBRE ATTACHMENT....	28
GENERAL HASKELL'S EDITORIAL.....	13	NEW YORK AT THE COAST ARTILLERY SCHOOL	29
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S PAGE	14	SMALL ARMS PROFICIENCY PRIZE WINNERS 1930	31
THE WHOLE GUARD ON REVIEW.....	15	THE BIRTH OF THE .22 CALIBRE SPRINGFIELD RIFLE	32
ONE OF OUR POPULAR LIEUT. COLONELS.....	18		
KEEP SMILING	19		

THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN:

Room 782, State Office Building, 80 Centre Street, New York City

"It will be strictly non-political; it will not attempt to exploit any theme or theory on partisan lines; it will religiously refrain from 'underwriting' the ambitions or activities of any individual, public or private, it will be severely independent, making its appeal to the interests of the readers rather than to the vanity of those in charge; it will encourage that training which no successful business man can ignore if he desires his employees to be better disciplined and trained to give 100 per cent of duty to all work entrusted to them—it will be a vehicle for the propagation of one policy and only one: Better Guardsmanship and Better Citizenship!"

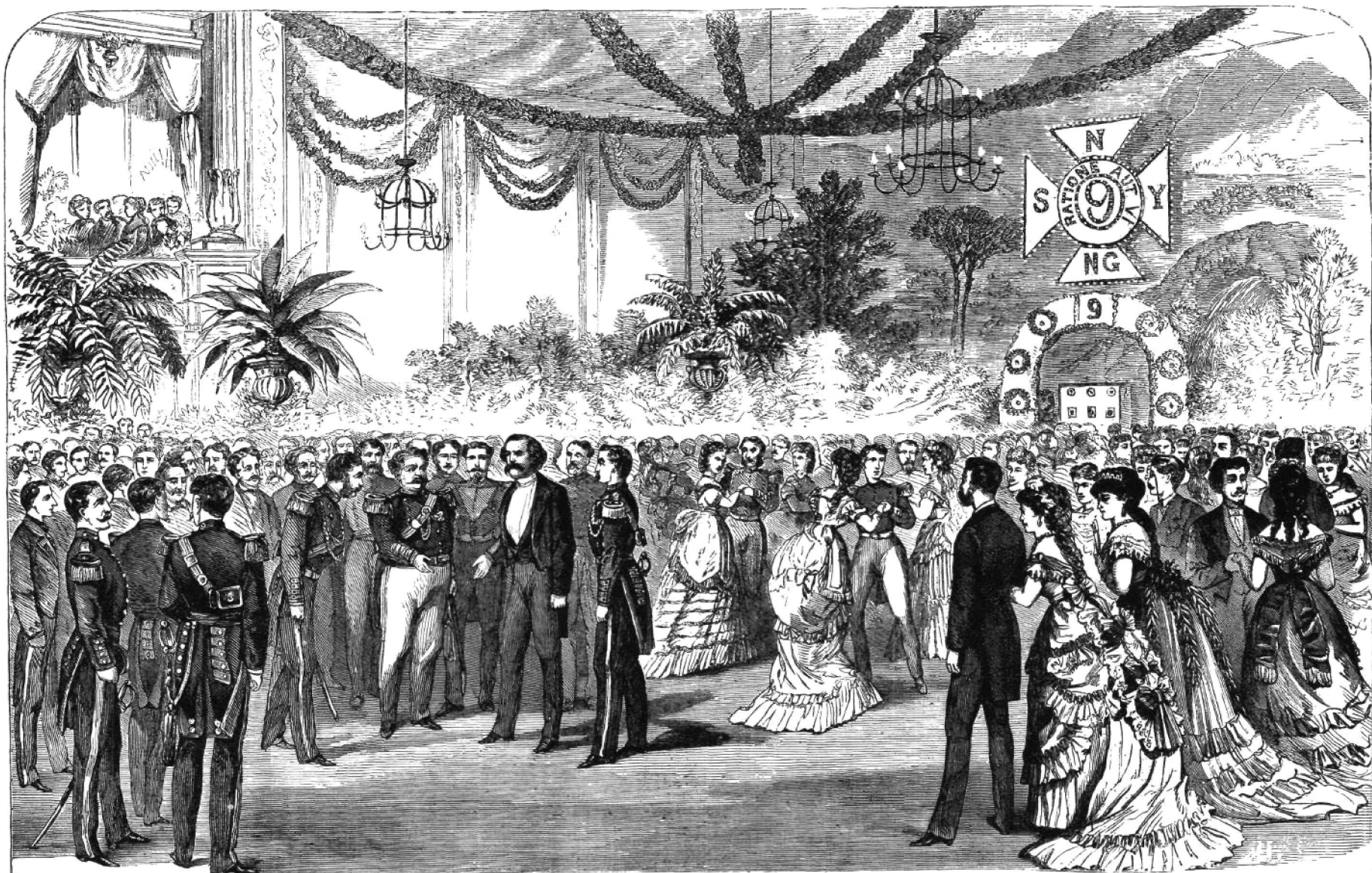
LIEUT.-COL. FRED M. WATERBURY, *Editor*

LIEUT.-COL. HENRY E. SUAVET,
Business Manager, Headquarters New York National Guard

Room 742, State Office Building, 80 Centre Street, New York City

THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN is the only publication authorized by the National Guard of the State of New York. It is published monthly and distributed to all active Guardsmen. Subscription by

mail, for Non-Guardsmen, \$1.50 a year; Canada, \$2; Foreign, \$2.50. Subscriptions are payable in advance. Single copies, price 15 cents. Advertising rates on application. Printed in New York City.



127

RECEPTION OF THE NINTH REGIMENT, N. Y. S. N. G., HELD AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, ON FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1870—COLONEL J. FISK, JR., INTRODUCING HIS STAFF TO GOVERNOR HOFFMAN.

(See Page 25).

National Guard Officers in Annual Meeting

THE annual convention of the National Guard Association of the State of New York, held at Hotel Seneca in Rochester, January 9th and 10th, was an exceptionally well conducted affair in charge of the President, Col. Walter A. De Lamater of New York, and the Secretary, Maj. William J. Mangine of Albany. Some five hundred officers from all sections of the State attended. The Rochester welcome was enthusiastic and the speeches at both business sessions and banquet were exceptionally pleasing and instructive.

The meeting opened in the ballroom of the hotel at eleven o'clock Friday. Chaplain Robert A. Brown of the 71st Infantry giving the invocation. President De Lamater then appointed a committee to escort the Hon. Isaac Adler, Vice-Mayor of Rochester and the representative of the Rochester Chamber of Commerce, before the convention, who welcomed the delegates to the City of Rochester most cordially.

Brig. Gen. William F. Schohl, commanding the 52nd Field Artillery Brigade, and a former president of the National Guard Association, responded for the delegates.

After the appointment of committees—Col. Fred'k A. Baldwin to head the Resolutions Committee, Col. Ralph A. Tobin the Committee on Time and Place, Col. Lucius A. Salisbury the Committee on Nominations, and Col. J. Townsend Cassidy the Committee on Audit, the convention adjourned until 2 P. M.

In the afternoon, Maj. Gen. William N. Haskell was introduced and stressed some points on next summer's training schedule as well as calling for more cooperation on everyone's part to make THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN a better magazine.

Maj. Gen. Franklin W. Ward, the Adjutant General, was next introduced and brought to the delegates a personal message from the Commander-in-Chief, Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt. He laid before the delegates a scheme, initiated by the Governor, of increasing the National Guard to double its size by inaugurating a unit and organization reserve from members leaving the Guard. Each unit to build up a list of its ex-members, with their consent, so in case of the active troops leaving the Armory in time of emergency, the reserve unit would step in and

carry on. It seemed to strike a very popular sentiment of approval.

Col. Alexander J. Macnab, Jr., our Senior Instructor, was next introduced and kept the keen attention of all as he "tore the lid off" of, as he expressed it, "the five-foot book of shelves" containing the training regulations, pleading for a small training manual containing the essentials every officer would want to know and could carry in his pocket—a small manual being all he would need for such purpose. "Sandy" is always good and the officers would have been satisfied to have remained in their seats and foregone the banquet if he would have continued his salvos of things that were and the commonplace things that should supplant them in simplified training that would fit soldiers for battle essentials.

The report of the treasurer, Capt. Joseph F. Flannery, showed that after starting his first year with a balance of about forty dollars he finished the year with over \$700 to the good. In other words, he collected dues from organizations whose checks had been collecting cob-webs. His administration was commended by the President and heartily encored by the members.

Many prominent guests of the convention were introduced by President De Lamater after which the convention adjourned for the banquet and its final session on Saturday morning.

The banquet in the evening was a splendid one, and was interspersed with a good program of dance specialties by a bevy of attractive young dancers. The after-dinner speakers selected by Toastmaster DeLamater kept everyone's attention throughout.

The Hon. F. Trubee Davison, Assistant Secretary of War, gave some inside facts on military aviation and especially lauded the work of the 27th Division Aviation Corps.

Maj. Gen. William G. Everson, Chief of the Militia Bureau, gave a masterly address in which he challenged "the Christian Church to abolish war." Disclaiming his belief in names such as "pacifism," "militarism" or "jingoism," he referred to the Army as the "National police force" and characterized it as a necessity as long as causes of war exist. He said that people labor under the misapprehension that military organizations foster war. It is

Governor Roosevelt's Staff 1931-32

Maj. Gen. Franklin W. Ward
The Adjutant General

Col. Charles E. Walsh
Col. Thomas Fairservis
Capt. Wm. J. Graham, N. M.
Col. William A. Taylor
Col. William Ottman
Col. William J. Costigan
Col. Paul Loeser
Col. Kenneth C. Townson
Col. J. Townsend Cassidy
Maj. Alexander J. Gillig
Maj. John H. O'Connor
Lieut. Com. John J. Carey
Maj. J. Gardiner Conroy, R. L.
Lieut. Com. John M. Gill
Lt. Com. F. Kenneth Gundlach
Maj. Ogden J. Ross

absurd to think that soldiers who fight the wars cause them. Turning to the discussion of the field in which he said he believed the church should be active in fostering peace rather than assailing the country's defenders and preaching disarmament. Gen. Everson enumerated his seven points of a peace program, in which he challenged the church to work for peace day and night. They were:

"1—Abolish the selfish and envious attitude of nations toward each other respecting and possession of raw materials.

"2—Calm the disputes over boundary lines.

"3—Strive to place reason in the seat of government in place of national and racial imperialism and hatred.

"4—Calm the disputes over lines of communication.

"5—Work to quell the suspicions between nations often resulting in secret treaties and alliances of groups against each other.

"6—Teach people to get along with each other.

"7—Puncture the bombastic attitude of governments or leaders towards other nations and other leaders."

"Legislatures may regulate us and armies may restrain us," said Gen. Everson, "but it is organized religion alone that can save the world."

Gen. Everson is widely known as the "flying parson," because he traveled 67,000 miles by airplane last year, and is pastor emeritus of the First Baptist Church, Muncie, Ind.

Maj. Gen. Hanson E. Ely, commanding the Second Corps Area, which includes the New York National Guard, gave a stirring address in which he praised the unselfish work of the National Guard branch of the Army and stressed that the New York National Guard's organization and training was far ahead of any service of its kind in the world.

Senator Griswold Webb, chairman of the State Committee on Aviation, who had flown to Rochester in one of the 27th Division planes, spoke with enthusiasm of the progress aviation was making in the State and had some nice things to say about the efficiency of our own flying corps at Miller Field, Staten Island.

Col. A. J. Macnab, our Senior Instructor, had them "take him off the air" and then, in his inimitable style, gave us an intimate talk of some of his experiences in Mexico. It was "a classic" and everyone would have been delighted to have sat and listened to him for at least two hours longer!

Saturday morning's session was taken up with the reports of the various committees. The Committee on Time and Place of Next Convention reported that many cordial invitations had been received but as Buffalo in 1932 was having an anniversary celebration they desired to entertain the Guard Association. The City of Buffalo, therefore, was unanimously selected.

The only resolution of importance presented by the Resolutions Committee was the following presented by the Adjutant General, Maj. Gen. Franklin W. Ward, which was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS: Under the provisions of the act of Congress, approved June 4, 1920, commonly known as the National Defense Act, as amended, the National Guard of the various States of the Union, while recognized, armed, equipped, paid and partially supported by the Federal government, through the War Department thereof, are neverthe-

less *not a part of the Army of the United States*, except when actually in the service of the United States, under a call or draft by the President. And

WHEREAS: In the event of a National emergency declared by Congress, the National Guard is now organized, trained and ready to participate as first line troops anywhere within or without the Continental limits of the United States, and therefore should not be required to be first called or drafted before actually becoming a part of their Country's Army. And

WHEREAS: House of Representatives Bill No. 12918, introduced by Mr. Speaks, will eliminate this feature of the present Federal law by providing among other things, that the National Guard shall in peace time comprise a reserve fraction of the Army of the United States and as such may be called or ordered into active Federal service, in the event of an emergency, without the necessity of awaiting the establishment throughout the country of the machinery incident to the provisions of a Selective Service Law, which, if they are not a part of the Army, will require that they be drafted. And

WHEREAS: The word "draft" is not applicable to American officers and soldiers who have spent long years of study and preparation, with the objective, in the event of an eventuality, of "volunteering" their services to their Country without reservation for such duty as it may require of them. And

WHEREAS: Under the National Defense Act, as at present constituted, the National Guard at the conclusion of Federal active service, stands discharged from further military duty of any kind; which operation necessitates its entire re-establishment and re-organization in each of the States; while under the provisions of the proposed amendments, upon its discharge from Federal service it will revert en masse to its former status as State troops. Therefore, be it

Resolved: That the National Guard Association of New York, in convention assembled, in the City of Rochester, on this 10th day of January, 1931, respectfully and most urgently requests that the United States Senators and Representatives from the State of New York, give their personal support and assistance in securing the passage of H. R. 12918, during the present short session of Congress. And be it further

Resolved: That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded by the President of this Association, to each member of the New York delegation of the United States Senate and House of Representatives.

(Continued on Page 6)

**Prominent Officers Attending Convention
(opposite page)**

1. F. TRUBEE DAVISON, *Assistant Secretary of War*
2. MAJOR GEN. WM. N. HASKELL, *Comdg. N.Y.N.G.*
3. MAJOR GEN. FRANKLIN W. WARD, *The Adj. Gen.*
4. SENATOR GRISWOLD WEBB, *Comm. on Aviation*
5. BRIG. GEN. LUCIUS R. HOLBROOK, *1st Div. U.S.A.*
6. MAJOR GEN. WM. G. EVERSON, *Chief of Mil. Bu.*
7. MAJOR GEN. HANSON E. ELY, *Comm. of 2d C. A.*

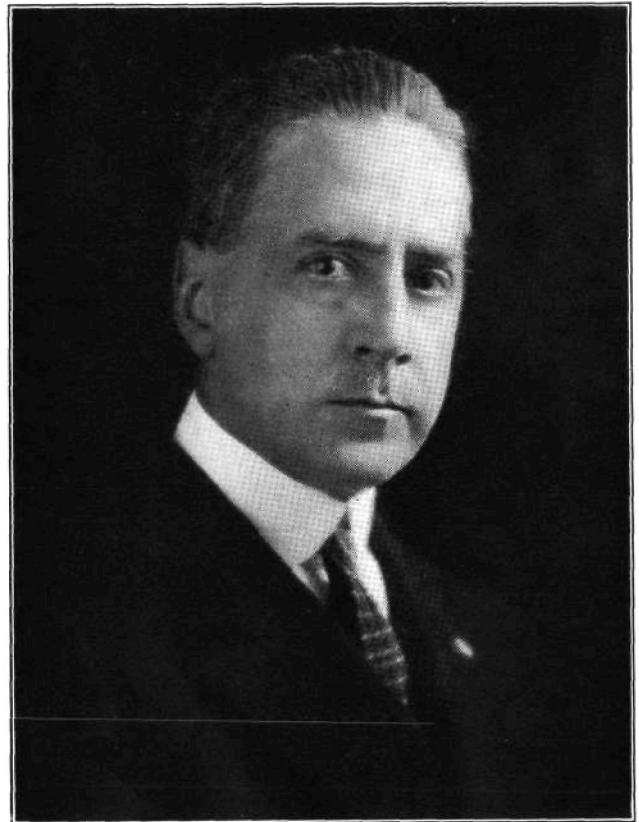


**NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS
IN ANNUAL MEETING**

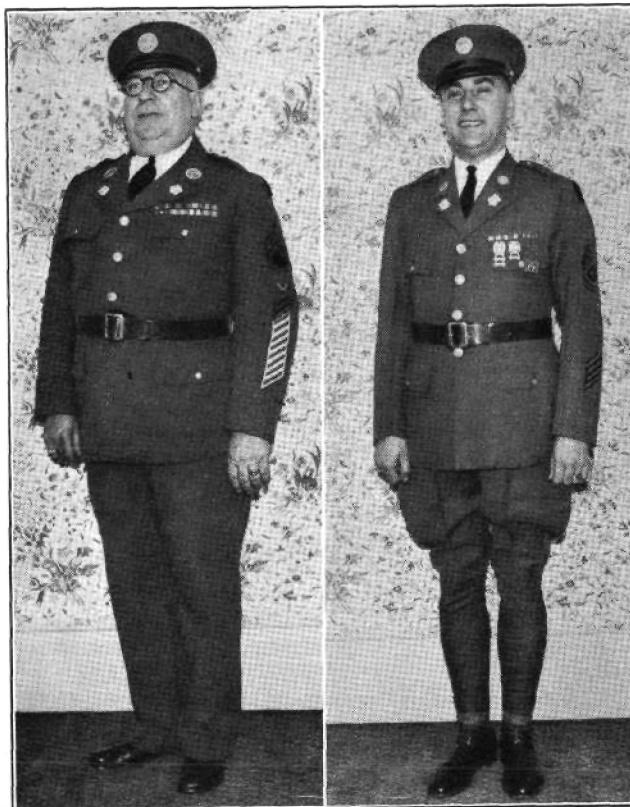
(Continued from Page 4)

The Nominating Committee having reported the following ticket, these officers for 1931 were unanimously elected:

- President*
CAPT. WILLIAM J. GRAHAM
 Naval Militia, Rochester
- 1st Vice-President*
COL. WILLIAM A. TAYLOR
 369th Inf., New York City
- 2nd Vice-President*
COL. KENNETH C. TOWNSON
 121st Cav., Rochester
- Treasurer*
CAPT. JOSEPH F. FLANNERY
 165th Inf., New York City
- Secretary*
MAJ. WILLIAM J. MANGINE
 Q. M. Corps, Albany
- Executive Committee*
COL. WALTER G. ROBINSON
 105th Inf., Albany
- COL. PAUL LOESER**
 258th F. A., New York City



**Rochester Guardsmen Who Helped in the
Entertainment of Delegates to Convention**



Geo. H. Jenkinson
 Staff Sgt. Hq. Co. 2d Btn.
 108th Inf.
 Rochester

Wm. J. Jensen
 1st Sgt. Co. H (M. G.)
 108th Inf.
 Rochester

**A GREAT FRIEND OF THE
NATIONAL GUARD**

We are introducing you to Frederic B. Stevens, President of the National Savings Bank, Albany, who is always backing the National Guard. He encourages all his employees to take advantage of its splendid training for young men. We wanted this picture last month for the special "write-up" but Mr. Stevens is a modest man and it took some argument, but here he is.

**ROCHESTER INFANTRY COMPANIES
TO HAVE PUBLICITY DIRECTOR**

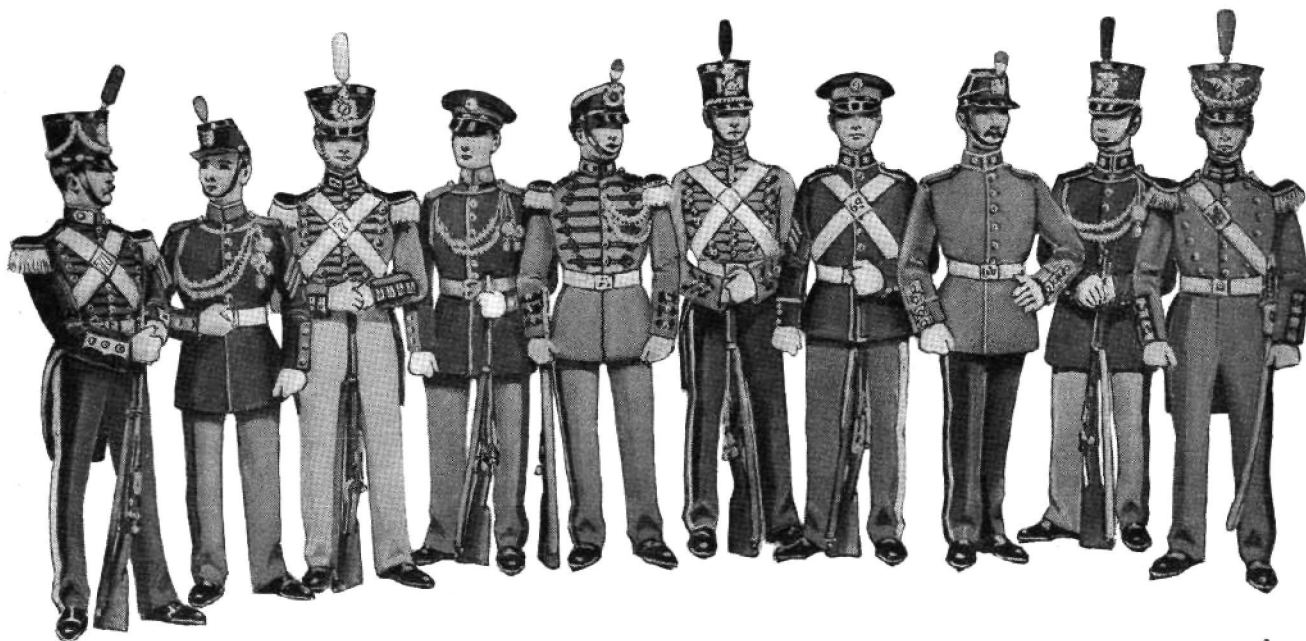
To assure them of having proper publicity in the various local newspapers, Lieutenant Earl R. Mooney, Commanding officer of Co. "E", 108th Infantry, has appointed Pvt. A. W. Crittenden, a member of that outfit to take care of all of the organization's publicity. This idea has met with such success that Captain John Kelly, commander of "G" Company, has asked Pvt. Crittenden to "write the news" for their outfit also.



Pvt. Crittenden, who has been a member of Co. "E" for the past year, previously served in Co. "H" of the old 3rd Infantry from 1912 to 1915, and also from 1918 to 1919, has had considerable experience in this line, being publisher of the Barnard Community Herald, a community newspaper, and later published the Barnard Siren, a paper devoted to the interests of the Barnard (N. Y.) Volunteer Fire Department.

Distinctive Regimental Uniforms

By BRIG. GEN. DeWITT CLINTON FALLS



AT the declaration of the World War the Regular Army at once abolished all full dress, and dress uniforms and the National Guard followed by a similar order. Those regiments in New York State which were equipped with the Army full dress uniforms, turned them in, and since 1917 the only uniforms for dress occasions prescribed for the National Guard is the regulation field service, worn with garrison cap and belt. Experience with military organizations (particularly those which depend on voluntary enlistment to maintain their strength) has shown that it is a great advantage to recruiting and promoting esprit de corps to have a special uniform of such distinctive character that the members of an organization will be easily distinguished on all occasions. When the full dress uniforms were abolished in 1917, four organizations, Squadron A, the 7th, 23rd and 71st Infantry were equipped with distinctive squadron and regimental uniforms which were the individual property of their members. Realizing the benefits of such a uniform for the reasons that have been stated, the 107th (Old 7th) requested permission in 1921 to return to their distinctive grey uniform of 1835. This permission being granted, those uniforms that had been preserved by the regiment were made available and a campaign was inaugurated to have ex-members who had preserved their old uniforms and equipment, turn them in for the use of the new regiment. A battalion was soon equipped and the entire regiment re-uniformed in 1925. To make this official the following was issued at the command of the Governor:

REGULATIONS STATE OF NEW YORK
THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE
ALBANY

January 30, 1925.

CHANGES NO. 3

New Paragraph 236 is hereby added to Article XV of the Regulations for the Military forces of the State to read as follows:

236. Commanding Officers of organizations of the active militia may adopt distinctive uniforms or parts of uniforms for their commands upon securing authority to do so from the Commanding General of the National Guard or the Commanding Officer of the Naval Militia.

By command of the Governor:

Edward J. Wescott,
The Adjutant General.

The 71st Infantry who were in the same position as the 107th, at once revived their pre-war full dress and the 106th (Old 23rd) followed two years later. Seven other regiments which had previously been equipped with the Army full dress had no stock of old uniforms to fall back upon and therefore were obliged to equip themselves with entirely new outfits. These uniforms are generally of an entirely new design, though some organizations have preserved certain historical details from their old equipment. The War Department realizing the excellent results in the State of New York from this permitting of its Guard to have their distinctive uniforms, issued the following:

NATIONAL GUARD REGULATIONS NO. 77

War Department, June 30, 1927.

4. The prescribed uniform.

c. Distinctive uniforms. States may adopt distinctive uniforms for their National Guard Organizations provided such distinctive uniforms are dissimilar to any authorized uniform of the Regular Army, Navy or Marine Corps. Before such distinctive uniforms are adopted, the design therefor should be submitted to the Chief of the Militia Bureau for remark and recommendation. For wear of distinctive uniforms during armory and field training, see Par. 11 herein.

By order of the Secretary of War:

CREED C. HAMMOND,
Major General,
Chief of Militia Bureau.

In accordance with the above many of the States have followed the example of New York and various organizations are adopting distinctive uniforms, either returning to their pre-war equipment or those of new design. The ten New York Regiments which are now equipped, are shown in the above sketch, reading from left to right they are as follows:

71st Infantry—Uniform adopted in 1892 though some changes were made in the belts and shakos at a later date. The uniform is dark blue, trimmed with white. Blue trousers are worn in winter, white in summer. Officers' uniforms are of the same cut. The pompom on the shako is replaced by a white plume and the epaulettes, sabre belt and trimmings are of gold lace. All officers wear a crimson silk sash under their sabre belts.

106th Field Artillery—Uniform adopted in 1927. This uniform (coat dark blue, trousers light blue) is patterned after that worn by the regiment from 1869 to 1884, except the trimmings which were light blue (the regiment then being infantry) were changed to red to conform to the regiment's present branch of the service. The officers wear a uniform the same cut, except the coat is double breasted, the shako has a red plume and the shoulder knots, belt and trimmings are gold.

107th Infantry—Uniform adopted in 1835 and (excepting some slight changes in details) has been worn continuously ever since. The uniform is cadet grey, the trimmings gold lace on black. Grey trousers are worn in winter, white in summer. Officers' uniforms are of the same cut, with white cock feather shako plume (Heron plume for field officers) gold epaulettes and sabre belt. All officers wear a crimson silk sash under their sabre belt. The regiment is also equipped with a dress uniform for armory work. Officers wear a blue blouse and cap similar in style to the field service uniform. Grey trousers and Sam Browne belt. The men's blouse and cap are grey trimmed with black, grey trousers and tan body belt. For outdoor parades in bad weather, and in camp, this uniform with white belts and trousers is worn for full dress.

244th Coast Artillery—Uniform adopted in 1930. Dark blue coat, light blue trousers. Trimmings red. This uniform is similar to Army full dress worn previous to 1917, but with the necessary changes in the trimmings to conform to the War Department regulations. The officers wear the regulation full dress of the Army which is permitted.

106th Infantry—Uniform adopted in 1886. At that time a black helmet was worn but this was changed in 1896 to their present shako. The uniform is cadet grey with black trimmings. Grey trousers are worn in winter, white in summer. Officers' uniforms are of the same cut but without the cross braiding on the breast. Shoulder knots and trimmings, sabre and pouch belt are of gold lace.

102nd Engineers—Uniform adopted 1927. Coat, red with black braiding. Dark blue trousers with red and white stripes. Officers' coats of the same cut with gold in place of black braiding on coat. Gold shoulder knots (sabre belt and rank braiding on sleeve). On officers' shakos the black pompom is replaced by a plume of black cock's feathers. The last distinctive regimental uniform worn by this regiment, 1898—1902 (then the 22nd Infantry) had the red coat and blue trousers but in the new uniform, though the colors were retained the cut, trimmings, shako were entirely changed.

165th Infantry—Uniform adopted 1926. The basis of this uniform is almost the same as that of the Army full dress which was discarded in 1917. Dark blue coat, light blue trousers, light blue trimmings. By using an emerald green band for the cap and the white cross belts the necessary requirements of having a uniform dissimilar to the Army, have been complied with. Officers' coats are dark blue, cut on the same lines as the old service blouse with the standing collar and worn with the Sam Browne belt.

102nd Medical Regiment—Uniform adopted in 1929. Coat, maroon trimmed with white (the Medical Corps colors), dark blue trousers with maroon and white stripes. Officers' coat the same cut, but double breasted. Gold shoulder knots and belt and a maroon and white cap plume, instead of the pompom.

14th Infantry—Uniform adopted 1930. Dark blue coat with light blue trimmings. Red trousers. Red trousers were worn by this organization during its service in the Civil War, when the regiment performed such feats of valor that they received the nickname of the "Red Legged Devils." This historical incident has been preserved in the new uniform. Officers wear a uniform of the same cut. The coat is double-breasted with gold shoulder knots, sabre belt and sleeve trimmings. A black cock feather plume is worn in place of the pompom.

258th Field Artillery—Uniform adopted 1930. For many years this regiment (as the 8th Infantry) was known by the regimental name of Washington Greys and wore a cadet grey uniform trimmed with black. The shako, color and cut of the old uniform has been revived with the change in the trimmings to red on dark blue, to conform to the regiment's present branch of the Service. The officers' uniform is the same in cut, the white belts are omitted and the shako, cords, epaulettes and sabre belt are of gold.

The Governor, and those in high authority in the National Guard, are strong supporters of the idea and it is their hope that the near future will see all the organizations of the State so equipped. The Commanding General will arrange to have any organization, which has the matter under consideration, supplied with uniform designs and any other information on the subject that may be required.

Ricochets from Here and There

BY THE EDITOR

COMPANY G, 105th Infantry, of Amsterdam, put on its first "Annual" military ball on Friday evening, January 16th, and although the State Armory is a little out of the way for Amsterdambians, being across the river on top of a high hill, still society turned out in force. Capt. Robert J. Harrison is to be congratulated for the splendid arrangements and great success of the undertaking. The word "annual" was well brought in on the invitations—as we can predict it will have to be a yearly affair hereafter.



Military Balls seem to be in vogue this year. Another was held on January 17th, in Buffalo, sponsored by the 106th Field Artillery, Col. Douglas Walker, commanding. The Century Orchestra furnished the music, and the colorful event with the many special uniforms of the officers was enhanced by the presence of the field officers of the Queen's Own Rifles of Toronto, Canada. The affair was held in the armory, which was beautifully decorated. Supper was served at midnight.



The Old Guard Ball has come and gone, but its brilliancy and fraternal military spirit will be remembered far into the year, or until time for the 106th Anniversary in 1932. The commander of the Old Guard, Maj. Edward Havemeyer Snyder, was busy all evening and "far into the night" seeing that all his guests at Hotel Commodore were having a good time—and they all did!



A greater part of the enlisted personnel of the Ordnance Section, State Staff, are quartered in Oneonta and as the Ordnance Department has faith in its weapons it teaches ordnance soldiers to become expert shots. It is really very easy if anybody wants to spend a few minutes in good instruction now and then. The Oneonta Ordnance squad having organized a pistol team and won two matches already, with three more arranged for the future, the members are willing to shoot a match with any team of any number. The members are Lt. Col. Edward J. Parish, Tech. Sgt. C. S. McIntosh, Sgt. Champlin, Corp. Davenport and Pvts. McNeeley, Heck, Fay and Alger.



Dr. Archibald W. Moss of the Medical Corps, 104th Field Artillery, Binghamton, famous for his skill as a surgeon and his prowess as a bird shot, has received the following recognition for his services during the field training of his regiment:

"A very capable and successful member of the medical profession, with marked ability as an executive, he is a very valuable asset to the medical corps. He would make an excellent regimental surgeon."



First Lt. "Jack" Ward, Quartermaster Corps, has been promoted to a Captain. It was certainly well deserved, for, as Quartermaster at Pine Camp the past two years, he "made good" and received the highest commendation

from regimental commanders, who trained there. He was graduated from Manlius Military School six years ago with the rank of cadet first lieutenant and served afterwards as a private in the 53rd Infantry Brigade Headquarters Company.



We learn that Borough President Harvey of Queens has been promoted to Lt. Col. in the U. S. Army Infantry Reserve. Col. Harvey served as a Captain during the World War with the A. E. F. and won the Distinguished Service Cross. Speaking for the other officers of this rank in the Borough of Queens, the editor welcomes him into the "Society of Lieutenant Colonels of Queens"—an organization run without dues or meetings.



The Service Company detachment in Utica was formally mustered back into the Guard in that city recently as the First Battalion, Headquarters Company of the 10th Infantry, and placed under temporary command of Lt. Clarence C. Allison.



He may be "General" Thompson now, but he'll never be forgotten as "Colonel" Thompson by his old buddies of the 108th Infantry—the regiment he brought up to the top in the State Guard and kept it there. He was given a dinner, a diamond ring and the continued promise of loyalty by the officers of his old regiment—which is fifty per cent of his new command, the 54th Infantry Brigade. The dinner was served at Hotel Powers in Rochester the latter part of December. The 108th Infantry was praised by Capt. Grover Hutchinson, Regular Army instructor sent to Rochester by the War Department in Washington, as the best National Guard unit in the United States. Capt. Hutchinson said: "The New York National Guard ranks first in the country and the 108th Infantry ranks first in the New York National Guard. They selected a colonel of the 108th to fill the vacancy of brigadier general. I congratulate the 108th Infantry and General Thompson." Officers of the 108th Infantry from Syracuse, Elmira, Auburn, Watertown, Ogdensburg, Medina and Hornell attended the dinner. Col. Samuel H. Merrill, the new commander of the 108th, presided as toastmaster.



It is with regret we learned of the sudden death from pneumonia, early in January, of Col. George Marshall Alden in his home at Jackson Heights. The writer served with Col. George for many years in the old Second New York of which he was the Quartermaster, during and after the Spanish-American War or until he retired from that organization as Lieutenant Colonel along about 1915. When the World War broke out he went into the U. S. Army as captain in the Quartermaster Corps, and later became a major. In May of last year Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt appointed him a colonel in the New York National Guard Reserve. He was tendered a military funeral by the Guard.

The New Cavalry Armory at Utica

TROOP A, 121st Cavalry, stationed at Utica, N. Y., held the formal opening of its new armory during the week of November 3rd. It was an event that will linger long in the minds of the thousands of people who attended. On Monday night Capt. John A. Coffey, representing the Adjutant General, turned the building over to Capt. Ralph A. Glatt, commanding officer of the troop. A platoon under Lt. H. C. Donohue next went through a mounted drill followed by a saddling contest, won by Pvt. Slauson. The officers of the Utica troop closed the evening's festivities by handing the officers of the Syracuse troop an "artistic pasting" in the art of aerial polo.

On Tuesday evening a troop drill under command of Capt. Glatt was followed by mounted wrestling, and the writer is sorry to say it was won by the Second platoon composed mostly of recruits. Miss Jean Smith next entertained the crowd with her trained horse and drew a big hand for her efforts.

On Wednesday evening the State Trooper's team from Oneida rode and they certainly deserve the title "The cream of the State." A mounted potato race by men of Troop A, provided plenty of laughs and was finally won by our noble stable sergeant Kuhn. The enlisted men of the Syracuse troop defeated the enlisted men of the Utica troop in aerial polo, thereby gaining the right to play the officers of the Utica troop in the Round Robin tournament.

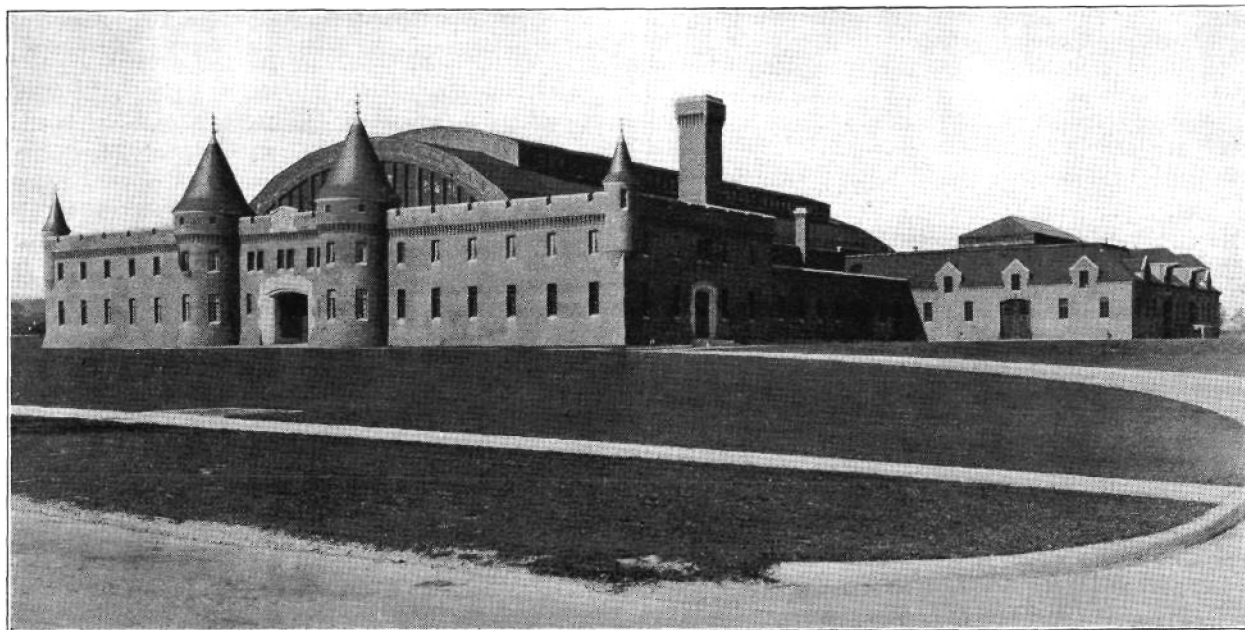
On Thursday evening the enlisted men of the troop surprised the crowd and Lt. Cunningham with a fancy drill that brought forth well deserved applause. A mounted rescue race was won by 1st Sgt. Nelbach and Pvt. Hillebrand. Mounted wrestling between the Second

and Machine Rifle platoons was won again by the Second. A Rough Riding team composed of men from the troop thrilled the crowd with hair-raising stunts. We owe much of the success of the team to the untiring efforts of Pvt. Gifford.

Friday evening saw the largest crowd of the week jam its way into the armory. On the program were the State Troopers Rough Riding team, a musical race which was won by Pvt. Fred Peckham, and the final game of the aerial polo tournament which was captured by the Syracuse team after a hard fight by Utica who nearly pulled the game out of the fire in the last quarter. We congratulate Syracuse on their wonderful team and we also warn them to be on their toes the next time they play us.

On Thanksgiving Day the first annual fox hunt of Troop A was held and to say it was a success only half describes it. The garbs of most of the hunters were fantastic to behold and, although the weather was most disagreeable, everyone who attended had the time of their lives. A large group of riders composed mostly of business and professional men of the city, including former Mayor Fred Rath, were also among those present. The course was most difficult and demanded the best efforts of the riders to keep their seats but when the hunt was over everyone was present or accounted for. Capt. Ralph A. Glatt, Master of the Hunt, was heartily congratulated for his efforts in arranging the affair. The riders then left for their homes and the turkey that awaited them.

A spell of gloom was cast over our activities of the last month by the death of George Wilkinson, horseshoer of the troop, whose patriotism and pride in his horses was never questioned by anyone.



1930-31 Indoor Rifle Tournament at Auburn

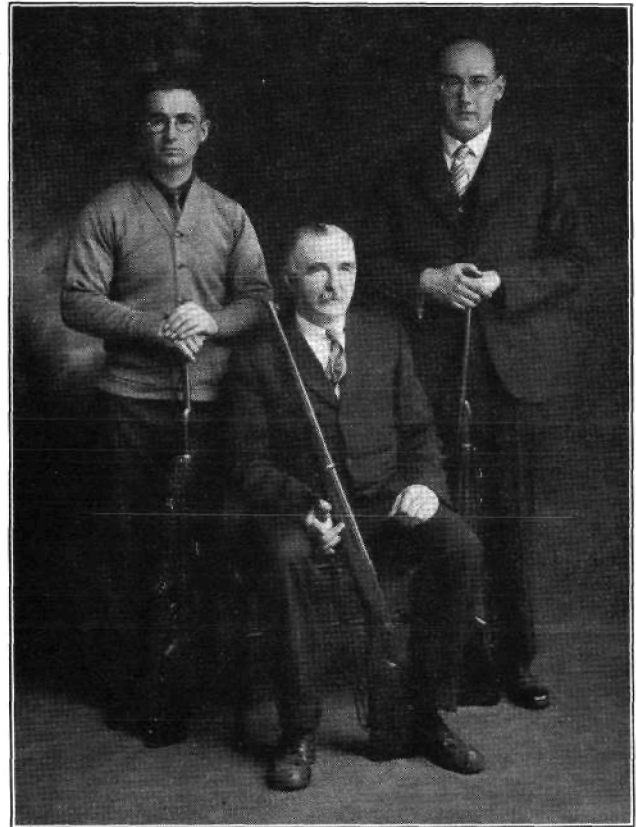
THREE matches in the Indoor Rifle Tournament have been shot on the Armory range in Auburn for the Championship of that City between six clubs, three of them representing the National Guard and three of them Civilian Clubs, all members of the National Rifle Association. Interest in this series of matches, which have been running for the past three years, is greater this season than ever before. As a matter of fact some of the Civilian Clubs have been at work on the indoor range every week during the entire summer previous to the start of the tournament on December 5, 1930. The six clubs taking part are: The Auburn Rifle Club (N. R. A.), the Prison City Rifle Club (N. R. A.), the American Legion Club, W. Mynderse Rice Post No. 97, (N. R. A.), Company I, 108th Infantry (N. Y. N. G.), Service Company, 108th Infantry (N. Y. N. G.), 3rd Battalion Hdq. Company, 108th Infantry (N. Y. N. G.).

In the past three years the Silver Trophy has been won twice by the American Legion Club and once by the Auburn Rifle Club, the latter having been organized and in the shooting game for the past thirty odd years. It is interesting to note that each year the series of ten matches has always ended in a tie between two clubs which tie in each case was shot as a separate match after the tournament was completed in order to decide who was to hold the Trophy during the coming year.

Through the cooperation of the officer in charge of the State Armory at Auburn, Maj. F. S. Johnston, the indoor range was enlarged with the addition of three new targets, bringing the total to six, with shooting conditions as near as possible to out-of-doors as they can be made.

The Auburn Shooters are fortunate in having a Mayor who is interested in rifle marksmanship and he, the Honorable Charles D. Osborne, has requested that he be given the privilege of donating and presenting the three individual trophies at the banquet that will close the tournament next May. Mr. Osborne has always taken a keen interest in the Rifle Matches and the Auburn Gunners are very grateful to him for his fine offer.

The rules for the tournament this year are the same as in previous years and the course will be 5 shots off hand; ten shots kneeling or sitting, and ten shots prone, with a possible score of 125. The personnel of the teams must be changed each match and the high man of the winning team is eliminated from further shooting except in case of ties. All men are limited to five matches out of the ten, and after they have fired in five they are eliminated except in ties. The matches started December 5th and are run under Army Regulations, on Friday night every other week, and will continue for ten matches. Official scores will be taken



The three-man team of the Auburn Rifle Club which made the highest score ever made on the indoor range in Auburn.

direct from the targets which are stamped with the shooter's name and will be kept for record by Ronnell Ranf of the American Legion and Lt. H. L. Davie of the National Guard. All matters pertaining to the matches such as close shots, ties, number of shots on targets, etc., will be handled as in the past by Capt. C. H. Spicer of Company I, 108th Infantry.

The first match, which was shot on December 5, 1930, went to the Prison City Rifle Club with an exceptionally high total of 360, which proved that their practice during the summer months was not in vain. The second, which was shot on December 19th, was won by the Trio of Riflemen representing the Auburn Rifle Club. These shooters nicked the bull's-eye for a final total of 363, which is the highest three-man total ever made on the indoor range. The above picture is of this trio of shooters. From left to right: Dayton Derby, James Stebbins and Arthur Medler. Their scores in this match, out of possible 125, was as follows: Derby 122, Stebbins 120, Medler 121.

The New York National Guardsman

(Official State Publication)



Published for the Members of the
NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARD
by the Members Themselves: All
Profits going Back into the Magazine

Editorial Office

Room 782, State Office Building
80 Centre Street
New York City

LT. COL. FRED. M. WATERBURY, *Editor*

Advisory Board

Maj. Gen. William N. Haskell
Maj. Gen. Franklin W. Ward
Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer
Brig. Gen. Mortimer D. Bryant
Brig. Gen. Ransom H. Gillett
Brig. Gen. John J. Phelan
Brig. Gen. William F. Schohl
Brig. Gen. John J. Byrne
Brig. Gen. John S. Thompson

Business Office

Room 742, State Office Building
80 Centre Street
New York City

Business Manager

Lt. Col. Henry E. Suavet, N. Y. N. G.

FEBRUARY, 1931

THE depression certainly has not hit the sport of rifle and pistol shooting. This fact was brought out January 30th, at the annual meeting of the Board of Directors of the National Rifle Association held in Washington, D.C.

Shooting is being taken up as a sport by more men, women, boys and girls than ever before, the directors were shown by the reports, and the activities of the more than 2,400 clubs and more than 130,000 individual shooters who are affiliated with the association were conducted on a larger scale the past year than during any preceding year. The entries were greater and the competition keener in the various indoor and outdoor matches held in 1930 by the association for both the junior and senior shooters; and the number of rifle and pistol shooters that participated in the National Matches at Camp Perry, O., last August and September, set a new record of approximately 3,000. Viewed from every angle, the sport experienced its most successful year in spite of the depression.

THIS being the month of the birthdays of our two illustrious ex-presidents, familiarly called the founder and the saviour of our country—Washington and Lincoln, it might be well to speak of the ten million monuments to Washington, a movement started in connection with the Bi-centennial celebration of his birthday in 1932. This memorial consists in planting trees throughout the country, every citizen being called upon to plant a tree—and incidentally it will be a great and much needed boost to our forestry preserves.

SOLDIER training, so decried by many, was probably responsible for the saving of another life recently. The story as told by the "Troy Daily Times" follows:

"Rose Marinucci, 21 years old, who swallowed iodine yesterday, probably owes her life to the training a Trojan received in the National Guard. The condition of the girl was described as "very good" today at the Troy Hospital.

"Just a week ago yesterday John Roman, Private First Class in the Medical Corps of the 105th Infantry, listened to a lecture in the Medical Corps rooms, delivered by Captain Walter D. McKenna, on how to act in such cases.

"Mr. Roman was in the store on Jacob Street and Sixth Avenue when the Marinucci girl staggered in. He immediately sensed what was wrong and carried out the teaching of his National Guard officer.

"He broke an egg and forced the white of it and about a pint of milk down her throat. This action caused her to vomit and probably saved her life."

IN speaking of the National Guard, which recently held its annual association meeting in Rochester, the "Rochester Times Union" says:

"The National Guard is an old institution. If we remember correctly it came into being first in the early history of this state. Its major purpose then was preparation against invasion by a hostile force. It sometimes has served in other capacities, such as maintaining law and order when civil government broke down, as in the case of industrial disturbances and rioting in general. In time of war it has been the surest source of the Federal Government's supply of troops. In time of peace, especially since the World War, it has trained men for reserve service.

"The National Guard, in truth, reflects the fortunate situation of the United States. No armed and powerful rival looms across the border, and our own wide domain affords well nigh boundless opportunity for national growth.

"Neither fear nor ambition calls for a large standing army, or the extended and rigorous training of young men for war through universal military service. A small regular army and the National Guard meet our needs, and we may hope will long continue to meet them.

"The National Guard has a definite place in the organization of government today. Its service in the past has been of high and heroic character."

General Haskell's Editorial

I SUPPOSE that most of the members of the New York National Guard are reading General Pershing's articles, now appearing in the daily papers. Certainly, those who are not are missing a very interesting and instructive series, for they set forth the experiences of the commander of the American Expeditionary Forces.

Although a great many of us took part in the operations of the Expeditionary Forces in France and elsewhere, few of us had an opportunity to know or appreciate the vastness of the American effort, or to realize the innumerable and difficult problems presented to the Commander and his staff. The articles contain many lessons for commanding officers and staff officers, and a study of them will perhaps make such officers more tolerant of the high command if and when they are called to serve again in an emergency.

From time to time General Pershing makes mention of certain characteristics of our American army. One particular statement has reference to the peculiar psychology of supply officers, and is worth repeating for the benefit of some of our own staff officers and organization commanders.

The General writes that the average supply officer in the American army took the position, with respect to Government supplies, that he was the owner of such supplies, and when he actually condescended to issue articles to troops he let it be understood that he was doing the troops a particular favor.

All officers in the army and the National Guard have met this type of supply officer. To a certain extent, we still have him with us, but his type is fortunately not as common as it was prior to the War.

Of course, we all realize that supply officers must issue in accordance with the Regulations, and that they must obtain certain receipts, and must see that each organization obtains its share of a whole. But all too often supply officers and supply sergeants hide behind the Regulations in a do-nothing attitude, to avoid providing troops with those things to which they are entitled.

The thought expressed by General Pershing reminds

me of a situation which was quite unique in my experience. It has always stuck in my memory, and its reference is to a quartermaster (or supply officer) of my acquaintance in the army. This officer had been captain of a troop for a number of years, and it goes without saying that he

had had his own difficulties with supply departments and supply officers. Finally, he was himself appointed supply officer of a large army post. What a shock followed his appointment when promptly there appeared a notice outside of his warehouses that, as supply officer, he considered himself there to serve the troops, and that his policy would be: "What can the Quartermaster Department do to serve you?" This seemed unbelievable in the light of what had been the experiences of old officers. This attitude on the part of the young quartermaster was not adopted for the purpose of self-advertisement; he really meant business; and he steadfastly held to the policy with which he started out.

In the years that followed other varied and important assignments came to the officer. He carried them all out with zeal and efficiency, and eventually he reached

the exalted position of major general of the Regular Army, Assistant Chief of the War Department General Staff (G-4)—in other words, the coordinating head of all supply for the American Army.

I think the lesson to be learned from the above might be summed up by the thought that "Every supply officer should consider it his first duty to see that he obtains and puts into the hands of the troops, promptly and with the least possible annoyance to them, those necessary articles of supply and equipment to which, under the Regulations, they are entitled."

If we were to have more of this spirit among the supply officers and more insistence by commanding officers that it be observed, there would be far less criticism leveled at the various supply departments of our military forces.

W. A. Haskell

Major General





Officers Commissioned in the New York National Guard During the Months of October, November and December, 1930, with Dates of Rank and in Order of Seniority.

BRIG. GEN.	Date of Rank	Branch & Organization
Thompson, John S.	Dec. 18, 1930	Inf., 54th Brig.
COLONEL		
Cassedy, J. Townsend	Dec. 4, 1930	156th F. A.
LT. COLONEL		
Podeyn, Emil M.	Dec. 5, 1930	105th F. A.
MAJORS		
Brower, Lawrence G.	Nov. 11, 1930	A. C., 27th Div. Avi.
Ericson, Oscar W. G.	Nov. 26, 1930	244th C. A.
CAPTAINS		
Reid, Robert	Oct. 9, 1930	M. C., 156th F. A.
McKenna, Walter D.	Oct. 25, 1930	M. C., 105th Inf.
Boyd, James R.	Nov. 6, 1930	M. C., 245th C. A.
Lipps, Adam	Nov. 6, 1930	14th Inf.
Cox, John F.	Nov. 6, 1930	14th Inf.
Crandall, Charles D.	Nov. 24, 1930	M. C., 245th C. A.
Linfoot, Benjamin	Nov. 29, 1930	121st Cav.
Voorhees, John S.	Dec. 3, 1930	245th C. A.
Watson, Wayne B.	Dec. 16, 1930	107th Inf.
Ward, John F.	Dec. 18, 1930	Q. M. C. (S. S.)

1ST LIEUTENANTS	Date of Rank	Branch & Organization
Grimes, David	Nov. 1, 1930	A. C., 27th Div. Avi.
Bell, Ernest L., Jr.	Nov. 6, 1930	14th Inf.
Martiny, Robert A.	Nov. 8, 1930	244th C. A.
Dwyer, Charles V.	Nov. 12, 1930	71st Inf.
Geary, Lawrence W.	Nov. 20, 1930	174th Inf.
Mayer, Arthur G.	Nov. 20, 1930	174th Inf.
McNally, John M.	Nov. 24, 1930	D. C., 106th F. A.
Maged, Louis F.	Nov. 25, 1930	52nd F. A. Brig.
Woodhams, George R.	Nov. 26, 1930	156th F. A.
Bastine, Wilfrid S.	Dec. 2, 1930	105th F. A.
Rowan, Howard S.	Dec. 3, 1930	101st Cav.
Saltzman, Charles E.	Dec. 5, 1930	Hq. 27th Div.
2ND LIEUTENANTS		
Smith, Philip E.	Oct. 14, 1930	105th Inf.
Burke, Richard	Oct. 15, 1930	Q. M. C., 27th Div. Tn.
Foley, Frank M.	Nov. 6, 1930	14th Inf.
Sturges, Ward H.	Nov. 8, 1930	244th C. A.
Ward, John C.	Nov. 12, 1930	52nd F. A. Brig.
Feld, Frederic A., Jr.	Dec. 5, 1930	102nd Engrs.
Griffin, Joseph T., Jr.	Dec. 10, 1930	244th C. A.

Separations from Active Service, October, November and December, 1930, Resigned, Honorably Discharged.

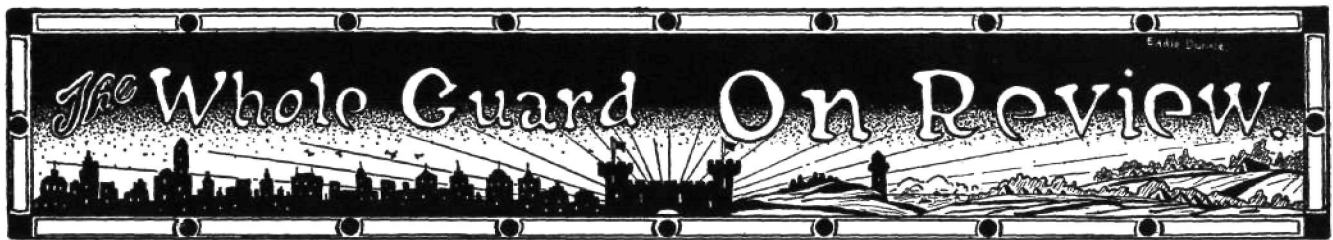
MAJORS	Date of Rank	Branch & Organization
Dreher, Ernest C.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Lilly, John J.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
CAPTAINS		
Brown, William H.	Dec. 1, 1930	D. C., 101st Sig. Bn.
Brown, William H.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Cashin, Edward L.	Oct. 23, 1930	156th F. A.
Clarke, Irving P.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Cole, Homer F.	Nov. 20, 1930	108th Inf.
Davidson, Henry F.	Nov. 12, 1930	258th F. A.
Johnson, Maurice C.	Dec. 9, 1930	10th Inf.
Malone, Charles J.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Marshall, Richard C.	Dec. 15, 1930	Ret. List
1ST LIEUTENANTS		
Classie, Joseph W.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Dwyer, Charles V.	Nov. 17, 1930	N. G. Res.
Gallagher, Edward L.	Dec. 15, 1930	108th Inf.
Gerstenlauer, John J., Jr.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Hamilton, John A., Jr.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Harter, Fenton	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Hawkins, Edward R.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Hinkelman, Robert F.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.

Hopkins, Powell	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Johnson, Charles A.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Lamb, Gilbert B.	Oct. 1, 1930	258th F. A.
Slattery, Clement G.	Nov. 12, 1930	14th Inf.
Smith, Alexander L.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Swan, Dallas D.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
2ND LIEUTENANTS		
Bohonnon, Ralph W.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Boisvert, Leon	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Brown, John E.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Campbell, Louis S.	Oct. 6, 1930	105th F. A.
Daly, Richard T.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Donaldson, Chase	Dec. 10, 1930	N. G. Res.
Farris, Emil M.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Frazier, Robert H.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Gensler, Stanley B.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Hitchcock, George P.	Nov. 26, 1930	105th F. A.
McClelland, Arthur A.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Mulhearn, James J.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Pollock, Edward S.	Dec. 5, 1930	A. C., 27th Div. Avi.
Renick, Ralph A.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.
Swett, James F.	Dec. 31, 1930	N. G. Res.

Transferred to the National Guard Reserve, at Own Request.

LT. COLONELS	Date of Rank	Branch & Organization
Euchner, Perry C.	Oct. 30, 1930	121st Cav.
Korschen, John A.	Dec. 9, 1930	156th F. A.
CAPTAINS		
Collins, James G., Jr.	Oct. 16, 1930	105th F. A.
Crocker, Frank H.	Dec. 22, 1930	14th Inf.
Hart, Alphonse M.	Dec. 9, 1930	107th Inf.
Maddox, V. Harold	Oct. 14, 1930	105th F. A.
McGee, Charles L.	Oct. 30, 1930	244th C. A.

1ST LIEUTENANTS	Date of Rank	Branch & Organization
Denny, Thomas, Jr.	Nov. 7, 1930	212th C. A. (A. A.)
Short, Leroy W.	Nov. 10, 1930	10th Inf.
2ND LIEUTENANTS		
Ehrman, Frederick D., Jr.	Nov. 19, 1930	14th Inf.
Harper, William E.	Oct. 1, 1930	244th C. A.
Kelleher, Hugh J.	Oct. 16, 1930	106th Inf.
Nichols, John A.	Oct. 30, 1930	14th Inf.
Tucker, Charles S.	Nov. 3, 1930	105th F. A.
Van Deusen, George S.	Dec. 16, 1930	106th F. A.
Wilt, Alfred S.	Oct. 23, 1930	106th Inf.



174th INFANTRY

The Third Battalion Headquarters Company, 1st Lt. Lynn D. Wallace, commanding, gave another annual military ball and dinner in Hotel Statler, Buffalo, Saturday evening, January 17th. It was one of the social affairs of our western city welcoming in the New Year. Lt. Wallace, this year, was assisted by his bride in receiving the guests, his marriage to Miss Edna Alvord Brems having taken place early in December.

Company E—Capt. Samuel A. Brown, Jr., who on January 1 assumes his duties as sheriff of Chautauqua county, has been presented with a 38-calibre revolver and holster by the officers and men of this company, in recognition of his military service and as an expression of appreciation of his election to the office of sheriff.

Company K, Tonawanda, has joined the National Rifle Association, as a rifle club. The officers are: President and executive officer, Capt. James M. G. Wallace; vice-president, Lt. H. Arnold Wolf; treasurer, Sgt. Herbert Wolf; secretary and publicity officer, Sgt. Floyd Martin.

Capt. Wallace announced his intention on taking over command of the company to do everything possible to increase its marksmanship. The organization of the company as a club and its admission to the association are only the beginning of the consummation of this plan.

By identifying itself with the association the company is placed in a position to secure recognition for its marksmanship through the issuing of medals and other appropriate measures. It also places the company in a position to take part as a separate unit in the national rifle matches, held under the auspices of the association.

Everyone in Tonawanda seems glad to welcome Capt. Wallace. Recently the Women's Relief Corps, No. 201, G. A. R., tendered him a dinner and most everyone of note in the city, from the mayor down, was present. Lots of speeches were made and the city officials promised one hundred per cent backing and "Jim" promised a one hundred per cent company—so, militarily speaking, Tonawanda goes on the map in capitals for 1931.

165th INFANTRY

The New Year finds activities at the Old 69th Armory, Lexington Avenue at 25th Street in New York City, teeming with Winter Sports, and enthusiastic military programs that will carry the 165th up until time to entrain for Summer Camp.

A number of the officers attended the National Guard Association Convention at Rochester, January 9th and 10th. The officers who went upstate for the meeting of the military representatives from the entire state included:

Col. Wm. J. Costigan, Lt. Col. Martin Meaney, Maj. Wm. H. Kelly, Capt. Wm. H. Beers, and Capt. Jos. Flannery.

The 165th Infantry Fencing Team that got off to an excellent start in the late fall has within two months mastered many of the difficulties that beset new athletic teams. Under able coaching and the keen interest manifested by members of the team itself, the 165th fencers feel competent to give a good account of themselves. They have arranged for meets to match their merit with other capable teams. On January 26th the embryonic thrusters will cross their Toledo Blades (or the domestic equivalent) with other teams of the National Guard D'Artagnans in the National Junior Fencing Championship Meet. The place has not yet been designated.

The Fencing Team will also meet the Yale Fencers at New Haven, on March 7th. Yale University is rated with the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, among the best of the collegiate fencing teams in the country. Judging from these arrangements, the officers in charge of the 165th's fencers, must feel confident as to the ability and prowess of their team.

The Third Battalion Headquarters Company has another individual sport that is attracting much attention among the guardsmen. Handball is becoming popular. Sgt. Sid Grimes and Supply Sgt. Sid Stenson won the handball tournament conducted by the Third Battalion Headquarters Company. This pair of Sids defeated another team made up of First Sgt. John Kent and Company Clerk, Corp. Arthur Manning. Their contending game for the play-off, was closely contested. It is possible that from the showing the quartette gave on the court, an Inter-Company Handball Tournament may be developed.

Sgt. Grimes is innoculating into the regiment, a sporting serum of widely diversified sporting activity. He is acting as the company's non-commissioned officer in charge of sports. Plans are under way to develop a track team. A series of running races and soon this column may have interesting news to report of the dash-men and hurdlers. Boxing is also included in the Sergeant's scheme of ambitious gymnastics, et cetera.

Of the sixteen units of the 165th Infantry, Company H is the first to develop what appears to be the "Walter Winchell Bo Peep" of the Regiment!

A couple of pages of brisk "Ricochets" was turned in by one of Company H's sergeants. He evidently doesn't believe in the old adage of "people who live in glass houses, etc."

He reports in part:

"Capt. Gilgar is said to be a realtor. In addition to being an infantryman he has nautical leanings. Our Long Island operative has turned in the information to the effect that he sculls his prospects out to show them their lots.

"Lt. (Alabama) Leland came up from the Sunny Sou'f. He is said to be the son of a southern planter. Is he talking about the undertaking business?"

"Lt. Coleman, who manages to hie his weary way back to Long Branch, N. J., after his day's stint, is said to be the mayor (nocturnal) of those parts!"

"First Sgt. Shea married the charmer of Rye Beach. He must have been the life guard and when she first spied the brawny Sergeant she had a sinking feeling.

"The latest at the expense of the diminutive Austin motors is from Sgt. Kelly, who says he wrecked his and now uses it for a watch crystal.

"Corp. Sampson is still a pessimist. Christmas didn't change his luck any. The turkey and chicken, he found, was divided into three parts, white meat, dark meat and the part he got.

"Pvt. Devore is destined for success. He respects old age. Particularly when bottled.

"Pvts. Sheridan, Dunlop, Reegan, Young, Reilly and Luicci have topped them all. They were passing along the Great White Way and saw a trim girl fall through a plate glass window. They aver she cut a swell figure."

Most important in H company's recent affairs is the election of new association officers: Sgt. Kelly, Astoria's "Attababy," President; Pvt. Donahue, not an F. F. V., but a J. J. J. (Just a Jolly Jerseyite), Vice-President; Sgt. Sitler, Financial Secretary; Sgt. Lang (auld Lang sin), Recording Secretary, and the 180-pounder, Pvt. Endres, Sergeant-at-Arms. The closely waged election attested to the popularity of the many members who did not receive a place on the board.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY 53rd INFANTRY BRIGADE

The harvest moon shone over a very quiet Armory last fall, but with the first frosts of November came the awakening and for two months Tuesday nights have seen a far from sleepy Headquarters Company. We were down to twenty-eight men and no one seemed interested. But over night the proverbial worm turned and in they came. Our first was Arthur Ainley, recently Sergeant Major of the 108th Infantry of Syracuse. Then Corp. Walter Redden, after a couple of weeks vacation, decided the Radio Sec-

tion could not get along without him and signed up again for another three years. The following week he brought in two more Rensselaerites, Louis Miller and Charles Clark, and challenged the Cedar Hill gang to their majority supremacy. Followed Charles Senrick and a week later Herman Kiessel and Herbert Ego decided to give the Transportation Section and their harness a break and signed again for saddle soap in preference to wire carts. So the Company is bigger than ever before and, music to a Captain's ears, there are more on the way.

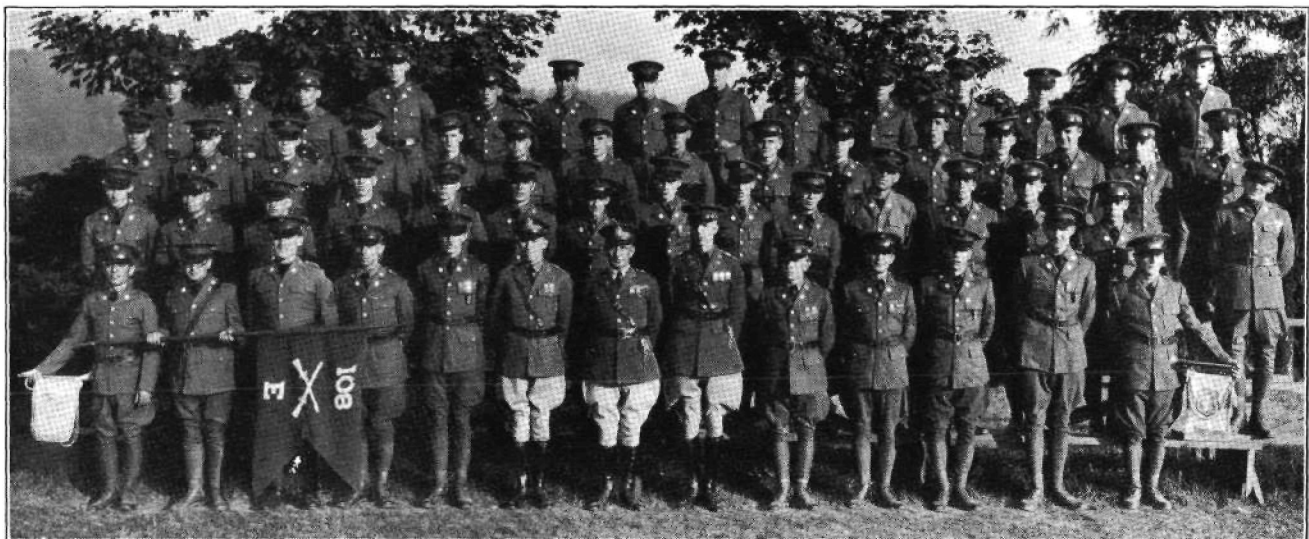
Of course, any guardsman knows what the fall means. We now have the fundamentals down—and are going into C. P. construction. So why give more time here to drill? If anyone really wants to know about that, we will be pleased to advise.

Outside of drill, however, there has been plenty doing. Sgt. Britain and his crowd have kept the range smoking with their rifle practice and will shortly choose a rifle team.

Corp. Czwakiel walked into the Armory on December 17th with a Christmas tree over his shoulder, and the next night put on a Christmas party that was even better than last year. Everyone was remembered from Bill Hutton, with his usual box of matches, down to the newest recruit, with a nursing bottle. Filkins, champion ham sandwich artist of the Company, drew a real meal and Terry has cribs enough to keep his Christmas daughter rocking for ten years. After the tree, the crowd ate and sang till closing time and went home with the contented feeling that the numerous guests present were convinced that the Headquarters Company was all right.

This year, with the aid of Capt. Wood who leads our Armory brothers, Troop B, 121st Cavalry, we have formed an indoor baseball league consisting of the Troop, the New York State National Bank, the Trinity Settlement Boys Club, and ourselves. With a third of an eighteen game season over, we point with pride to the work of Daly's and Smith's team:

	Played	Won	Lost	Average
Headquarters Co.	3	3	0	1.000
State Bank	3	2	1	.666
Troop B	3	1	2	.333
Trinity	3	0	3	.000



New Year's Eve saw Capt. Van Antwerp and Lt. Redden turned Brass Hat for an evening and joined the staff to attend the 10th's famous military ball. Relief was shown when they returned with ideas unchanged.

Non-com dinners are going on once a month as usual. This year school has become more intensive and twice a month sees all the non-coms studying the requirements for a second Lieutenant.

The biggest event of the month was the much appreciated invitation of the University Club and Reserve Officers to the Company to attend a lecture on Communism by Maj. Ayres, head of the Missing Persons Bureau of the New York City Police Department. The lecture was held at the University Club and attended with great interest by the Company.

We end with our New Year's resolution that this year we will report more often so that we won't have to write a book on our doings when we do sign on.

106th INFANTRY

Company I—On December 29th the company held its annual Christmas tree dinner at the armory on Bedford Avenue. The arrangements for the dinner were under the supervision of Lt. Hilbert, and the dinner was prepared by Barney Beretzen, our own company cook. It was a turkey dinner and Barney outdid himself to make it a success.

Capt. E. M. Cunningham, commanding Company I, introduced the following: Col. T. E. Fairservis, Capt. E. S. Massell, Maj. W. J. McMullin, Jr., Maj. S. E. Davies, Capt. McCormack, U. S. A., and Maj. Jerry Langer. After a brief talk by Capt. Cunningham, the Colonel spoke on the smartness and general ability of the company, and he also stressed the need for full cooperation of every one concerned on the matter of the new regimental personnel board recently put in effect by him.

This board is made up from the ranks and its purpose is to discriminate between the kind of men who apply for admission to the regiment. The Colonel feels that the men themselves are the best judge of who they want to associate with in the armory and in camp.

The members of Company I also wish to take this opportunity to congratulate Steve Porcari and Joe Sciortino on their recent promotion to sergeant and corporal respectively.

104th FIELD ARTILLERY

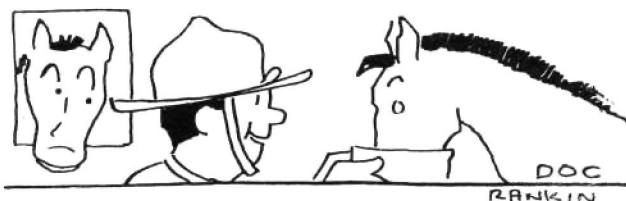
Flashes from D—Our battery feels the loss of a long and loyal friend in First Lt. Costello, who was recently transferred to staff. The battery, to a man, wishes the Lieutenant success.

In league competition thus far, our mounted basketball team has played well and the men have conducted themselves as true sportsmen, thereby winning the respect and good-will of the teams they have played to date. One cannot fail to note the pride with which the team wears the new green shirts and socks. Anyone but Capt. McCann will be given a trial at tearing the shirts. The lineup of the team on the floor and sidelines as they wait for the whistle is: Manager, Sgt. Hoff; Capt., Ray Hand, and down the line, Longstreet, Shanahan, Corlson, Drost,

Montgomery, Burke and McLaughlin. We suspect one of our team of being in league with the enemy. He had better find himself a tunic and accoutrements such as the "Knights of Old" wore if he throws another ball in the opposing team's basket.

We extend hearty congratulations to our newly crowned Benedicts, Pvt. Halleck and Corp. Hofstadter. The appearance of both would lead one to believe married life agrees with them. To be seen on any Tuesday night—Corp. Charley after drill prodding Bill Woods to get his car started and rolling Astoria-way, the while anxiously inquiring as to the time. Pvt. Moore is contemplating taking to himself a ball and chain and shortly will either throttle the Borough President or open two apple projects in Long Island City. Lots of luck, Frank; we hope you will choose your best man from among the battery.

As a battery, we are preparing for Federal Inspection



on February 3rd. All interested can feel certain a spick and span unit will march in the ring on that date.

Battery E—The boys are very busy these nights, both before and after drill, with their football and basketball teams. Capt. Willis, of the mounted basketball team, is pleased with the progress of his team and expects them to keep up the good work when they play other teams.

Lt. McDonald is well pleased with the gun crews and would like to have every member of the crew be a gunner.

Corp. Hall, the football hero, lost his razor so the hair is growing over his lip again—poor Ed!

Corp. Whiting bought Corp. Jacobson's old Chevrolet on his way home from drill one night for \$25. What a buy! It has only cost him \$79.54, and he has had it four weeks and five days to date. Sgt. Geary is getting fat since he is in good with the cook.

Pvt. White thinks he is Santa Claus, since he was delivering Christmas trees before Christmas.

14th INFANTRY

Company C—The Annual Dinner, tendered by Company C to its ex-members, was held at the Armory on Tuesday evening, December 23rd. This affair had the largest attendance since the inception of these functions. We were honored with the following as our Guests of Honor: Col. F. W. Baldwin, Regimental Commander; Maj. J. J. Byron, Battalion Commander; Capt. Wilfred H. Weber, Company Commander; 2nd Lts. G. E. Russell and Alfred E. DeCesaris. Ex-Lt. R. S. Bell also was present.

Since our last appearance in these columns the Company has the services of a new Lieutenant, a new Top Sergeant, Company Clerk and a new Supply Sergeant. (Whew! what a clean sweep that was.) Sgt. A. E. DeCesaris was promoted to Second Lieutenant; Supply Sgt. M. J. McKenna to Top Kick; Pvt. Edgar White to Company Clerk, Company Mechanic G. M. Bolton to Supply Sergeant.

Preparations are being made for our Annual Barn Dance which will be held at the Armory in the near future. Come on fellows; remember last year's Dance, well this promises to be even better than that. The Entertainment Committee, which consists of Ed. Lewis, Eddy White, and Sgt. Michalak, are planning many surprises. More later.

The boys are to be found on the range most any Sunday morning for instruction in Rifle Marksmanship under the direction of Lt. DeCesaris, Sgt. Hedberg, and Sgt. Tiedeman. By the way, Sgt. Michalak is still walking around with a filthy cigar in his mouth. No hard feelin's, Sarg, the smoke from that cigar has us all in a trance on the drill floor.

Last week Corp. Fischer was putting his squad through skirmish tactics, and boy! you should see them Deploy. If it keeps up, they'll originate a new dance.

The Company has just formed an Association which elected Capt. W. H. Weber as President. The following Committees have charge of the following duties:

Recruiting—Edwin B. Lewis, Chairman; Edgar White, David Reoch, James Gleason.

Entertainment and Company Room—Edgar White, John Michalak, Edwin Lewis.

As this goes to press the other Committees and a Secretary await election. George Peterson and William Mangam are the candidates for Secretary and it looks like a close race. Ah! these politicians!

ONE OF OUR POPULAR LIEUT. COLONELS

That title certainly belongs to Lt. Col. Bernard W. Kearney of the 105th Infantry, Gloversville, as truly as the pet name "Pat," although many do not know just where the "Pat" comes from. At any rate when Col. Kearney is not soldiering he practices law, and we don't mean "maybe," as he is some practitioner; and outside of nine months on the Mexican Border as a member of Troop B, Cavalry, Albany, and service during the World War both at home and abroad, he has been in all kinds of legal battles. In 1929, while acting as District Attorney in Hamilton County, he won fame in his prosecution of Ernest Duane, a woodsman, for the killing of another guide, securing a conviction of first degree murder.

This fall he was elected District Attorney of Fulton County. There wasn't much of a fight—he just got all the votes, for after the Republicans nominated him, the Democrats said "we too" and endorsed him.

It really isn't hard to endorse "Pat," anyway, for he is a good fellow, has a great sense of humor; and he is also a good soldier, and has a great disciplinarian wallop! If there are any of our readers who haven't met him—here he is.

Governor Selects Ten New York Guardsmen for West Point

From the results of the State competitive examination among our National Guardsmen ten members have been selected to go to West Point next June, if they successfully pass the entrance examinations. They are:

Pvt. Seneca Wilbur Foote, Fairport, Troop F, 121st Cavalry.

Pvt. Arthur F. Townsend, Jr., Cornwall, Battery E, 156th Field Artillery.

Pvt. Frederick B. Hall, Jr., Nassau, Troop B, 121st Cavalry.

Pvt. Peter R. Vallecorse, Niagara Falls, Company A, 174th Infantry.

Pvt. Albert A. Matyas, Brooklyn, Battery K, 245th Coast Artillery.

Pvt. Harry R. Hale, Cornwall, Battery E, 156th Field Artillery.

Pvt. Walter J. Bryde, Newburgh, Headquarters Battery, 156th Field Artillery.

Pvt. Foster L. Murphy, Bardonia, 105th Motor Transport Co., 27th Division Train, Q. M. C.

Pvt. Henry D. Jacobson, Corona, L. I., 102nd Medical Regiment.

Sgt. Moelwyn Jones, Utica, Company L, 10th Infantry.

Service in the National Guard provides a sure stepping stone to a West Point career.





KEEP SMILING.

You never realize how fortunate you are until you enter a gift shop and see how many things your friends haven't sent you.

Mistress to her sedate butler—"James, tomorrow is Christmas Day and I want you to turn on the electric refrigerator and make some snowballs for Master Bertram to throw at you."

Young Man—"May I ask you, sir, if you think that your daughter would make a suitable wife?"

Lawyer MacDuff—"No, sir, I don't think she would. Five dollars, please."

Partner Wanted—Lady wants partner in bath house; good proposition.—Adv. in *St. Louis Post-Dispatch*.
Sounds tiptop.—*New Yorker*.

He: "I'm going to buy myself a harem."

She: "What do you mean? You can't buy a harem, can you?"

He: "Sure. I saw a sign at a gas station that said, 'Six gals. for a dollar.'"

About the only thing that comes to him who waits is whiskers.

Lady: "Doesn't that little boy swear terribly?"

Urchin: "Yes'm, he sure does. He don't put any expression into it at all."

Lady of House: "No! We don't want no books, nor we don't want no calendars. We don't want no nothing."

Hawker: "What about a cheap grammar?"—*Good Housekeeper*.

"Thanks very much," said the vicar, as little Tommy handed up his offering for the festival; "I must call round this afternoon and thank your mother for these eight beautiful apples."

"P-please, sir," stammered Tommy, "would you m-mind thanking her for t-twelve apples?"—*Bystander*.

"It is extraordinary that Mrs. Jenks can never see any faults in her children," observed Mrs. Smith.

"Mothers never can," remarked her husband.

"What an absurd idea, James! So like a man, I'm sure I should see faults in our children at once—if they had any."—*Chicago News*.

"Do you allow your little boy to chew tobacco?"

"Yes—it seems to keep him from smokin'."

She (being kissed): "Slow up! My husband may blow in at any minute."

He (kissing): "Why worry? After all, what's a husband among friends?"

Son: "Pass the butter."

Mother (reprovingly): "If what?"

Son: "If you can reach it."

An ex-soldier, with a better knowledge of life military than life marital, eventually married, only to discover that peace times don't always mean peaceful times and that duration is an elastic word. When the course of true love began running as smoothly as a West Indian hurricane, he decamped, only to be caught and brought before the court on a charge of wife desertion. The former soldier couldn't understand it at all.

"But, Your Honor," he remonstrated, "I'm no deserter—I'm a refugee!"—*American Legion Monthly*.

Candid hostess (on seeing her nephew's fiancee for the first time): "I should never have known you from your photograph. Reggie told me you were so pretty."

Reggie's fiancee: "No, I'm not pretty, so I have to try to be nice, and it's such a bore. Have you ever tried?"

Captain: "Publish an order making Corp. Smith a sergeant."

1st Sergeant: "But I thought he was to be busted to private?"

Captain: "He is, but it'll make him feel worse to be busted from sergeant."—*Gas and Hay Burner*.

Florist: "So you want to say it with Flowers. About two dozen, I suppose?"

Percy: "No. Only about half a dozen. You see, I don't want to say too much."

Captain: "I read the other day that the average woman's clothing weighs only eight ounces."

Major: "It's a shame they have to wear such heavy shoes."

—*Pennsylvania Guardsman*.

A negro employed in one of the movie studios in Los Angeles was drafted by a director to do a novel comedy scene with a lion.

"You get into this bed," ordered the director, "and we'll bring the lion in and put him in bed with you. It will be a scream."

"Put a lion in bed wif me!" yelled the negro, "no, suh, not a-tall; I quits right here and now."

"But this lion won't hurt you; this lion was brought up on milk."

"So was I brung up on milk. But I eats meat now!"

—*Wisconsin National Guardsman*.

Cashier: "No, sir! No checks! I wouldn't cash a check for my own brother."

Client: "Well, of course, you know your family better than I do."

—*Answers*.

"Dear Editor: I went out with a young man a few nights ago and drank two gin fizzes, five glasses of red wine, a taste of moonshine and two coffee royals. Did I do anything wrong?"

Answer: "You probably did."

HOW WE STAND

December Average Attendance for Entire Guard..... 82.73%

Maximum Strength New York National Guard 21,483
 Minimum Strength New York National Guard 18,987
 Present Strength New York National Guard 21,143

DIVISION HEADQUARTERS

Maintenance Strength 61
 Headquarters & Headquarters Detachment,
 27th Division 67

CAVALRY BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS

Maintenance Strength 69
 51st Cavalry Brigade 78

FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE HDQRS.

Maintenance Strength 32
 52nd Field Artillery Brigade 42

INFANTRY BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS

Maintenance Strength 28
 87th Brigade 41
 93rd Brigade 42
 53rd Brigade 38
 54th Brigade 35

SPECIAL TROOPS

Maintenance Strength 318
 27th Special Troops 371

AVIATION

Maintenance Strength 118
 27th Aviation 127

SIGNAL BATTALION

Maintenance Strength 163
 101st Signal Battalion 162

ENGINEERS

Maintenance Strength 473
 102nd Engineers 495

DIVISION TRAINS, Q.M.C.

Maintenance Strength 247
 27th Division Trains, QMC..... 255

STATE STAFF

Authorized Strength 137
 A.G.D. Section 6
 J.A.G.D. Section 3
 Ordnance Section 28
 Medical Section 2
 Quartermaster Section 31

COAST ARTILLERY HEADQUARTERS

Maintenance Strength 11
 Hdqrs. Coast Artillery 10

INFANTRY

Maintenance Strength 1038
 1. 174th Infantry 1201
 2. 10th Infantry 1189
 3. 71st Infantry 1175
 4. 105th Infantry 1159
 5. 108th Infantry 1140
 6. 165th Infantry 1125
 7. 14th Infantry 1121
 8. 106th Infantry 1105
 9. 107th Infantry 1084
 10. 369th Infantry 1038

CAVALRY

Maintenance Strength 587
 101st Cavalry 718
 121st Cavalry 672

ARTILLERY, 155 HOW.

Maintenance Strength 647
 106th Field Artillery 727

ARTILLERY, C.A.C.

Maintenance Strength 646
 244th Coast Artillery 714

ARTILLERY FIXED DEFENSES

Maintenance Strength 739
 245th Coast Artillery 909

ARTILLERY, 75's

Maintenance Strength 602
 156th Field Artillery 655
 105th Field Artillery 677
 104th Field Artillery 679

MEDICAL REGIMENT

Maintenance Strength 632
 102nd Medical Regiment 673

ARTILLERY, 155 GUNS

Maintenance Strength 647
 258th Field Artillery 802

ARTILLERY, A.A.

Maintenance Strength 705
 212th Coast Artillery 747

HEADQUARTERS 44th DIVISION

New York Allotment 10
 Headquarters 44th Division 7

INDEX TO ADVERTISERS

	PAGE		PAGE
Alexander Dimbach.....	Inside front cover	Otis Elevator Co.....	Inside back cover
Delehanty Institute	" "	Westchester County National Bank.....	" " "
Francis H. Liggett & Co.....	23	102nd Regiment Armory.....	" " "
A. F. Stoeger, Inc.	24	Ridabock & Co.	" " "
Horton's Ice Cream.....	28	H. J. Lucas Co., Inc.....	" " "

Average Percentage of Attendance N. Y. N. G.

December Average Attendance for Entire Guard.....82.73%

**The
Honor
Space**

27th Div. Aviation		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(1)	90.76%				
102nd Observation Sq.		3	100	89	89
102nd Photo Section		3	23	22	96
Medical Detachment		3	7	7	100
		130	118	90.76	

**Yours
for the
Effort**

121st Cavalry		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(2)	90.02%				
Hdqrs.		4	4	4	100
Hdqrs. Troop		3	78	73	93
Band		3	36	31	86
M. G. Troop		4	78	70	90
Hdqrs. 1st Sq.		4	1	1	100
Troop A		5	71	63	89
Troop B		4	76	71	93
Hq. 2nd Sq.		4	2	2	100
Troop E		5	75	69	92
Troop F		4	77	70	91
Hdqrs. 3rd Sq.		3	2	2	100
Troop I		5	76	67	88
Troop K		3	66	55	83
Medical Detachment		3	30	27	90
		672	605	90.02	

Company H		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(6)	86.26%				
Hdqrs.		5	6	6	100
Hdqrs. Bty.		5	68	62	91
Service Bty.		5	92	83	90
1st Bn. Hq.		5	4	4	100
1st Bn. Hq. Bty. & C.T.		5	33	31	94
Battery A		5	62	47	76
Battery B		5	66	51	77
2nd Bn. Hq.		5	3	3	100
2nd Bn. Hq. Bty. & C.T.		5	59	48	81
Battery C		5	64	57	89
Battery D		5	64	62	97
3rd Bn. Hq.		5	4	4	100
3rd Bn. Hq. Bty. & C.T.		5	39	34	87
Battery E		5	66	54	82
Battery F		5	62	51	82
Medical Detachment		5	36	31	86
		1169	1016	86.91	

Company B		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(10)	84.59%				
Company B		5	58	47	81
Company C		5	61	51	84
Company D		5	64	58	91
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.		5	20	17	85
Company E		5	62	48	77
Company F		5	63	54	86
Company G		5	61	50	82
Company H		5	62	51	82
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.		5	22	18	82
Company I		5	64	55	86
Company K		5	63	57	90
Company L		5	65	56	86
Company M		5	65	55	85
Med. Dept. Det.		5	32	28	87
		1042	882	84.64	

102nd Med. Rgt.		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(3)	87.63%				
Headquarters		4	13	13	100
Service Co.		3	75	71	75
Hdqrs. Col. Bn.		4	2	2	100
104th Coll. Co.		5	58	47	81
105th Coll. Co.		3	63	57	75
106th Coll. Co.		5	67	58	86
Hq. Amb. Bn.		5	1	1	100
104th Amb. Co.		3	54	46	85
105th Amb. Co.		5	50	43	86
106th Amb. Co.		4	48	39	81
Hq. Hosp. Bn.		5	2	2	100
104th Hosp. Co.		4	65	56	86
105th Hosp. Co.		5	66	56	85
106th Hosp. Co.		4	64	58	91
102nd Vet. Co.		4	43	39	91
		671	588	87.63	

244th Coast Art.		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(6)	86.26%				
Headquarters		5	6	6	100
Hdqrs. Bty.		5	68	62	91
Service Bty.		5	92	83	90
1st Bn. Hq.		5	4	4	100
1st Bn. Hq. Bty. & C.T.		5	33	31	94
Battery A		5	62	47	76
Battery B		5	66	51	77
2nd Bn. Hq.		5	3	3	100
2nd Bn. Hq. Bty. & C.T.		5	59	48	81
Battery C		5	64	57	89
Battery D		5	64	62	97
3rd Bn. Hq.		5	4	4	100
3rd Bn. Hq. Bty. & C.T.		5	39	34	87
Battery E		5	66	54	82
Battery F		5	62	51	82
Medical Detachment		5	36	31	86
		728	628	86.26	

104th Field Art.		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(10)	84.59%				
Headquarters		4	5	5	100
Hdqrs. Bty.		3	52	47	90
Service		4	75	64	85
Hq. 1st Bn.		4	4	4	100
Hq. Bty. & C.T. 1st Bn.		5	31	29	93
Battery A		4	75	63	84
Battery B		4	76	58	76
Battery C		3	66	51	77
Hq. 2nd Bn.		4	4	4	100
Hq. Bty. & C.T. 2nd Bn.		4	33	31	94
Battery D		3	67	55	82
Battery E		5	80	64	80
Battery F		3	71	61	86
Medical Detachment		4	36	35	97
		675	571	84.59	

101st Cavalry		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(4)	87.42%				
Hdqrs.		4	7	7	100
Band		5	26	23	88
Hdqrs. Troop		5	78	63	81
M. G. Troop		5	63	45	71
Hq. 1st Sq.		4	2	2	100
Troop A		5	64	58	91
Troop B		3	78	68	87
Hdqrs. 2nd Sq.		4	2	2	100
Troop E		5	102	92	90
Troop F		5	88	76	86
Hdqrs. 3rd Sq.		4	2	2	100
Troop I		5	70	63	90
Troop K		4	86	81	94
Medical Detachment		4	23	22	96
Medical Dept. Det.		5	9	8	89
		700	612	87.42	

106th Field Art.		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(7)	85.29%				
Hdqrs.		5	6	6	100
Hdqrs. Bty.		3	64	56	87
Service Bty.		3	66	61	92
Hq. 1st Bn.		3	3	3	100
Hq. Bty. & C.T. 1st Bn.		3	29	27	93
Battery A		3	71	61	86
Battery B		3	72	64	89
Hq. 2nd Bn.		3	3	3	100
Hq. Bty. & C.T. 2nd Bn.		3	33	30	91
Battery C		3	73	63	86
Battery D		3	79	70	89
Hq. 3rd Bn.		3	3	3	100
Hq. Bty. & C.T. 3rd Bn.		3	30	26	87
Battery E		3	80	71	89
Battery F		3	69	61	88
Medical Det.		3	33	24	73
		714	609	85.29	

258th Field Art.		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(11)	84.40%				
Headquarters		3	4	4	100
Hdqrs. Bty.		3	72	60	83
Service Bty.		3	78	62	79
1st Bn. Hq.		3	4	4	100
1st Bn. C. T.		3	52	46	88
Battery A		3	70	56	80
Battery B		3	77	70	91
2nd Bn. Hq.		3	4	4	100
2nd Bn. C. T.		3	49	39	79
Battery C		3	72	57	79
Battery D		3	77	74	96
3rd Bn. Hq.		3	4	4	100
3rd Bn. C. T.		3	55	44	80
Battery E		3	72	57	79
Battery F		3	74	64	86
Medical Detachment		3	31	26	84
		795	671	84.40	

71st Infantry		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(5)	86.91%				
Regtl. Hq.		4	7	7	100
Regtl. Hq. Co.		3	62	52	84
Service Co.		3	106	99	93
Howitzer Co.		3	61	47	77
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.		4	30	26	87
Company A		4	64	56	87
Company B		4	65	50	77
Company C		4	64	53	83
Company D		4	66	55	83
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.		4	33	28	85
Company E		4	74	72	97
Company F		4	69	56	81
Company G		5	68	50	73

102nd Engrs.		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(8)	84.90%				
Headquarters		5	8	8	100
Hdqrs. & Service Co.		3	96	90	94
Company A		3	70	50	71
Company B		3	61	55	90
Company C		3	57	46	81
Company D		3	68	59	87
Company E		3	58	50	86
Company F		3	56	45	80
Medical Detachment		3	23	19	83
		497	422	84.90	

212th Coast Art.		No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
(12)	84.02%				
Hdqrs.		5	5	5	100
Hdqrs. Bty.		5	65	53	81
Service		5	73	68	93
1st Bn. Hq.		5	3	3	100
1st Bn. Hq. & Hq. Bty.		5	46	40	87
Battery A		5	59	46	78
Battery B		5	65	51	78
Battery C		5	66	61	92
Battery D		5	64	56	87
2nd Bn. Hq.		5	1	1	100
2nd Bn. Hq. & Hq. Bty.		5	18	15	83
Battery E		5	67	54	80
Battery F		5	60	40	67
Battery G		5	64	52	81

245th Coast Art. (13) 83.05%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	5	7	7	100
Hdqs. Bty.	5	75	61	81
Hq. 1st Bn.	5	3	3	100
Battery A	5	57	46	81
Battery B	5	75	63	84
Battery C	5	61	55	90
Battery D	5	61	51	82
Hq. 2nd Bn.	5	3	3	100
Battery E	5	68	56	82
Battery F	5	77	65	84
Battery G	5	69	54	78
Battery H	5	64	46	72
Hq. 3rd Bn.	5	1	1	100
Battery I	5	64	57	89
Battery K	5	61	51	82
Battery L	5	67	58	86
Battery M	5	63	49	78
Medical Detachment	5	27	24	89
	903	750		83.05

10th Infantry (14) 81.84%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hq.	5	7	6	86
Regtl. Hq. Co.	4	63	48	76
Service Co.	4	82	60	73
Howitzer Co.	3	65	44	68
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.	3	30	23	77
Company A	4	63	58	92
Company B	4	64	50	78
Company C	4	65	54	83
Company D	4	70	51	73
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.	4	33	25	76
Company E	3	67	57	85
Company F	4	70	56	80
Company G	4	70	60	86
Company H	5	74	64	86
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.	4	37	32	86
Company I	4	73	66	90
Company K	4	65	56	86
Company L	3	63	52	82
Company M	5	78	66	85
Med. Dept. Det.	5	34	32	94
	1173	960		81.84

106th Infantry (15) 81.58%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hq.	5	7	7	100
Regtl. Hq. Co.	4	65	51	78
Service Co.	4	99	81	82
Howitzer Co.	4	54	40	74
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.	4	25	20	80
Company A	4	59	43	73
Company B	4	60	44	73
Company C	4	67	57	85
Company D	4	64	48	75
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.	4	31	24	77
Company E	4	58	42	72
Company F	4	67	60	89
Company G	4	66	59	89
Company H	4	61	45	74
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.	4	21	15	71
Company I	4	61	56	92
Company K	4	67	58	86
Company L	4	66	62	94
Company M	4	74	60	81
Med. Dept. Det.	4	36	33	92
	1108	904		81.58

108th Infantry (16) 81.30%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hq.	5	6	6	100
Regtl. Hq. Co.	5	63	48	76
Service Co.	5	78	57	73
Howitzer Co.	4	43	37	86
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.	3	30	21	70
Company A	3	63	57	90
Company B	3	67	50	75
Company C	5	61	43	70
Company D	5	62	50	81
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.	4	32	24	75
Company E	4	59	47	80
Company F	5	71	61	86
Company G	3	60	44	73
Company H	6	65	56	86
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.	4	32	26	81
Company I	3	65	56	86
Company K	4	75	66	88
Company L	5	83	72	87
Company M	5	62	54	87
Med. Dept. Det.	5	32	27	84
	1109	902		81.30

27th Div. Tr. (17) 81.17%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	4	15	15	100
Motor Transport Co. 105	4	47	37	79
Motor Transport Co. 106	4	48	40	83
Motor Transport Co. 107	4	48	43	89
Motor Transport Co. 108	4	54	37	68
M. R. Section 103	4	23	19	83
Medical Detachment	4	20	16	80
	255	207		81.17

105th Field Art. (18) 80.08%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	6	6	6	100
Hdqs. Bty.	5	48	41	85
Service Bty.	5	67	64	96
1st Bn. Hq.	6	3	3	100
1st Bn. Hq. Bty.	5	42	33	78
Battery A	4	69	49	71
Battery B	4	73	56	77
Battery C	5	66	49	74
2nd Bn. Hq.	6	3	2	67
2nd Bn. Hq. Bty.	4	42	38	90
Battery D	4	72	61	85
Battery E	5	71	54	76
Battery F	4	72	48	67
Medical Detachment	6	39	35	90
	673	539		80.08

Sp. Tr. 27th Div. (19) 79.78%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	3	11	9	90
27th Hdqs. Co.	3	57	44	77
102nd Ordnance Co.	3	33	26	79
27th Tank Co.	3	74	63	85
27th Signal Co.	4	73	55	75
102nd Motorcycle Co.	5	41	34	83
27th Military Police Co.	5	59	44	74
Medical Detachment	3	18	17	94
	366	292		79.78

105th Infantry (20) 79.61%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hq.	4	7	7	100
Regtl. Hq. Co.	4	69	50	72
Service Co.	4	105	91	87
Howitzer Co.	4	61	44	72
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.	6	31	29	93
Company A	5	68	58	85
Company B	4	70	61	87
Company C	5	59	44	74
Company D	4	70	49	70
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.	5	28	23	82
Company E	4	63	51	81
Company F	5	64	57	89
Company G	5	69	51	74
Company H	4	65	48	74
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.	4	24	22	92
Company I	5	69	58	84
Company K	5	64	51	80
Company L	4	66	45	68
Company M	5	65	54	83
Med. Dept. Det.	4	36	25	69
	1153	918		79.61

14th Infantry (21) 79.28%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hq.	5	7	7	100
Regtl. Hq. Co.	4	67	52	78
Service Co.	4	86	62	72
Howitzer Co.	4	63	48	76
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.	4	23	19	83
Company A	4	65	57	88
Company B	4	66	53	80
Company C	4	63	52	82
Company D	4	64	52	81
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.	3	23	21	91
Company E	3	64	53	83
Company F	3	62	47	76
Company G	3	66	44	67
Company H	4	68	62	91
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.	3	23	20	87
Company I	4	60	47	78
Company K	4	68	51	75
Company L	4	67	50	75
Company M	4	74	61	82
Med. Dept. Det.	4	36	26	72
	1115	884		79.28

101st Sig. Bat. (22) 71.16%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Hq. & Hq. Co.	4	24	19	79
Company A	4	66	40	61
Company B	4	63	50	79
Medical Det.	4	10	7	70
	163	116		71.16

165th Infantry (23) 70.75%

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hq.	4	7	7	100
Regtl. Hq. Co.	4	64	45	70
Service Co.	4	85	63	74
Howitzer Co.	4	65	39	60
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.	4	26	20	77
Company A	4	66	45	68
Company B	4	69	53	77
Company C	4	65	41	63
Company D	4	76	61	80
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.	4	25	18	72
Company E	4	71	57	80
Company F	4	63	50	79
Company G	4	67	51	76
Company H	4	67	44	66
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.	4	23	19	83
Company I	4	66	37	56
Company K	4	66	42	64
Company L	4	62	42	66
Company M	4	64	42	66
Med. Dept. Det.	4	35	25	71
	1132	801		70.75

107th Infantry (24)

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hq.	5	7	7	100
Regtl. Hq. Co.	5	61	39	64
Service Co.	Form No. 100	Not Rec'd		
Howitzer Co.	6	70	60	86
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.	6	21	18	86
Company A	6	59	39	66
Company B	4	60	43	70
Company C	5	63	50	79
Company D	5	59	50	85
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.	6	21	15	71
Company E	5	65	55	85
Company F	4	64	49	76
Company G	6	61	47	77
Company H	Form No. 100	Not Rec'd		
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.	6	29	28	96
Company I	6	61	41	67
Company K	4	82	68	83
Company L	6	60	54	90
Company M	5	63	47	75
Med. Dept. Det.	5	32	27	84

174th Infantry (25)

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hq.	6	7	7	100
Regtl. Hq. Co.	Form No. 100	Not Rec'd		
Service Co.	4	83	60	72
Howitzer Co.	4	67	46	69
Hq. & Hq. Co. 1st Bn.	Form No. 100	Not Rec'd		
Company A	5	74	55	74
Company B	4	70	60	86
Company C	4	62	51	82
Company D	4	72	58	81
Hq. & Hq. Co. 2nd Bn.	4	30	28	93
Company E	4	79	73	92
Company F	4	63	52	82
Company G	4	63	61	97
Company H	4	67	46	69
Hq. & Hq. Co. 3rd Bn.	3	32	27	84
Company I	5	75	64	85
Company K	4	64	55	86
Company L	3	76	62	81
Company M	4	76	48	63
Med. Dept. Det.	4	35	28	80

156th Field Art. (26)

	No. of Rep.	Aver. Pres. and Rec'd.	Aver. % Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	6	5	5	100
Hdqs. Bty.	5	49	39	80
Service Bty.	4	75	67	89
1st Bn. Hq.	Form No. 100	Not Rec'd		
1st Bn. Hq. Bty. & C.T.	Form No. 100	Not Rec'd		
Battery A	4	71	52	73
Battery B	2	65	40	62
Battery C	5	72	52	72
2nd Bn. Hq.	4	5	5	100
2nd Bn. Hq. Bty. & C.T.	4	34	30	88
Battery D	4	69	53	77
Battery E	3	67	60	89
Battery F	4	73	53	73
Medical Detachment	3	37	30	81

Hq. Coast Art.

(1) **100%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Hdqrs.	5	3	3	100
Hdqrs. Det.	5	6	6	100
		9	9	100

State Staff

(2) **98.50%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
A. G. D. Section	4	5	5	100
J. A. G. D. Section	4	4	4	100
Ordnance Section	4	28	27	96
Medical Section	4	2	2	100
Q. M. Section	4	28	28	100
		67	66	98.50

87th Inf. Br.

(3) **92.68%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	5	5	5	100
Hdqrs. Co.	5	36	33	92
		41	38	92.68

93rd Inf. Br.

(4) **92.50%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	5	5	4	80
Hdqrs. Co.	4	35	33	95
		40	37	92.50

51st Cav. Br.

(5) **91.02%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Brigade Hdqrs.	4	7	7	100
Hdqrs. Troop	4	71	64	90
		78	71	91.02

Hq. 27th Div.

(6) **88.71%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	4	26	26	100
Hdqrs. Detachment	5	45	37	82
		71	63	88.73

52nd F. A. Br.

(7) **88.09%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	5	7	7	100
Headquarters Bty.	4	35	30	86
		42	37	88.09

53rd Inf. Br.

(8) **84.20%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	5	4	4	100
Hdqrs. Co.	3	34	28	82
		38	32	84.20

54th Inf. Br.

(9) **83.33%**

	No. of Rep. Rec'd.	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	5	6	5	83
Hdqrs. Co.	4	30	25	83
		36	30	83.33

A CORRECTION

In the November GUARDSMAN was reported an incident of a soldier on duty with the Q. M. Corps at Pine Camp, saving the life of a little girl of eight years from drowning at Carthage. As the item came to us the man was credited to the 244th C. A. but as his name was also spelled incorrectly perhaps it doesn't matter, except that we do want to mention the name of the real hero and give credit to whom credit is due. It was:

Corporal Alexander Husos
Battery F, 212th A. A. C. A.

156th FIELD ARTILLERY

Writes one who serves in the field artillery of the Hudson Valley:

"All hail the Chief!

"News of the appointment of Col. J. T. Cassidy as regimental commander was received with much satisfaction by all members of his command. As a soldier and as a gentleman, Col. Cassidy has won the respect and admiration of the entire personnel. The well-wishes and efforts of both officers and enlisted men, in his behalf, will undoubtedly tend towards a greater degree of efficiency and cohesive coordination, which will carry the fame and exploits of the 156th far and wide.

"The best o' luck!"

Capt. Alfred Huddelson, Jr., has been appointed Regimental Adjutant. He was formerly Adjutant of the Second Battalion and resides in Newburgh.

The second meeting of the 2-2's (that enviable organization) was held in Middletown on January 2nd.

The first official meeting of the combined athletic and entertainment committee was held in the Newburgh Armory, December 29th. The committee consists of Lts. Coffey and Jamieson and nine enlisted men.

learn with regret of the resignation of Capt. Louis M. Baker, Co. G, 10th Infantry, Oneonta. Capt. Baker has had this company for thirteen years and has kept it up to top notch in numbers and efficiency. The officers and enlisted men of his company tendered him a farewell dinner in the mess hall of the Armory on January 12th, when a delicious chicken repast was followed by songs and entertainment. The Ordnance Detachment personnel, stationed in Oneonta, served the meal and participated in the program. In presenting him with a beautiful watch and Masonic fob, a gift from the members of the company, Lt. Danforth Bolton said:

"I wish that I was gifted to do honor to you. Words cannot express the regret of the company in your leaving us. It has been through your efforts that this unit has attained the high rating in which it now enjoys. You have had the interest of us at all times in your heart, and I don't believe that there is one of us here tonight that cannot look up to you without pride.

"Among us in this company you stand the highest. Your opinions have always been respected, and when you have been known to form them they have always been respected by Company G. We have made some records in camp. One, you men all recall, the 100 per cent inspection. As one officer at camp expressed it, it was the best he had ever seen.

"Capt. Baker, to you we owe our record. You have had the welfare of every man in your heart, the qualities to which an officer can look up to. You possess leadership, the kind that every man looks up to and wants to follow. The man who will take your place will have much to follow, because of the high standing of leadership which you will leave behind."

Capt. Baker in responding, said in conclusion:

"Some day I hope to show you my appreciation, of which tonight I am sure you can understand, that from the bottom of my heart, I do appreciate this wonderful banquet tendered in my honor. It is a pleasure to have these former officers here, the members of the ordnance department, you, my own company, all cooperating together, pulling together, and for this wonderful honor and gift you men have bestowed upon me, I thank you."

**GUARD AND ONEONTA
LOSES MILITARY LEADER**

His legion of friends throughout the New York National Guard will

PREMIER

Pure Food Products

Build Strength and Muscle

**Francis H. Leggett and Company
New York**

108th INFANTRY

Company G—Christmas presents were given to several members of Company G during the holiday season in the form of promotions. Those to receive them were: Robert F. Daly, Sergeant to Supply Sergeant; Adelbert L. Groat, Corporal to Sergeant; Pvts. Joseph C. Leone and Charles C. Davis to Corporals.

The company has completed drills for 1930, the records showing that ten men have 100 per cent attendance, and will be awarded attendance medals. They are Sgt. Raymond D. Eckrich, Sgt. Rollin D. Schlicker, Corp. Jerry J. Daly, Sgt. Robert Daly, Sgt. A. L. Groat, Pvts. Walter E. DeFoy, Burton H. Moore, Donald R. McAnn, Earl P. Brunswick, Edward G. Maslanka, Gilbert MacNeal, and Donald Wolfe. Sgt. Schlicker has had perfect attendance for five years.

Company E—The officers and enlisted men of Company E were elated at the fine commendation given to this organization, in the 10 weeks' "Test of Progress" report recently made by Capt. Grover C. Hutchison, Regular Army instructor, assigned to the Rochester infantry companies.

**INSPECTION REPORT—
Company E**

To inspect a unit which has attained the state of efficiency reached by this company produces a sense of genuine pleasure for the Inspector and I am sure a warm feeling of satisfaction on the part of all members of the company for having done a duty well. The appearance of the company was very smart and their execution of the various movements were equally as clear cut, and precise as were their answer to questions prompt.

All subjects listed in T. C. No. 5, for the current period, have been well taught and the attitude and performance of the men indicated their receptiveness of the teaching.

Recommend that the officers and non-commissioned officers of the company be commended for their efficiency in grasping and teaching the subjects as desired; and the men be commended for their hearty cooperation in perfecting themselves in the details of training outlined for them.

GROVER E. HUTCHINSON,
Captain Infantry, DOL.

Company E was formerly known as Company A of the old 3rd Infantry, and as the 8th Separate Company. It was organized by Capt. Macauley as E Company of the 54th Regiment, New York Militia, and was mustered into service by Maj. Nathaniel Thompson on August 24, 1863. It has seen much State and Federal service, and action in the Civil and Spanish-American wars. In the World War, this organization was known as Company A, 108th Infantry, with a strength of 250 men, in command of Capt. Arthur T. Smith, who is now a Major in command of the 2nd Battalion of the 108th Infantry.

**NEW CORPS AREA
PISTOL TEAM MEDAL**



U. S. HEADQUARTERS
Imported Arms, Ammunition & Parts
Mausier-Luger-Merkel Bros.-Mannlicher-Wobley-Scott, etc.
Full line American Arms & Ammunition
Springfield's Restocked to Col. Whelen's Revised Specifications
Largest stock in America of fine new Rifles, Trap, Field Guns,
Side Arms, Air Rifles & Pistols. * Telescopes mounted. * Expert
Repairing. * Send 25c in stamps for 128 page Arms Catalog.

A. F. STOEGER, INC., NEW YORK, N. Y.
509 Fifth Avenue (at 42nd St.)

**212th COAST ARTILLERY
(A.A.)**

The 212th Coast Artillery Rifle Team, after getting off to a bad start at the beginning of the shooting season, eventually woke up and "hit the pace", winning the following matches:

Stuyvesant Rifle Club, Stuyvesant, N. Y. Score: 212th C. A., 956; Stuyvesant R. C., 951. Five high men on each team were as follows:

212TH C. A.

Sgt. White	190
Sgt. Rieger	192
Capt. Weston	193
Sgt. Kador	191
Pvt. 1st Cl. Warner...	190

STUYVESANT R. C.

Mauge	196
Molinski	191
Stacy	185
Brandt	189
Aldrich	190

This was a prone and sitting match.

In a three-position match (prone, kneeling and standing) with St. John's College, scores were as follows:

212TH C. A.

Capt. Weston	120
Sgt. Rieger	111
Sgt. Kador	107
Cpl. Soule	93
<hr/>	
	431

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE

Hickey	117
McGhan	73
Romano	72
Beary	100
<hr/>	
	362

In a return match, fired later, over the same course, scores were as follows:

212TH C. A.

Sgt. Rieger	208
Pvt. 1st Cl. Warner...	209
Sgt. Kador	220
Capt. Weston	218
Sgt. Fischer	225
Sgt. White	234
<hr/>	
	1314

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE

Romano	199
Dean	181
Hickey	243
Neuhaus	222
McGhan	229
Beary	210
<hr/>	
	1284

MILITARY BALL OF SIXTY YEARS AGO

On page 2 another old steel engraved picture from Leslie's Weekly is reproduced, and will prove most interesting, not only to Guardsmen but the general public, who can get a great "kick" from the styles of over a half century ago when the ladies "sure did dress." The old 9th Infantry, now the 244th Coast Artillery, put on "some party!" Speaking of the reception and ball Leslie's Weekly of May 27, 1870, said:

"A ball in June (or near it)—a public ball at the Academy of Music, in the summer time (or near it), is suggestive, as a general rule, of heat and discomfort; but, fortunately for all concerned, the night of Friday, May 27, 1870, was cool, almost cold, and, in consequence, the crowds who congregated at the Academy, from a little before midnight to a little after morning, on the occasion of the Reception of the Ninth Regiment, Col. James Fisk, Jr., commanding, enjoyed themselves to the top of their bent, entirely independent of the almanac.

"In all respects, the affair was a success, and, spite of the ideas entertained in certain quarters, of the 'eccentricities' of the celebrated colonel of the Ninth, the tone of the reception was strictly 'orthodox.' The spirit of the ball was intensely respectable, while its details were intensely regal.

"The great feature of the evening was the music, which was undoubtedly superior to anything ever previously attempted at a public ball in this country. Not only was it of superabundant quantity—never for a moment ceasing, the promenade music bursting into melody, ere the delirious dance-strains had ceased, but its quality was of the very first order of merit, and several new compositions were, on this occasion, for the first time given to the world.

"The decorations were elegantly simple, consisting of stars, floral ornaments, etc., with perfumes gratis; and the scene was animated in the extreme.

"The public supper was by Delmonico, and sustained the well-earned reputation of that popular caterer. In the *prima donna's* room, a private supper was served about midnight, to Governor Hoffman, Gen. Shaler, and a number of other distinguished guests, civil and military, at which the health of Col. Fisk, and other dignitaries, was drunk with vigor. Mr. Director-Admiral-Colonel Fisk returned thanks in a neat speech, in which, replying to some jocose allusions to his rotundity, he signified his intentions to procure a *curved* musket to correspond to the proportions of his figure. And thus the time passed pleasantly.

"The ladies were out in full force and beauty, and embraced many representatives of our local aristocracy and best families, with a sprinkling of the talented and professional element.

"Not the slightest sign of rowdyism manifested itself. There were absolutely no disturbances whatever; and, in fact, the Reception of the Ninth Regiment, at the Academy of Music, May 27, 1870, was a credit alike to its colonel, the regiment, the National Guard, and the metropolis."

Esprit de Corps

By FREDERIC T. CARDOZE

It had traveled to Headquarters
And the trouble had begun,
For "the old man" vowed to fathom
What the new recruit had done.
It had come to him in rumor
That the more than normal pranks
Had quite merited expulsion
From the regimental ranks.

When he sent for Sgt. Murry
And observed him like a hawk,
He discerned the "non-com" soldier
Was most disinclined to talk.
Now the Sergeant stood before him
And his lips were set and hard;
For his Colonel had demanded
That he "peach" upon a pard.

"He's me pal and comrade, Colonel,
And a chap that's clean and true;
I have heard what you have asked me
But I ain't a comin' through.
He's as loyal as a brother
And it ain't for me to trim.
Sir, that's how he has treated me
And I am treatin' him.

"And I don't believe the story,
It don't sound like Jones at all;
That's the reason why I'm tongue-tied
And it's up to me to stall.
Won't you countermand your order
That would make me play the cad
And perhaps bring shame and sorrow
On this young and harmless lad?"

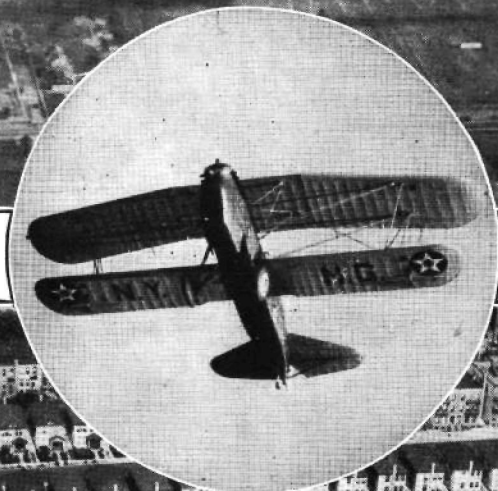
Then the Colonel thought a moment
And he nodded twice his head;
In the visage of the Sergeant
Something worthwhile he had read.
"Take your post, Top Sgt. Murry,
I shall ask of you no more;
You have shown a fine example
Of the esprit de corps!"

CEMENTING FRIENDLY RELATIONS

During the course of the field training period of the New York National Guard at Peekskill last summer, Gen. W. N. Haskell, who commanded the camp, turned out a review for the town authorities of Peekskill, New York, which place is adjacent to the training camp. The affair was a big success. The townsmen thoroughly enjoyed the experience and it served to cement cordial relations between the town and the camp.

The idea is passed along in these columns in the hope that other camp commanders may do the same wherever there is an opportunity to do so.

—From the *Infantry Journal*.



NOW MAJOR "LARRY" BROWER

Among the changes in command that have taken place recently in the several units of the N. Y. N. G., is that of the 27th Division Aviation. On October 27th, 1930, Major Lawrence G. Brower was named commanding officer of the N. Y. N. G. Aviation, succeeding Major George A. Vaughn, who has now joined the divisional staff in the new roll of Division Air Officer.

With the transfer of Major Vaughn to the staff, Major Brower is the only member remaining of the original fifteen pilots who back in the dark ages (1921 to be exact) met weekly at the old Army & Navy Club, which was then housed on 59th Street, New York City. Major Brower has done his full share in building up the New York National Guard Air unit to its present efficiency, so that today it holds its own among the eighteen National Guard Air units scattered throughout the country.

Major Brower, or Larry, as he is known to his many friends in the division, has acted as flight commander during his time in the squadron. And, needless to say, has piled up many hours of flying time. He has given "inches," as he says, to almost every officer and enlisted man in the division, all of which has afforded him much amusement and pleasure. During one of his trips up state, with a fellow officer in the back seat as passenger, he flew 50 miles out of his way, in order to give this officer a view of Niagara Falls from the air. After circling the Falls five or six times and pointing out various points of interest he landed at the Buffalo Airport, only to find, to his great surprise, that his passenger had been sound asleep during the entire trip.

During the War, Major Brower obtained his aviation ground school work at Cornell, at which university he was a member, and incidentally pulled a "mean" oar on some of the championship crews that his world famed coach, "Old Man" Courtney, turned out. In France he saw nine months of actual flying over the western front, as flight commander of the 88th Observation Squadron, taking part in the five major offensives in which the American forces engaged.

Coincidental with Major Brower's new appointment, one week after he had taken command, five brand new observation planes of the very latest army type, powered with 525 H. P. motors and capable of making 145 miles an hour, were delivered to the squadron's station at Miller Field, Staten Island.

Some recent photographs taken by members of the 102nd Photo Section of our Air Corps are shown on the opposite page. One gives a good view of our State Arsenal in a busy section of Brooklyn. The Corps has a fine lot of new equipment and the new commander, Major "Larry" Brower, has promised some more air pictures for the future issues of "THE GUARDSMAN."

TAPS FOR FORMER GUARDSMAN

How often we hear "Why did a fellow like that have to be taken, when there are so many of the other kind who could have been spared?"

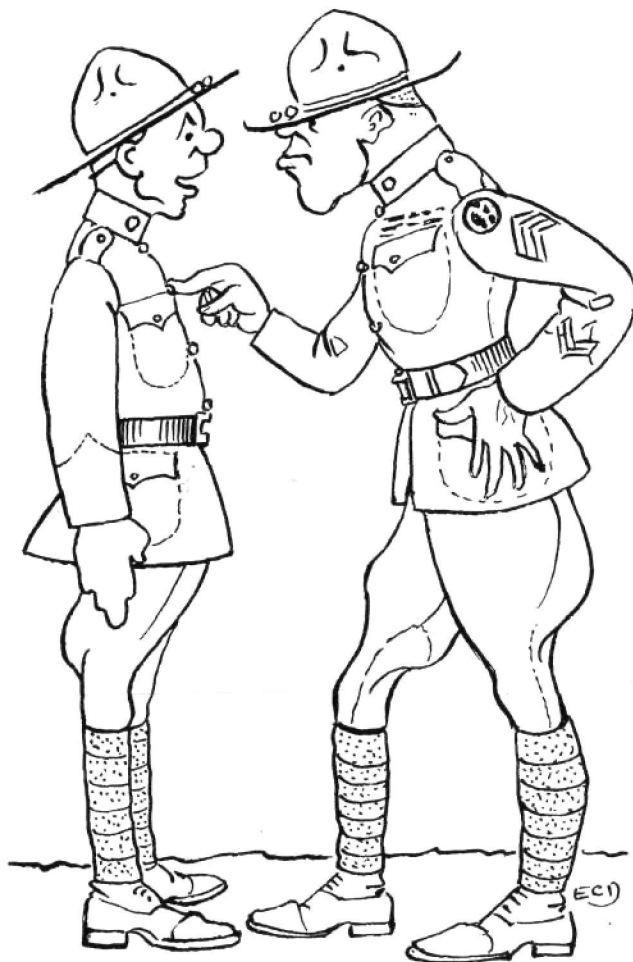
In the New York National Guardsman for September, 1926, a story and a series of illustrations were printed, showing the presentation of the New York State Medal for Valor to Cpl. James MacLarnon of the 71st Infantry.

He had, with great bravery, saved two men from drowning in the Hudson River, adjacent to Camp Smith. The decoration was presented by General Haskell and MacLarnon was also honored with a passing before him of the brigade in review.

Always a good soldier in the 71st, MacLarnon in time became an equally good State Trooper. He was a big, "he-man" fellow, well loved by all who knew him.

Strange are the ways of fate! MacLarnon was run down by an automobile at Bellmore, L. I., on January 19th, and died in a hospital at Bay Shore of a fractured skull. *The Babylon Eagle* devoted two full columns to a description of his unfortunate death, his funeral and his record—so well regarded was he where he had been serving.

The 71st joined with the State Troopers in showing last honors to Guardsman-Trooper MacLarnon in a military funeral held in St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Bay Shore, from where an impressive procession conveyed his body to a grave in the Regiment's plot in Mount Hope Cemetery, where many war heroes lie.



Said Sergeant McQuirt to a rookie,
 "Look here little boy, you played hookie."
 "At Inspection last night,"
 "You were nowhere in sight"

.....
 (Fill in the last line)

THE STOEGER .22 CAL. ATTACHMENT

By A. L. A. HIMMELWRIGHT

Every man in the service armed with the regulation pistol and many thousands of ex-service men and civilians who own the service pistol will be pleased to know that a practical and satisfactory .22 cal. attachment or "adapter" has at last been perfected for it.

It is the invention of Messrs. A. F. Stoeger, Jr., and H. C. King of 509 Fifth Ave., New York City, and should be ready for distribution by the time this announcement appears.

This device differs from any heretofore offered in that it is a complete, self-contained unit with its own sight equipment. It replaces the slide and barrel of the automatic and fits into the same track of the receiver and is locked in place by the slide stop-pin.

The cut shows the attachment mounted, and the action open ready for loading. The change to .22 cal. is made in a few minutes without tools. No fitting is required.

The action is operated by a thumb piece near the breech which releases the barrel catch when it tips up automatically as shown. An automatic extractor starts the empty shell out of the barrel as it tips up, and then retreats allowing the shell to project for easy and convenient removal.

All the safeties function with the .22 cal. attachment, making this the safest .22 cal. pistol to manipulate and fire that has thus far been produced.

The sights, lines, weight and balance are substantially the same as the service pistol; these features having been duplicated in order that practice shooting with the attachment should simulate, as near as possible, practice with the service weapon. It may be carried in the regulation holster.

A leather case or sheath can also be supplied in which the attachment may be carried on a belt and which serves also as a receptacle for the barrel, slide, etc., of the automatic pistol while the .22 cal. attachment is in service.

The retail price of the attachment complete is \$15.00, the leather case, \$1.00.

The advantages claimed for this device and which seem justified are as follows:

Economy—The .22 cal. ammunition costs about one-eighth as much as the regulation.

Completely self-contained—No screws, nuts or loose small parts to get lost or mislaid.

Superior accuracy—Chambered for the extremely accurate .22 cal. long rifle cartridge and with the sights mounted on fixed (instead of moving) parts—improved accuracy is assured.

The same "trigger" pull and grip of the automatic is retained in the .22 cal. attachment.

The rim of cartridge being completely housed it prevents "blow back."

Accessibility of all parts for cleaning and oiling.



The Stoeger attachment instantly converts the .45 cal. automatic pistol into a .22 cal. single shot pistol with tip-up action.

The Stoeger attachment is a meritorious device and should have a large sale. On account of its unique safety features it is particularly well adapted for the instruction and training of recruits and novices. The light report and almost imperceptible recoil reduces to a minimum the tendency to flinch—a bad habit that is almost invariably acquired when beginners are obliged to fire the service ammunition. With this attachment progress in marksmanship should therefore be more rapid and the entire program of practice shooting for qualifications, etc., instead of being a necessary routine ordeal should become a real pleasure.

HORTON'S ICE CREAM

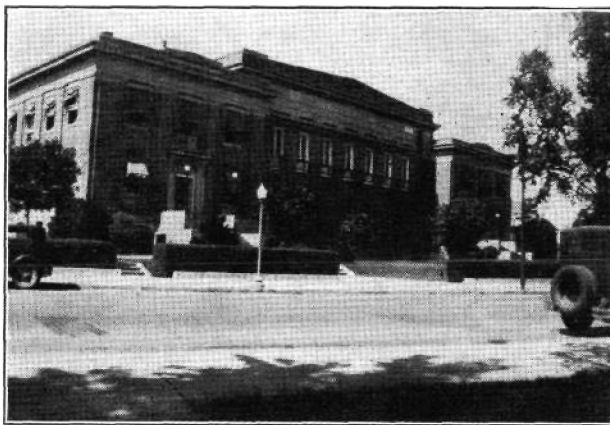
1851—The Premier Ice Cream of America—1931

For Eighty Years

New York at the Coast Artillery School

By LT. JOHN C. MAZZEI

THREE officers of the Coast Artillery Corps of the New York National Guard attended the 1930 session of the National Guard Officer's class at the Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va. They were Capt. Daniel S. Williams of the 212th C. A., and Lts.



Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va.

John C. Mazzei and James L. Squire of the 244th C. A. Two enlisted men, Staff Sgt. Geddes of the 245th C. A. and Corp. Henery of the 212th C. A. were enrolled in the Enlisted Specialists Course, Radio section.

The officer's course lasted for two months, from the first week in September to the last in October. It was a comprehensive course. Fort Monroe is the training center for Coast Artillery, and a Coast Artilleryman's education is not complete until he has attended the Coast Artillery School. All the latest developments are on hand, for the Coast Artillery Board, which develops, approves and tests these latest devices, is located at Fort Monroe.

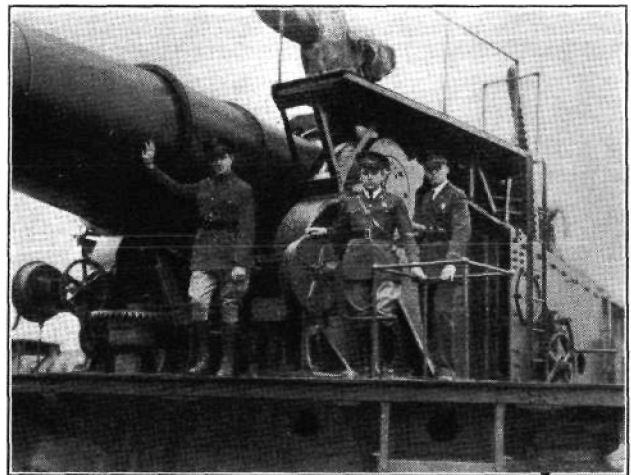
The entire School, the Regular Army Advanced and Battery Officer's Course and the National Guard and Reserve Officer's Battery Officer's Course were gathered to-



155mm. G. P. F. Battery

gether for the opening exercises which were presided over by Brig. Gen. Stanley D. Embick, the commandant of the School. Maj. Gen. John W. Gulick, the Chief of Coast Artillery, gave the address, in which he stressed the aims of the Coast Artillery and the purposes of the School.

For the week end we were turned on our own. There are plenty of diversions at hand, as it must be remembered that Fort Monroe is located at Old Point Comfort. Langley Field is only a few miles away, as are Jamestown, Yorktown and Williamsburg, places full of historic interest. The famous Virginia Beach, the Atlantic City of the South, is within easy reach, and Saturday night always brings a crowd to the Hotel Chamberlin. The Battle Fleet anchors every week right off the fort at Hampton Roads, and the Navy is always glad to show you what they have.



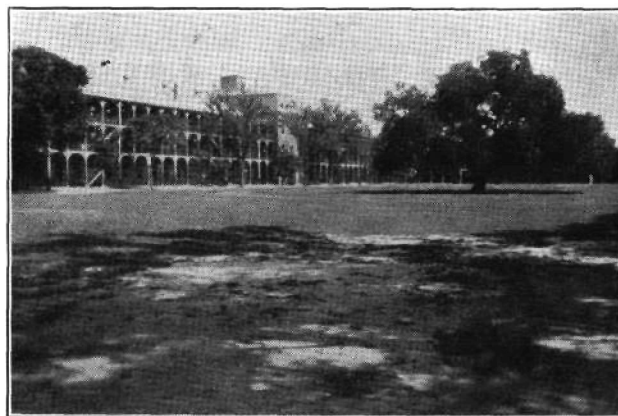
*N. Y. N. G. Officers on 16-inch Gun, Aberdeen, Md.
Left to right—Capt. D. S. Williams, Lt. J. C. Mazzei,
Lt. J. L. Squire.*

We went aboard the Wyoming, on our first week end, and were well received. As a stroke of fortune we were met at the top of the gangway by the Admiral's chief of staff, who called up one of the junior officers to show us around. Ensign Snead, who was our guide, started off on the top of the conning tower and we were shown every inch of the battleship. We were later turned over to Ensigns Newton and Cushing, engineering officers, who took us beneath decks, and when we were through we had enough, for although the engine room and fire room were interesting, it was no fun on a hot day. The whole visit proved very interesting and educational, as a Coast Artillery officer must be familiar with naval vessels.

Classes started pronto at 8:00 A. M. Monday. They were from 8:00 to 4:00 on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, and from 8:00 to 12:00 on Wednes-

days. Saturday and Sunday were free days. We were welcomed by Maj. Richards, the Director of Artillery, who outlined the course and introduced Capt. Case, our first instructor. Things then started off with a bang. The system used was a conference at the beginning of the day, in which the subject was explained by the instructor, and then topic sheets consisting of problems and questions on the subject were worked out by the student. The topic sheets were corrected and handed back with an approved solution. These when saved and bound at the end of the course make a handy reference.

The first two weeks consisted of basic gunnery. This subject was taught by Capt. Ricker and Case, both excellent instructors. The text for this course was T. R. 435-280, Gunnery for Heavy Artillery, and really the Coast Artillery Bible. This gave the students a firm basis and whole lot more than what could be gotten from a casual reading, or a reference to this training regulation. The class was then divided into two sections, Harbor Defense and Anti-Aircraft. Out of thirty students in the class, eighteen took the Anti-Aircraft course, while the remaining twelve were in the Harbor Defense Section. This meant a parting of the ways, for Capt. Williams was A. A., while Lts. Mazzei and Squire were Harbor Defense. The Anti-Aircraft section was under the tutelage of Capt.



Parade Ground and Barracks, Fort Monroe, Va.

were fired in day and night practices. Multiple mounts of both 38 and 50 calibre machine guns on motor trucks added to the display. We were shown the matériel exhibit, which consisted of all weapons from the smallest trench mortar, to the big 16-inch gun. We also witnessed the penetration of a 12-inch projectile through a 13½-inch armor plate. After a two-day stay, we were turned loose on Friday to report back to Fort Monroe Monday.

The remainder of the time, two weeks, was spent in target practice, and target practice analysis for both groups. The Harbor Defense section fired one practice with a battery of 155mm. G. P. F.'s, and another on the 10-inch disappearing guns, the officers of the class manning all key positions. After this the reports and target practice analysis for both practices were prepared. The Anti-Aircraft section fired machine guns and 3-inch guns at a sleeve towed by an airplane. They also had a couple of night practices with searchlights.

Classes in equitation were held for those who cared for it twice a week. This course was optional with the National Guard Class, but most all signed for it. Horses for pleasure riding were available at all times, and this form of exercise encouraged. There are also ample facilities for tennis, golf, swimming and other sports.

In closing let us urge all of those, both officers and men, who can, to line themselves up for this service school. It may be a whole lot of work, yet it's fun, and the results are ample reward for the time spent, as the past year's delegation certainly stand to prove.



16-inch Gun, Aberdeen, Md.

Edgecombe and Lewis, the former an old National Guard officer of Rhode Island. Capt. Case and Ricker continued with the Harbor Defense section. For this section the work immediately became practical. We inspected all the matériel in the vicinity of Fort Monroe. We struggled through the intricacies of Fire control instruments. Instruction was given in armor attack and identification of naval vessels. When this was through we entered actual firing. For a week the class manned and fired a battery of two 75mm guns, alternating in various positions until each officer had worked every position in the plotting room and on the guns, and had been battery commander, range officer and emplacement officer; 300 rounds of ammunition were shot in this preliminary practice.

The Anti-Aircraft group continued a little further in theory, wrestling with the complicated problem of three dimensional anti-aircraft gunnery. It then followed the same line as the Harbor Defense section, studying A. A. matériel and fire control equipment.

Both sections of the class were taken to the Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Aberdeen, Md., for an exhibition of anti-aircraft firing which proved most interesting. Batteries of 105mm., 3 inch, and 37mm. anti-aircraft guns



3-inch Anti-Aircraft Battery, 69th C. A. (A.A.), Aberdeen, Md.

Small Arms Proficiency Prize Winners 1930

THE Adjutant General has announced, in special orders, the award of prizes for the year 1930 for excellence in Small Arms Practice, authorized by Section 112, Military Law.

Company I, 10th Infantry, New York National Guard, Mohawk, N. Y., having qualified in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 63, National Guard Regulations No. 45, dated April 1, 1927, is announced as the winner of the National Trophy, awarded annually by the War

Department to the company of the National Guard in each State attaining the highest figure of merit in its record practice with the rifle. The record of the winner is as follows:

Total qualifications	65
(34 experts, 17 sharpshooters, 14 marksmen)	
Strength of Company.....	70
Percentage of qualifications.....	93%
Figure of merit.....	84.21

<i>Prizes</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Awarded to</i>	<i>Score</i>	<i>Figure of Merit</i>
NATIONAL GUARD				
State	\$300.00	107th Infantry	3,849	.....
Headquarters	100.00	102nd Engineers	1,564	.....
53rd Inf. Brigade.....	100.00	106th Infantry	1,606	.....
54th Inf. Brigade.....	100.00	107th Infantry	1,646	.....
87th Inf. Brigade.....	100.00	71st Infantry	1,568	.....
93rd Inf. Brigade.....	100.00	165th Infantry	1,615	.....
51st Cav. Brigade.....	100.00	Tr. I, 121st Cav.	....	97.06
51st Cav. Brigade.....	75.00	Tr. E, 121st Cav.	....	91.40
51st Cav. Brigade.....	50.00	Tr. B, 121st Cav.	....	70.70
53rd Inf. Brigade.....	100.00	Co. I, 10th Inf.	....	147.43
53rd Inf. Brigade.....	75.00	Co. F, 10th Inf.	....	99.30
53rd Inf. Brigade.....	50.00	Co. C, 10th Inf.	....	92.12
54th Inf. Brigade.....	100.00	Co. K, 107th Inf.	....	123.60
54th Inf. Brigade.....	75.00	Co. L, 108th Inf.	....	108.21
54th Inf. Brigade.....	50.00	Co. K, 108th Inf.	....	105.85
87th Inf. Brigade.....	100.00	Co. E, 174th Inf.	....	103.13
87th Inf. Brigade.....	75.00	Co. F, 174th Inf.	....	86.36
87th Inf. Brigade.....	50.00	Co. I, 174th Inf.	....	69.10
93rd Inf. Brigade.....	100.00	Co. K, 14th Inf.	....	77.83
93rd Inf. Brigade.....	75.00	Co. I, 14th Inf.	....	55.43
93rd Inf. Brigade.....	50.00	Co. F, 14th Inf.	....	53.79
NAVAL MILITIA				
Brigade Match	100.00	3rd Battalion	1,412	.....
Headquarters Match	50.00	33rd Fl. Division	329	.....
1st Fig. of Merit.....	100.00	15th Fl. Div. 3rd Bn.	....	133.5
2nd Fig. of Merit.....	75.00	302nd Mar. Co. 3rd Bn.	....	122.6
3rd Fig. of Merit.....	50.00	9th Pl. Div. 3rd Bn.	....	99.6

The Birth of the .22 Calibre Springfield Rifle

SMALL bore rifle shooting, which was popularized in the beginning by civilian shooters thirsting for competition on the rifle range and energetically fostered by the National Rifle Association, has become an important part of military training. Practically all branches of the Regular service now recognize the value of training recruits on the .22 calibre range before progressing to .30 calibre rifle shooting. In fact, the small bore rifle is extensively used in record competition by Regulars, National Guardsmen and Reserves. The importance of .22 rifle training and its subsequent official recognition is directly traceable to the efforts of N. R. A. in forcing to the forefront its own appraisal of the value of the smaller arms in the training of soldiers and in the competitive spirit that was bound to result.

As readers of THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN know, the modern .22 calibre Springfield Rifle, except for the stock, is the counterpart of the .30 calibre regulation military arm. It is a super-accurate, super-functioning weapon modeled after its more powerful "brother." Officials responsible for the development of the Springfield .22 foresaw the trend of present day, modern service rifle stocking and were governed accordingly in drawing up specifications for the "baby" Service rifle. That is why the stock is fashioned after the N. R. A. Springfield sporter, being specially stocked and pistol gripped. Whatever refinement or improvement for comfort in shooting may be desired by a particular rifleman can be readily added to the rifle. In it, of course, is used only the long rifle cartridge.

The Springfield .22 calibre rifle now in use is the 1922 model with various improvements. It was manufactured at the Springfield Armory in that year after persistent urging by the National Rifle Association. In this connection, it is interesting to review some of the pertinent historical facts incident to development of the present M-1 rifle. The first effort in this direction was an experiment with Sub-calibre rifles using tubes in the Service arm. Results were not satisfactory, however, particularly because it was necessary to seat the .22 cartridge off-center so that the firing pin would strike the rim of the smaller cartridge.

The 1922 Springfield was the fourth bolt-action .22 military rifle which had been produced at the Government arsenals, two of the previous models having been mechanically impossible, and the third practical but lacking many of the features of the 1922 model.

It might be here mentioned that the stimulus given by the inclusion of out-door small bore shooting in the National Matches of 1919 began to bear fruit when officials

of Springfield Armory found that post-war activities would permit their undertaking the production of the model that had been so long urged by the N. R. A. The tentative design for the first model was, therefore, completed in December, 1919. At a demonstration of the rifle in Washington, it was approved by both the National Rifle Association and the National Board for Promotion of Rifle Practice. Benedict Crowell, Assistant Secretary of War and President of the Board, then ordered its manufacture. When shooters suggested various improvements, the design was further studied and various changes were later made. It was this 1919 model from which the present rifle was perfected, however.

The 1922 model instantly recommended itself to the discriminating shooters and was regarded as the dream of American marksmen. The new rifle combined all the principal features that .22 shooters had asked for, namely, a .22 service type weapon sufficiently accurate to compete with strictly match weapons well sighted and possessing the full bolt throw of the .30 calibre and other close mechanical parallels, such as a direct and sure functioning magazine feed.

In the manufacture of the Springfield Model of 1922, the quality of the material used, the care taken in the manufacture of the parts and the drastic inspection insisted upon, all contributed to the widespread popular acclaim of this rifle. It is in all respects representative of the latest art of gun making. The steel used is the same as used in the Springfield Service rifle. The barrel contour is graceful and produces that happy mien which makes for reliable shooting. The magazine is of the flush type and holds five rounds. The bolt in general outline follows that of the Service rifle and is of the same material throughout. The firing mechanism now very closely approximates that of the Service rifle and is of the single striker form with flat point. The stock is a man-sized affair of sensible design, with a well-proportioned comb, full and well moulded and has a pistol grip of excellent dimensions. The rifle weighs about nine pounds without sling.

Besides the value of the Springfield .22 from the military training standpoint, it has another benefit of even more far-reaching effect. In the small bore military Springfield rifle, we have a weapon that in every respect will back up the skill of the shooter when used in competition simulating Service rifle conditions at reduced ranges. It is used in International as well as National competitions, and, incidentally, will undoubtedly be the choice of many contenders for a place on the U. S. International Small Bore Team which the National Rifle Association will send to Europe next summer.



In 1852
Elisha Graves
Otis
announced
the world's
first *safe*
elevator.

▼

Today
the highest
development
in Vertical
Transportation
is the Otis
Signal Control
Elevator.

▼

**OTIS
ELEVATOR
COMPANY**

*Offices in All Principal
Cities of the World*

1833—1930

**Westchester County
National Bank**

With Full Trust Company Powers

PEEKSKILL, N. Y.

*The Oldest Bank in Westchester
County and, in point of surplus
to capital, one of the strong-
est Banks in the United
States.*

*...OUR AIM...
is Service and Courtesy
to our Customers*

Commercial Department
Interest Department paying 4½%

Trust Department acting as Execu-
tor of Wills, and in other
fiduciary capacities

Bond Department
Safe Deposit and Storage Vaults



A Snappy looking
overcoat is as essen-
tial as a Swank Uni-
form.

Ridabock is the
tailor who meets
these requirements.

The Well Dressed
Officer will wear
Dress Blues at so-
cial functions this
season.

RIDABOCK & CO.

Uniforms and Equipments

251 Fifth Avenue - New York City



*Telephone
LExington
2-3992—3993
Established 1847*

Engineer Your Dates so

As to Be at the

FIGHTS

EVERY TUESDAY NIGHT

102nd

Regiment Armory

Broadway at 168th Street
New York City

*Come in and See
A Real Program*

**H. J. LUCAS CO.
INC.**

PRINTERS

305 EAST 45th STREET
NEW YORK CITY

MUrray Hill 2-4816—4817



New Home of Troop K., New York State Police, Outside of White Plains in Westchester County

THIS PAGE DONATED BY THE 102ND MEDICAL REGIMENT OF WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.