

especially in the county of Westchester, surrounded, as it is, by so many revolutionary remonstrances; and I feel assured that if the general government will but give us a reasonable time, Westchester will, without the yoking of conscripts together, yield all the men that the draft—so called—requires from this county. This war, thank God! is drawing to its close; this war, in my opinion, does not require that there should be sent from the State of New York a single man to reinforce our armies. But if the general government will insist upon the enforcement of the draft, we must meet it as loyal citizens—meet it not only as men who desire to have the rebellion crushed, the Union restored as it was and the constitution maintained as it is, but also to perpetuate a government for the Union and for the State which shall in the future, as it has in the past, give more benefits in the way of liberal principles—in the way of beneficent legislation—in the way of everything that conduces to make men on earth happy—than any government under heaven. Mr. Haskin then offered resolutions for the purpose of carrying out his views, which, after some suggestions, were adopted unanimously, as follows:—

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the Chair to report upon some plan of action by this Board to relieve the citizens of this county who may be drafted—if the Conscription act is to be enforced therein—from the obnoxious features of the act of conscription and to relieve their families from want; said committee to report to this Board at the next meeting. And that the said committee of five be requested in maturing their plan to take into consideration and report upon the subject of the payment of bounties to volunteers.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon Hon. Moses G. Leonard, Provost Marshal, and request him to have the draft postponed within this county, and have a suitable period of time intervene to enable the county authorities and citizens to obtain the quota required therefrom by volunteering.

The Chairman appointed the committee of five as follows:—Messrs. Haskin, Hunt, Sutherland, Seacor and Haines. On motion the Chairman was also added to the committee.

The committee of three was appointed as follows:—Messrs. Wood, Bowne and Taylor.

The Chairman also announced a new committee on the Harlem Bridge, as follows:—Messrs. Haskin, Bowne, Meritt, Hunt and Wood. This committee are expected soon to make some startling disclosures in relation to this expensive and protracted job.

The Board then adjourned.

THE DRAFT IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY—Important Meeting of the Board of Supervisors.—A meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Westchester county was held on Wednesday evening, to take such measures as might be deemed necessary, in regard to the anticipated conscription. William Caldwell, Esq., of the Sunday Mercury, was appointed President, after which—

Mr. Wood, the chairman of a committee appointed to confer with the Provost Marshal, Mr. Moses G. Leonard, reported that he would, by a special messenger, lay the views of the committee before the authorities at Washington—the committee being in favor of voluntary enlistments.

Hon. John B. Haskins then made a lengthy and forcible address, in which he replied to several statements made by the Hon. Horace Greeley. In the course of his remarks, he said:

Now, Mr. Greeley, what you have asserted as to two-thirds of the men who have gone to the war being Republicans is absolutely false. I will offer you a wager, not of battle, but of men and money. I will go into recruiting in the town of West Farms, where I live, to get up a company, if you will do the same in the town of Newcastle, where you reside; and unless I prove that two hundred more Democrats than Republicans have gone from this county to the war I will consent to lead your men, go to the war and fight with them. Or, I will wager you \$300, the amount which would exempt you or me, that three hundred more Democrats have gone to the war from this county than Republicans. But when you charge upon the people of the lower part of Westchester that they have not done their duty in this war, you indulge in a gross misstatement of facts. Morrisania has sent about three hundred men to the war. Over one hundred and fifty went voluntarily before the draft of last year was ordered, and these are probably not included in your estimate. From the township in which I live (West Farms) two hundred and fifteen men have gone to the war; about one hundred and fifteen of them under the call that was made previous to the draft of last year. Seven-tenths of the men who went from these two towns, and from East Chester, and from Port Chester, were Democrats. Seven-tenths of the men who went from every Democratic town in the county were Democrats. Mr. Greeley, you have libeled the people of this county when you made this statement that the Democrats of the county have not sustained the war. Why, coming down to the question of pecuniary assistance which has been rendered by Democrats in this southern part of the county, five dollars has been given toward the support of the families of volunteers by the Democrats where one has been given by the Republicans. But, why do you insist, Mr. Greeley, in now having the people yoked together and carried away as conscripts, your article explains. You say that if the draft last year had been put in operation, Wadsworth would have beaten Seymour by the same margin that Lincoln had in 1860, which was about fifty thousand. Therefore, now, Mr. Greeley, you insist upon having the draft put in operation here so that the poor men—mostly Democrats—who cannot raise a hundred dollars, shall be yoked together and sent to the war to enable you and your party to triumph at the coming election in this State.

Draft Meeting in Westchester County.

THE DRAFT SUSPENDED.

Resolutions that no man shall leave for the War except Voluntarily.

A very large meeting was held in Morristown on the 21st to hear the report of a committee appointed to secure a suspension of the draft. Hon. J. B. Haskin, (Republican member of Congress,) presided. Among other things he said he had seen a large number of the influential and wealthy citizens of the county, but had not met one who was not willing to adopt any measures for the purpose of alleviating the sufferings the families of those who might be conscripted, or preventing, if possible, the enforcement of the draft. In his interview with the Provost Marshal, he (Mr. H.) had insisted that if time were given, the quota of the county could be raised by appealing to the patriotism and the pockets of the people, thus avoiding the disgrace of conscription, and without dragging men away from their homes, their firesides and their families.

Mr. Gilley from the committee appointed to wait on the Provost marshal, reported their conversation with him, and presented a letter from him which was read by Hon. Pierre C. Talman.

[The Marshal says, "The nature of the law is to create excitement, and it has unfortunately become obnoxious to the majority of those to whom its provisions apply."

"Finding so much excitement produced in the popular mind as to prevent the proper execution of the law, I immediately suspended, for the time being, all business of the district." He advised the authorities that "nothing further could be done in carrying out the law, at present, and that he had received nothing from the government countermanding his action," &c.

Hon. A. B. Tappan, State Prison Inspector, denounced the Conscription act as unconstitutional. Certain parties were endeavoring to make it appear that Democrats were disloyal, but they had done more than their share in Westchester, and were yet willing to respond voluntarily, though not by force.

Isaac T. Williams, Esq. of West Farms, and a legal adviser of the Tribune, offered the following resolutions:

That while we pledge ourselves to the strictest obedience to all laws, human and divine, and will, in no wise, directly or indirectly, countenance the violation of law or morals—

Resolved, That no man shall be permitted to leave the county of Westchester for the seat of war, unless he shall go voluntarily, cheerfully, and with a heart for the work.

Resolved, That the county of Westchester, by a resort to her pecuniary resources, has abundant power and ability to achieve this end; and that it is both justice and patriotism to do so.

Mr. Williams said he was as much opposed to being drafted as any man. He did not believe that one-third of the men called for would ever be drawn. One volunteer was worth three drafted men, and Westchester county could not allow one of her citizens to be made a soldier against his will.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Hon. Wm. C. Bradford, (member of Congress elect, said that in an interview with Gov. Seymour, a Federal officer was present who offered to send a regiment to every district, and patrol the Hudson with gunboats. Gov. Seymour replied that he needed no such aid, being perfectly able to maintain the peace.

Lewis G. Morris, Esq. expressed full confidence in Gov. Seymour, whose name was greeted with great cheers, and counselled law and order.

This meeting deserves more than usual attention. Hon. J. B. Haskin, ex-M. C., Hon. Wm. Radford, M. C. elect; State Prison Inspector, (elected on the Republican Union ticket,) Isaac T. Williams, Esq. who defended Greely in the suit brought against him by Col. Littlejohn, and of whose legal ability the Tribune, and others were at the time full of commendation, all actively participated in the meeting, and all opposed conscription. A demonstration like this, participated in by such men, is full of significance. At all events the people, who are obliged to bear the burthen of the draft should be entirely satisfied as to the constitutionality of the measure.

The "Draft" Excitement up the Hudson River.

Cannon Mounted at Tarrytown.

The Citizens Organizing for Mutual Protection.

The Military on Duty at Yonkers.

The Canada letter mails for the steamer *China*, arrived in this city this morning by steamer from Yonkers. Mr. McGillivray, the officer in charge arrived at Yonkers last evening in the regular train from Toronto, but was unable to proceed further on account of the track of the Hudson River Railroad being torn up at that point. He reports that all was quiet at Yonkers this morning when he left.

The citizens had organized for mutual protection, and two companies were on guard last night at the arsenal. At Tarrytown, also, the citizens were on the alert, and when the train passed through last night they had cannon drawn out to overawe the hostile demonstration of the rioters.

NEW ROCHELLE CADETS.

A company has been organized in New Rochelle, Westchester county, with the above title. The following are the officers:—S. Perry Ayres, Captain; John Fowler, Jr., First Lieutenant; Henry W. Clark, Second Lieutenant; Theodore Pine, Third Lieutenant; David Cherbuliez, First Sergeant; Samuel G. Welling, Second Sergeant; H. Van Etten, Third Sergeant; W. Delamater, Fourth Sergeant; Frederick Prime, Jr., Fifth Sergeant; Samuel Cowdry, Corporal; John Bloom, Corporal; E. Lambden, Corporal; John F. Jarvis, Corporal. June 2, 1864.

CITY INTELLIGENCE

Singular and Fatal Accident—Carelessness of a Soldier.

A singular accident, attended with fatal results, occurred on the Hudson River Railroad, near Yonkers, last Saturday night. As the train was approaching the station the report of a musket was heard, and an instant afterwards a ball crashed the glass of one of the windows of the car, striking in the head a lady passenger, said to be Mrs. Wainor, of White Plains, N. Y. The ball entered near the temple, killing the unfortunate lady immediately.

On investigation it was found that the musket was fired by a careless soldier belonging to a camp of recruits near the village of Yonkers.

HIGHLAND ZOUAVES. June 2, 1864

This fine corps, which is composed in part of the students of the Academy at Peekskill, are to have a dress parade and drill on their parade grounds at Peekskill. The members of this corps are said to drill nearly, if not fully, as well as the Cadets at West Point. The friends of the company desiring to see them can leave Chambers street, at eleven o'clock A. M. Returning can leave Peekskill at half past three P. M., enabling them to be in the city before dusk.

—A new camp of instruction has been located near Scarsdale, on the Harlem Railroad, 23 miles from New York, of which Egbert L. Viele, a graduate of West Point, and a former captain of the Seventh regiment, has been appointed Brigadier General in command. The Ira Harris Guards are at present quartered there, with a number of companies and parts of regiments. The camp is intended for the purpose of training regiments, complete, if possible, but incomplete if they remain so at their rendezvous after a given time, in the camp discipline and field tactics of the brigade.

—Hon. Bayard Clark, of New York, is to be named as Brigadier General, with authority to establish a school for Cavalry instruction in Westchester county.

UNION DISTRICT CONVENTION.

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

All loyal citizens of the several towns comprising the First Assembly District of the County of Westchester, who are in favor of unconditionally sustaining the Administration in a vigorous prosecution of the war until the rebellion is finally suppressed, and of maintaining public order and the enforcement of the laws, are requested to appoint the number of delegates to which they are respectively entitled, to meet in convention at Valentine's Hotel, Williamsbridge, on Tuesday, the 26th inst. at 3 o'clock, p. m., for the selection of three delegates to represent this District in the Union State Convention to be held at Syracuse on the 2nd day of September.

Dated August 6, 1863.

SILAS D. GIFFORD, } Union District
HARVEY KIDD, } Committee.

UNION DISTRICT CONVENTION.

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that a convention for the Second Assembly District of the county of Westchester to appoint three delegates to attend the Union State Convention, to be held at Syracuse, on the second day of September, next; and also to appoint five delegates to attend the Senatorial Convention, for the Eighth Senatorial District, will be held at the hotel of Brundage Sniffin, in the town of White Plains, on the 26th day of August, 1863, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day.

Dated August 11, 1863.

JOHN J. CLAPP,
GILBERT T. DAVIS, } Committee.
STEPHEN C. GRIFFIN, }

We refer our readers to the doings of the Ladies' Union Relief Association of Sing Sing in our special column. Now is the time to aid our sick and wounded soldiers. Let contributions be sent in at once.

Col. Nugent's Department Enlarged.

The Tenth district—embracing the counties of Westchester, Rockland and Putnam—has been added to the department over which Col. Nugent, A. A. Provost Marshal, has direction.

Ladies' Union Relief Association.

At a meeting of the Ladies' Union Relief Association, of Sing Sing, held August 14th, the following Managers were chosen to fill the places of Mrs. Neff, Mrs. Black and Miss Underhill: Mrs. Dr. Provost, Mrs. Frederick Weston and Miss Carpenter. The meetings will be held as usual every Friday at 4 p. m., at the Franklin Academy. Donations of *Jelly* and *Pickles* are particularly requested.

The Managers have received an urgent call from Memphis for books and magazines, the library consisting only of a few testaments, and some old newspapers, they hope sufficient reading matter will be sent in to enable them to send off a box without delay.

By order,

Mrs. VAN CORTLANDT,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Articles Sent.

List of Articles sent by the Ladies' Union Relief Association of Sing Sing, to the sick and wounded volunteers, August 7th to August 17th: 5 pillows, 8 pair socks, 1 blanket, 2 pair drawers, 9 sheets, 13 pillow cases, 6 bed ticks, 3 boxes and 1 bag lint, 2 bundles old linen, 1 bundle old cotton, 3 coats, 1 vest, 9 pair slippers, 2 flannel shirts, 22 towels, 180 pocket handkerchiefs, 34 new shirts, 28 half worn shirts, 3 dressing gowns, dried plums, apples and currants, 6 papers corn starch, 6 papers farina, 1 box containing 12 bottles currant shrub.

Given to sick soldiers in this vicinity: 2 double gowns, 2 hospital shirts, and 1 pair slippers.

By order,

Mrs. VAN CORTLANDT,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Donations Received.

List of donations sent to the Ladies' Union Relief Association, from August 1st to August 20th :

Mrs. Pentz \$5 00
Miss Luckey 1 00
Mrs. Campbell, (6 cent subscription) 25
" North 1 00
" Charles Smith 1 00
" M. W. Mason, (by Mrs. North) 1 00
" J. Siekles 1 00
" Wickes 5 00

Mrs. Gilbert, 12 bottles currant shrub; Mrs. Rennie, 6 jars jelly, 6 bottles syrup; Mrs. Bacon, 6 bottles wine; Mrs. Luckey, 1 new suit clothes, 1 sheet; Mrs. Hartman, pocket handkerchiefs, shirts, old linen; Mrs. North, pocket handkerchiefs, shirts, old linen; Mrs. Paterson, old linen; Mrs. Isaac Hunt, 7 jars pickles; Mrs. Ward, pickles; Mrs. Reed, 5 large stone pots jelly; Mrs. Wickes, 2 pillows and cases; Mrs. Kendall, 6 new towels; Mrs. E. Lane, 12 towels, 4 sheets, 4 pillow cases; Mrs. M. Smith, 29 pocket handkerchiefs, pillow cases, towels, old linen; Miss Gertrude Wells, pocket handkerchiefs; Barlow Brothers, 13 cans; Mr. Washburn, corks; Mr. Wm. Ryder cartage.

By order,
Mrs. VAN CORTLANDT,
Secretary and Treasurer.

COUNTY JOTTINGS.

Welcome to Rear Admiral Farragut-- Hastings.

Friday last was an occasion of considerable rejoicing to our fellow citizens of Hastings, in this County, on the arrival of Rear Admiral Farragut, by steamboat Broadway, at that place, which has been his family residence for several years past. A large concourse of the villagers were assembled upon the landing dock with flags and banners, one of which, a large one, stretched from pole to pole across the dock, bore the inscription "Welcome Home the Hero of the Mississippi," and amidst vociferous cheering the iron-hearted Admiral landed and made his way smilingly through the throng that eagerly pressed to greet him, and to shake the hero's hand, and to express their sincere gladness at his return from his hazardous though glorious service. To this manifestation the Admiral made a sailor's speech, brief, yet sufficient, viz.: "I heartily thank you, my fellow citizens," then making his way to his carriage departed with his wife for their home amidst another outburst of the heartiest kind of cheering.

Communication.

Westchester Phalanx.
To the Editors of the *N. Y. Express*:

WESTCHESTER, Aug. 19th.

During the late riots the town of Westchester (Westchester county) was perambulated by a mob from the vicinity of Williams Bridge, and other places contiguous to the railroads, at mid-day, announcing that certain houses would be burned down after nightfall. The citizens of course were much alarmed, as they were entirely

impotent as, but an armed mob, having no military organization whatever in the town. Assistance and protection were invoked from Fort Schuyler, and their purposes thwarted. Immediately after which, a number of the citizens held a meeting, and formed a military

association, elected Colonel W. W. Tompkins their instructor and commander,—(he being a sojourner in the place at present) also elected subalterns, and non-commissioned officers, civil officers, &c., established a rigid code of bye laws, purchased arms, and commenced a regular course of elementary instruction; drill twice per week (Tuesday and Friday evenings) in the Town Hall. Six drills have been held and great progress has been made. It is to be hoped, a permanent organization under the military statutes, may result from this association—for such an organization is essential for the certain maintenance of domestic tranquility and protection of domestic rights in this populous and wealthy town, and in which, hitherto there has been a great lack of military spirit.—The country ought at this day be enabled to parade four full regiments, well drilled, uniformed, armed and equipped, ready for effective service at all times, each 1,000 strong; instead of which, there are only about 6 to 8 legally organized companies in the county, and small at that and poorly disciplined, except Captain Hatch's company of Yonkers, Capt. Jay's at Rye, and Capt. Armige's at Mamaroneck; all three of these commandants are young gentlemen of education, and of practical knowledge, who have quite recently organized their commands.

Republicans Opposed to the Draft.

We are glad to note the fact that the Republicans of this State are not all like the Republicans of Western New York. In another column will be found the proceedings of a meeting held in Westchester county in opposition to the draft, which was participated in by men of all parties. Hon. J. B. Haskin, Hon. Wm. Radford, M. C. elect, State Prison Inspector, Tappan (elected on the Republican Union ticket,) Isaac T. Williams, Esq., who defended Horace Greeley in the suit brought against him by De Witt C. Littlejohn and of whose legal ability the Tribune at that time was full of praise, Wm. Caldwell, P. C. Talman and others were the class of men who countenanced the movement.—In this section a man cannot be loyal who is not in favor of riding rough-shod over the poor man's rights.

MORTALITY AT DAVID'S ISLAND.—There are over 2,500 rebel prisoners at David's Island. They are all wounded men, from the battlefield of Gettysburg. They have received the kindest and most skillful care from U. S. surgeons, and the same food as wounded men of our own army, and have been supplied with all the little delicacies which usually find the way to our hospitals from the hands of thoughtful and generous men and women. Clergymen of all denominations have visited them, conversed with them, prayed with them, supplied them with religious books and tracts and papers. For all these attentions the prisoners are grateful. The hospitals are clean, well ventilated, and considered to be admirably situated for the treatment and rapid convalescence of patients. Under these circumstances the health of this large number of wounded prisoners was all that could be desired until the hot weather set in. This was peculiarly trying to a large number of cases of unhealed and aggravated wounds; and it is, therefore, not surprising that, during the last two or three weeks, about 80 of the patients have died. They were mostly privates or non-commissioned officers, representing regiments from most of the rebel States. There is no epidemic at the island; and, with the return of cooler weather, the danger of such excessive mortality will have passed away.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Rebel Soldiers on David's Island.

Great Mortality Among Them.

Names of Eighty, Died in Hospital, Since July 19.

It will be remembered, that after the battle of Gettysburg, a large number of wounded rebels were brought to this city, and subsequently to David's Island, where they were sent to the General Hospital established there, and which is under the charge of Surgeon McDougall, Medical Director of the Department of the East.

The following shows the dates at which they have been received at said hospital:

July 17.....	569
" 19.....	435
" 22.....	924
" 23.....	210
" 25.....	388

Total number of rebel wounded received at David's Island.....2,537

Notwithstanding the medical care and attention which these wounded men have received on the Island, over eighty of them have died since their first arrival there, (July 17.) Below we give the names of the deceased, their regiment and company, as copied from the report book of the Decamp General Hospital, David's Island.

REBEL WOUNDED, WHO HAVE DIED ON DAVID'S ISLAND.

Date.	Name.	Rank.	Regt. & Co.
July 19.—	Black.....	Private..	38th N.C., Co. K
	J. D. Leonard.....	do	S.C., Co. B
	20. E. White.....	Sergeant..	13th S.C., Co. E
	21. Wm. Gregg.....	Private..	38th N.C., Co. F
	John McGill.....	do	38th N.C., Co. K
	J. A. Wherry.....	do	12th S.C.
July 22d—	Braxton Savage, private,		53d Ga., Co. G.
	F. M. Gardner, private,		12th S. C., Co. E.
	Richard Misson, private,		51st Ga., Co. H.
	Unknown, C. B. A.,		died on board transport.
July 23d—	C. S. Durisol, Sergeant,		14th S. C., Co. .
July 24th—	John Lumbod, private,		53d Ga., Co. B.
	H. J. Randleman, private,		25th N. C., Co. F.
	H. T. Early, Corporal,		11th Ga., Co. D.
	Unknown, C. B. A.		
	S. Sheeley, private,		7th N. C., Co. K.
	H. C. Middleton, private,		44th Ala., Co. G.
July 26th—	James S. Darnold, private,		11th N. C., Co. K.
	W. P. Warrick, private,		12th S. C., Co. O.
	W. T. Tyrone, corporal,		38th N. C., Co. E.
	Thomas Pratt, private,		45th N. C., Co. K.
July 25th—	S. Sheeley, private,		7th N. C., Co. K.
	H. P. Middleton, private,		44th Ala., Co. G.
	J. Garrett, corporal,		59th Ga., Co. C.
	J. M. Parish, sergeant,		48th Ala., Co. C.
	J. W. Benson, private,		45th N. C., Co. B.
	F. J. Spruile, sergeant,		1st S. C., Co. A.
	John Pease, private,		9th S. A.
	John Birmingham, private,		11th Miss., Co. D.
July 27th—	By. W. Hersley, 11th Ga.,		Co. G.
	E. B. Hannab, private,		45th Ga., Co. G.
	E. Matthews, private,		1st S. C., Co. H.
	Louis Davidson, private,		11th N. C., Co. F.
July 28th—	G. B. Kelsler, private,		18th S.C., Co. K.
	S. G. Rolader, private,		48th Ala., Co. K.
	W. B. Henson, private,		32d N. C., Co. E.
	Wm. McDonald, private,		9th N. C., Co. C.
July 29th—	S. G. Gough, private,		Wash. Art., 3d Co.
	J. F. Fry, sergeant,		14th N. C., Co. F.
July 31—	John Ellis, private,		4th Texas, Co. H.
	Wm. J. Hollingsworth, sergeant,		15th Ga., Co. J.
	Sullivan Joyce, private,		45th N. C., Co. C.
	David C. McDowell, private,		24th Va., Co. K.
	A. J. Boy, private,		24th N. C., Co. K.
	Simon O. Small, private,		15th N. C., Co. C.
	J. P. Hundepelt, private,		42d Miss., Co. I.
	J. Vandegriff, private,		16th La., Co. C.
	J. D. May, private,		22d N. C., Co. E.
	Henry Scott, private,		55th N. C., Co. A.
August 1st—	Jos F. Pogram, private,		52d N. C., K.
	John O. Front, corporal,		52d N. C., Co. K.
	C. S. T. Stevens, private,		9th La., Co. K.
August 2d—	J. A. Sluder, private,		14th S. C., Co. B.
	Harvey Chambers, private,		48th Ala., Co. G.
	J. H. Smith, private,		12th south Carolina, Co. B.
	E. C. Redman, 1st Lieutenant,		49th Va., Co. C.
	H. S. Powell, private,		34th North Carolina, Co. F.
August 3d.—	J. N. Stowe, Sergeant		24d North Carolina, Co. H.
	Samuel McBley, private,		55th North Carolina, Co. F.
	J. McKethon, private,		1st South Carolina, Co. B.
	R. Rompner, private,		2d North Carolina, Co. G.
	D. W. Bullis, private,		52d North Carolina, Co. F.

- August—A B Adams, private, 14th S C, co K.
- P B Hall, private, 12th S C, co K.
- Augt 6—A Owens, corp 1st S C, co E.
- James Mathews, private 13th N C, co E.
- W C Blemons, 11th La, co F.
- C M Maul, private 11th La, co F.
- August 8—W L Mitchell, private, 11th La, co D.
- August 9—Wm L Tyson, sergt 9th La, co H.
- EH Pugh, private 50th Va, co D.
- S E Shrader, capt 25th Va, co K.
- J B Bradshaw.
- H J Pyle, corp 4th La, co B.
- J P Woods, private 25th Va, co C.
- L. C Robnett, private 32d N C, co G.

The Draft Excitement.

Important Meeting in Westchester, N. Y.

A very large meeting was held in Morrisania, Westchester county, N. Y., on Monday evening, to hear the report of a committee appointed to secure a suspension of the draft, and of which the *Express* publishes the following report:

Hon. John B. Haskin presided. Among other things he said that he had seen a large number of the wealthy citizens in the lower part of the county, but had not met one who was not willing that the Board of Supervisors should vote any sum, however large, for the purpose of alleviating the sufferings of the families of those who might be conscripted, or preventing, if possible, the enforcement of the draft. In his interview with the Provost Marshal he (Mr. H.) had insisted that, if time were given, the quota of the county could be raised by appealing to the patriotism and the people, thus avoiding the disgrace of conscription, and without dragging men away by force from their homes, their firesides, and their families. [Cheers.]

Mr. Gilley, from the committee appointed to wait on the Provost Marshal, reported their conversation with him, and presented a letter from him conveying the assurance that the draft should not be proceeded with until after full notice to the citizens.

Hon. A. B. Tappan, State Prison Inspector, denounced the Conscription Act as unconstitutional. Certain parties were endeavoring to make it appear that Democrats were disloyal, but they had done more than their share in Westchester, and were yet willing to respond voluntarily, though not by force.

Isaac T. Williams, Esq., of West Farms, and a legal adviser of the *Tribune*, offered the following resolutions.

That while we pledge ourselves to the strictest obedience to all laws, human and divine, and will, in nowise, directly or indirectly, countenance the violation of either law or morals—

Resolved, That no man shall be permitted to leave the county of Westchester for the seat of war unless he shall go voluntarily, cheerfully, and with a heart for the work.

Resolved, That the county of Westchester, by a resort to her pecuniary resources, has abundant power and ability to achieve this end, and that it is both justice and patriotism to do so.

Mr. Williams said he was as much opposed to being drafted as any man. He did not believe that one-third the men called for would ever be drawn. One volunteer was worth three drafted men, and Westchester could not allow one of her citizens to be made a soldier of against his will.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Hon. Wm. Radford, M. C. elect, said that in an interview with Gov. Seymour, a Federal officer was present who offered to send a regiment to every district, and patrol the Hudson with gunboats. Gov. Seymour replied that he needed no such aid, being perfectly able to maintain the peace.

Wm. Cauldwell, Esq., of the *Sunday Mercury*, and Supervisor of Morrisania, denied any intention on the part of workmen to destroy property. The only danger the people now had to fear was from the thieves, who were running away from New York, and of these a dozen had already been arrested. Backed up by the resolution adopted by the meeting, he would, with the assistance of Hon. John B. Haskin, Supervisor of West Farms, use all his efforts to secure the passage by the Board of Supervisors, at the special meeting to be held at White Plains on Thursday next, of an ordinance to provide means to alleviate the harsh features of the conscription act. [Cheers.]

Lewis G. Morris, Esq., expressed full confidence in Governor Seymour, whose name was greeted with great cheers, and counseled law and order.

Mr. Haskin concluded the proceedings with an energetic address, and at 11 o'clock the meeting adjourned.

The above meeting (says the *Express*) deserves more than usual attention. Hon. J. B. Haskin, Hon. Wm. Radford, M. C. elect; State Prison Inspector Tappan, (elected on the Republican Union ticket); Isaac T. Williams, Esq., who defended Horace Greeley in the suit brought against him by De Witt C. Littlejohn, and of whose legal ability the *Tribune* at that time was full of praise; William Cauldwell, P. C. Tinsman, and others were the class of men who countenanced the movement by their presence. All opposed conscription. Mr. Williams offered resolutions that "no man should leave Westchester unless voluntarily." A demonstration, participated in by such men, is full enough evidence that the people are as much opposed to the draft as ever.

THE CONSCRIPTION.

Additional Preparations for its Enforcement in this City.

THE EXEMPTION APPROPRIATION

Protest Against the Draft in Westchester County.

No Man to Leave the County Against his Will.

THE RIOT ON STATEN ISLAND.

Probable Appropriation by the Brooklyn Common Council.

Hostility to the Draft in New Jersey.

There is little in the way of city items relating to the draft to chronicle to-day. The draft has not recommenced, and no one seems to know when it will, except that it will be "soon;" perhaps before the close of the week. Troops continue to arrive. The Sixty-ninth New-York State Militia were to arrive last night, and probably will be in the city by the time this paper reaches its suburban readers.

In Jersey City there is quite a good deal of talk about the draft, and the municipal authorities are expected to take some such action as has been taken by the New-York Common Council. Some prominent Republicans prepared and distributed circulars stating that the \$200 clause was for the benefit of the poor man, and not of the wealthy. A large number of these papers were burned in the streets yesterday.

APPROPRIATION BY THE COMMON COUNCIL.

Yesterday morning the committee appointed by the Common Council of this city to fix upon a sum to be appropriated to pay the exemption of men drafted who have dependent families, after conferring with the Board of Contracts, decided to recommend the appropriation of \$500,000, which will secure the exemption of 1,666 men, or nearly half the quota of Brooklyn.

The Supervisors, it is understood, will appropriate the sum of \$200,000 at their meeting to be held to-day

IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

A very large and respectable meeting of the most influential citizens of Morrisania and West Farms was held at McGraw's Hall on Wednesday evening. Hon. John B. Haskin presided, and the following vice-presidents were elected: Abraham B. Tappen, George B. Butler, Lewis G. Morris, N. P. Bailey, U. N. Camp, Adrian Jones, Charles White, Lorin Ingersoll, Jordan L. Mott, and Daniel S. Denny.

Mr. Haskin stated that he, as one of the supervisors, had deemed it proper that the Board of Supervisors of the county should be called together, and he had obtained a majority of names of supervisors calling a special meeting of the Board, to be held at White Plains next Thursday, for the purpose of taking immediate action as to the best means possible of removing the obnoxious features of the conscription act, if there should be an attempt on the part of the general government to enforce it in the district. (cries of "good.") He had seen a large number of the wealthy citizens in the lower part of the county, but he had not met one who was not willing that the Board of Supervisors should vote any sum, however large, for the purpose of alleviating the sufferings of the families of those who might be conscripted, or preventing, if possible, the enforcement of the draft. In his interview with the provost-marshal he (Mr. H.) had insisted that, if time were given, the quota of the county could be raised by an-