

and hands piled up together, that would fill a box six or eight feet square.

We noticed in going among the Rebels, that they were wounded principally, about the head and body while a large majority of the Union Soldiers were wounded in the feet and legs. We asked a Rebel Captain what made the difference. He informed us that they had orders to shoot low—that it took two well soldiers to take care of one wounded man, while a dead man needed no help.

The battle field extends from the east border of Gettysburg to a line about five miles west of the village, and from the north border of the place to a line four miles south of the village—a square of country four by five miles, and being eighteen miles in circumference.

At the commencement of the battle the Rebels lay on the north side of Gettysburg in a circular form, and our army on the south side, in about the same shape.—Howard's corps extended down in the village, and within a half mile of the Rebel army. The battle was carried on at first among the infantry, and Howard's corps was driven directly through the village of Gettysburg, by Lee's army, until it reached our main army on the south, when Lee was repulsed and forced to fall back. The fences and houses in the village show the marks of the battle very extensively. We counted in one dwelling house door eighteen ball holes. The fighting the second and third day, was on the west of the village. We have not space to give details, as we heard them related by those who witnessed the whole three days fight.

It is an exciting scene to travel over the battle field, and one that a person never wishes to witness the second time. The ground in every direction, as far as the eye can see, is strewn with implements of war—dead horses will number their thousands, and the graves of dead men tell a tale that is indescribable.

The people of Gettysburg (with some exceptions of course), are a set of uncultivated hogs. If the Rebels had stolen every thing they had, no person who has visited that place would sympathize with them in the least. They have outrageously imposed upon everybody who has been down there to help take care of the wounded soldiers, by charging them enormous prices for everything—knowing they could not help themselves. Four shillings for a pie and a dollar for a loaf of bread, are the kind of prices asked for things in that place, among the traders. We presume they are the same persons who informed the Rebels when they

From the Dundee Record Extra.

**CASUALTIES IN THE 126TH REGIMENT N. Y. VOLUNTEERS.—GETTYSBURG, PA., July 6, 1863.**—*Mr. Editor*—Sir: Herewith you will find a list of killed and wounded in the 126th. I send it to you in order to relieve the painful anxiety of friends. Our regiment has won imperishable laurels, and gained a place in history for time to come, though at a fearful cost:

Col. E. Sherrill, killed.

**COMPANY A.**—Killed, Sergeant David Goff, private Robert Pool; wounded, Sergeants Smith Stebbins, James Henderson, privates Levi Cole, S P Brizee, John Frost, Alexander Mosher, Wm Axle, Frank Pool.

**COMPANY B.**—Lieut M H Lawrence, wounded; killed, Sergeant Major H P Cook, Sergeant Erasmus Bassett, corporal Elias A. Norris, privates Wm Hobart, Charles Gaylord; wounded, Melvin Bunce, Sergeant Edwin Jessup, corporals Geo. Chapman, Thos T McCarrick, privates John Finger, C M Hyatt, Moses Booth, David J. Wilkins, Charles C Hicks, Wm Cassian, Wm Raymond, Reuben Bullock, John Blansett, Charles H Dunning, Nathan D Baden, Mortimer Garrison, Peter M Norman, Stephen C Purdy, Amos J Potter, Orrin Bates, Orrin Edgett, Luther Weaver, Edwin Coryell, Wm H Thomas, Franklin S. Pettin-gill, James K P Huson, dead.

**COMPANY C.**—Lieut Sidney Brown, wounded; killed, sergeant C T Harris, corporal C L Bailey, privates E D Vaughn, Joshua Purcell, Geo Kelly, J L Grant; wounded, sergeants Benj Swarthout, Madison Covert, corporals William Herrington, Henry Peterson, privates John M Chambers, Henry H Ramsey, Spencer J Colvin, Richard Lockhart, Geo W Comer, Richard C Diunnick, Eugene K Holton, J F Harris, F M Parker, Sam'l Bleu, dead, Geo C King, leg amputated, Edgar H McQuigg, Peter W Rappleye, Thomas M Woodworth, James H Stull, John Bond, M Harriell, J C Scott, Wilmer Stuart.

**COMPANY D.**—Killed, sergeant Edwin W Tyler, corporal Hiram B Wood, privates Henry W Wilson, Truman B Comstock, Charles C Crandall; wounded, Capt Chas A Richardson, corporals J Z Sabine, Henry Mattoon, privates Wm R Chambers, Sylvester Outman, Barber Eldridge, Geo B Johnson, Wm Sayder, John Goodrich, Jr, Arnold J Yeckly, Mark Dunham, Wesley D Robinson, Edgar Outman, John Chloocy, Frederick Ebert, Robert T Porter, Hosea Lewis, dead, O C Lyon, Thos Barnett, John D Rivers, sunstroke; missing, A J Wilson, Decatur A Hedges, Wm B Brondo, John Brodie.

**COMPANY E.**—Killed, Harvey Wilson, Joshua Brink, John W Thompson; wounded, Capt John E Brough, Lieut Jacob Sherman, Orderly sergeant Edwin Barnes, privates Jonathan Creed, Tyler Brink, Henry Becker, George W Haffing, James Boyd, dead, G W Larkham, John Gallivan, B W Scott, James B Reynolds, Lorenzo Phillips, Leonard Seitz, John Saulspaugh, dead, John Sloat, Ambrose Bedell; missing, Geo W Turner.

**COMPANY F.**—Capt Shiner, M Cunningham, John Phillips, John Scilling, killed; wounded, Chas Terhush, T G Wilson, Geo Carr, O M Leland, C W Nill, Oliver Perry, John Torrence, J M Wilson, E Craft, Andrew J Davenport, Samuel Jacort, Robert Jeffrey, A N Fiero, James Camp, Van Buren Wheat, Orderly sergeant Ephraim Dubois, Edward A Young, Samuel Clark, John W Bishop, Charles P Kbetz.

**COMPANY G.**—Lieut Rufus Holmes, killed; wounded, Frederick Seizer, Charles Farnsworth, James Harper, Thos Yeo, Clinton Pasco, William Long, John Morgan, leg amputated, Daniel Day, Geo Hoffman, G W Bailey, John Duffy, sergeant Snyder, dead, James Place.

**COMPANY H.**—Capt O J Merendee, Robert Burns, killed; missing, John L. Bullis, Edward T Swan, C L Gilbert; wounded, corporal Charles L Clapp, David Phipps, Aine Camp, James A Young, sergeant Anson E Howard, Nathaniel J Briggs, H S Dickens, Theodore F Stacey, James Sodon, Charles L Bigelow, James Golden, Fred'k Bayne, Ceylon H Sheffer, E G Haulin, George Nicholson, Peter J Hopkins, Nicholas Loomis, Theodore Vickery, John H Russell, Lieut Asbrak Huntton, Lieut H B Owen, Wm S Westfall.

**COMPANY I.**—Sanford Ambrose, Chas Waters, Wm H Eddy, killed; wounded, David Berger, A H Pierson, Dennis Ryan, Wm H Wood, Stephen L Weatherlow; sergeant Abram Cadmus, killed; Geo Ackerman, wounded; Thos Seabring, dead; H Kellignor, W Decker, H Kipp, John Hart, W H Tewksbury.

**COMPANY K.**—Capt Charles M Wheeler, killed; wounded, Lieut I A Seamans, sergeant William Criscadon, Alonzo K Davis, Geo Prouty, George Smith, corporal R Loomis, W H Adams, missing.

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LIEUT. M. H. LAWRENCE, JR., of Company B, 126th Regiment, arrived home last Saturday evening, greatly exhausted and worn down by the effect of his wound and his journey home, by way of Baltimore and New York. He was wounded by a large grape shot, which entered his leg just above the knee in front, passed around the bone, and came out back. It is said to be a very fortunate wound, as no arteries nor tendons are severed nor bones broken; and yet it will be painful and slow in recovery. As he was rendered nearly helpless by the wound, his journey home was tedious and difficult. But he succeeded in reaching that best of all places—home, and is already improving. We trust he will soon be restored to sound health and strength.

SURGEON, COMPANY B, 126TH REGIMENT, ARRIVED HOME  
H T Alcott, missing, George Macomber, sergeant  
Ralph H Crippen, sergeant A B Cooper, A W  
Cooper, Jerome Parks, John King, Lester Nelson,  
killed, A J Cady, missing.

This list is as complete as I could make under the pressure of circumstances. Please have the Geneva, Penn Yan, Canandaigua and Ovid papers copy. A hard fought battle, but a complete success for the Army of the Potomac. Large numbers of the wounded rebels brought in. Their dead left, a great number of them, for us to bury. So completely demoralized were they that many of them, when attacked by our boys, gave themselves up. I understand that their officers made their men believe that we were green militia, but said they found out the mistake. I guess they did. What is left of us are in good spirits, and are now marching forward on the pursuit of our flying foe. The prospect is that Lee will regret ever having come North. God be praised for this success.

Yours, &c.,  
T. SPENCER HARRISON,  
Chaplain 126th N. Y. V.

WOUNDED OF THE 126th.—Hon. C J. FOLGER has furnished the following list of the wounded of the 126th Regiment, and their whereabouts.

At Gettysburg Pa.—SEMINARY HOSPITAL—Smith Stebbins, Lieut. Jacob Sherman, Mortemer Garrison, Wm. Stewart, Samuel Clark, Geo. Day (or Gay,) Hy T. Alcott.

Chas. P. Gray, Marcus Andrus, nurses; not hurt.

CHRIST CHURCH HOSPITAL YORK ST.—John Morin, Wm. Wood.

AT HOSPITAL CAMP 2d DIVISION—Geo. Nickerson (or Nicholson.)

AT BALTIMORE AND VICINITY—Lieut. Sidney E. Brown, C. J. J. Camp, C. Lieut. M. H. Lawrence, B.

JARVIS HOSPITAL.—P. W. Rappleyea, C. Peter Rappleyea, C. James R. Reynolds, E. 1st Sergt. Pratt Dibble, H. Wm. Snyder, D. Thomas Barnett, D.

N. B. It is supposed that all at Jarvis Hospital have been sent north, except Sergt Dibble, but as their names are not found elsewhere they are put down here.

McKIMS HOSPITAL.—John D. Rivers, D. John W. Overacer, H.

ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION—Frank T. Edger-ton, F. Hugh Gibbon, D. Geo. E. Chadwick, musician, A. E. Depew, H. Curtis C. Phillips, H. L. W. Rogers, A. Martin Youngs, A., E. D. Copp, F.

At New York City and Vicinity.—Mc-DONALD HOSPITAL, FORT SCHUYLER—El-dridge Barber D., W. H. Thomas, B., W. B. Chambers, D., John Galivan, E., David Hoffman, G., Eugene H. Holten, E., O. C. Lyon, B., Edgar Oatman, D., R. F. Parker, D., Alex'r Moshier, A., Corp. Hy Mattoon, D., Sylvester Oatman, D., Sherman W. Robinson, E., Thos. Barnett D., Geo. W. Fuller, D.

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FORT WOOD BEDLOES ISLAND—James Golder, H. Geo. Chapman, B. Geo. W. McComber, K. Sanford Ambrose, I.—Franklin Pettingill, B. Nathan B. Beedon, B. William Cassion, B. Edward A. Young, E. J. S. Parrish, I. John Heart, I. Andrew J. Davenport, F. John C. Beach, H. Alonzo K. Davis, K., Thomas Yeo, G., Orrin Bates, B.

UNITED STATES GENERAL HOSPITAL, NEWARK NEW JERSEY.—Ambrose Bedell, Co. E., Edwin Jessop, Serg't B., Theo. P. Vickery, H., Edwin Cogswell, B., T. C. Brooks, A., Hy. Kellenger, I., George Ackerman, I., Peter Norman, B., John Goodrich, D., Fred. Bean, H., Theo. F. Stacy, F., M. J. Bachman, G., James A. Young, H., E. N. Loomis, H., J. A. Creed, E., Reuben Bullock, B., Wm. W. Woodworth, C., VanBuren Wheat, (probably) F., Corp. W. S. Decker, I., David Wilkins, B., C. M. Hayatt B., A. J. Potter, B., John Clahecy, D., John King, K., John Duffin, G., Wm. L. Long, G., Fred. Sasur, G., Charles Hicks, B., J. B. Solin, D., Tyler Brink, E., Geo. W. Haffing, E., J. H. Russell, H., Nathan J. Briggs, H., George A. Carr, F., John Cochran, K., Levi Cole, A., W. D. Advance, E., Moses H. Booth, B., Sargt. E. Howard H., John Benjamin, K., Corp. B. Gelder, A., David Burger, I., Gilbert N. Bailey, G., Geo. B. Johnson, D., Geo. W. Larham, E., Leonard Seitz, E., Samuel Hayward, K., Corp. Geo. W. Smith, K., Henry Decker E.

At Newport, Rhode Island.—PORTSMOUTH GROVE HOSPITAL—Fred'k Ebert, D., Wesley D. Robinson, D., Charles Shirley, E., Edmund Craft, F., C. P. Kentz, F., Chas. L. Bigalow, H., Stephen C. Purdy, B., James K. Soden, H.,

At Philadelphia & Vicinity.—BROAD ST. HOSPITAL—J. H. Stull, M. F. Dunham, Wm. H. Cole, L. P. Brizce.

SUMMIT HOUSE—S. J. Calvin, E. H. McQuigg, D. Ryan, H. Kipp, B. (or R.) C. Lockhart, E. B. Norris, G. W. Conr, Norris Berlew, M. Covert, John Bond, H. S. Dickins (or Dickenson,) Ed. G. Hamblin, Benj. Swarthout, W. H. Tewsbury.

MOWER HOUSE OR CLERMONT HILL—A. N. Fiero, John Blansett, Theron Dunn.

WEST PHILADELPHIA OR SATTERLEE—B. (or R.) Crippen, Chas. L. Clapp, Jerry Parks, Wm. G. Westfall.

GERMANTOWN HOSPITAL—C. S. Gilbert. CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL—Francis M. Parker, John H. Chambers, Aliza Cubert.

It is to be observed, that the men who are reported above, as at Hospital in Baltimore, *may have left* as the Hospitals there are relieved as fast as possible, by sending north those who can bear transportation.

The place to *make inquiries*, at New York, Philadelphia, &c., is at the office of the Medical Director.

In New York 458 Broome St.

" Philadelphia, corner Grand & 13th St.

" Baltimore, near Barnums Hotel, and in New York a *pass* from the Medical Director, will much facilitate entrance to the Hospitals.

It may be well to say, that *this list is not complete*, for we know of men of the Regiment, who left Gettysburg, wounded, whose names have not been found on the books of the Medical Directors, and whose whereabouts has not yet been ascertained.

It may be satisfactory to friends, to state that the Hospital in the Cities seem in an extremely neat and comfortable condition.

### LOCAL RECORD.

#### Col. Eliakim Sherrill.

The fall of this brave and gallant soldier at the battle of Gettysburg, has called forth from the Rev. Dr. Wood, of Geneva, the following biographical sketch of his life, which, we doubt not, will be read with interest in a community where the virtues of the deceased hero were so well known and appreciated. It is sad that such men must die that the nation may live, but his memory will be held in perpetual honor, by thousands who have been witnesses of his courage and patriotism. The scroll of fame making up for the admiration of posterity will contain the name of no truer or nobler man than Eliakim Sherrill, Colonel of the 126th Regiment of New York Volunteers. But to the sketch:

Eliakim Sherrill was born in Greenville, Greene County, N. Y., February 16, 1813. His father and mother were of high respectability and among the earliest settlers of the place. He was the seventh of eight children. His father was a tanner and in connection with that business also cultivated a large farm; and the son not only learned the father's trade, but acquired also that fondness for agricultural pursuits which ultimately led him to choose his home in this community. He received a good English education at the academy in his native town, and early formed those habits which laid the foundation of his character and fitted him for the spheres of usefulness and influence which he afterwards filled. He began life for himself at the early age of sixteen, in Coxsackie, as a clerk in a store, where he continued about four years—removing in 1832 to Salisbury, Herkimer County, to assist in the business of his father. While here, his energy, activity and faithfulness secured the respect and confidence of his fellow citizens to such an extent, that he was chosen Supervisor, which office he held for two years. During his residence in Salisbury he was married to Emily E. Eldridge, the daughter of Judge Eldridge, of Madison County, who is with us in her bereavement to-day. After remaining about six years in Salisbury, he removed to Shandaken, Ulster County, in this state, then an almost unbroken wilderness, to aid in the management of an extensive tannery. This may be considered the actual commencement of his eminently successful business career, in which he started with no other resources than those furnished by his own energy and sagacity.— He held at first a subordinate position, but his rare qualities were at once discovered by his judicious employers, and he was soon admitted to a partnership in the

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business, of which he ere long became the managing head. He now found a field for the full occupation of his powers, and great success attended him. His prosperity was largely promoted at all times by his excellent wife, and was worthily illustrated and adorned by his public spirit and his generous benefactions.

In 1847-8 he served as a member of the Congress of the United States from the Ulster district, and though, at the close of this period, he was earnestly solicited to accept a renomination, he felt compelled by his business engagements to retire from the duties of public life. Such, however, was the confidence universally reposed in his judgment and integrity, that in 1854, contrary to his own expressed wishes and after even a refusal to allow his name to come before them, his fellow citizens with rare unanimity, elected him to the Senate of this state. In this canvass he received almost every vote in the town of his residence, although the opposite political party was largely in the ascendancy. While a member of the State Senate, he was chairman of the committee on banks; and our present most excellent banking system confessedly owes to his practical wisdom much of its value and security.

At the close of his senatorial career, in which his uniform courtesy, his unbending integrity and his sound common sense won the esteem of all who knew him, Col. Sherrill removed from Ulster County, carrying with him the regrets of the whole community. He sought retirement from business and political life. He resided for a short time in Brooklyn, to which place he removed in 1857, and after looking about for a home in which he might find place and opportunity for the gratification of his tastes, in 1860 he removed to Geneva. What he has been among us all his fellow-citizens know. Giving himself to the culture of his farm, which he speedily made one of the best and most productive in the vicinity, he did not lose sight of other things. He was an active and efficient member of the State Agricultural Society, and served on its executive committee, until, at the voice of his country, when, as he believed, she needed his services, he joined the army of her defenders. We know also how nobly, freely, heartily he gave himself to her cause—the great personal sacrifices he made for it—the home he left—the loving household from which he tore himself away. When it was suggested that he was of an age to exempt him from military service, he had this one answer: "My country needs me. It is my duty to go."

And now I come to speak of things which are fresh in the memory of you all --his unsolicited appointment to military office—the ardor and energy with which he threw himself into the work—the in-

fluence which his name as commanding officer of the 126th Regiment, New York Volunteers, carried with it—the rapidity with which its ranks were filled—the untiring efforts, day and night, with which he prepared for their departure for the field—the crowds which filled these streets—the shouts that rent the air, and the earnest wishes and devout prayers which followed that body of men.

Then came days of suspense—broken at last by the sad tidings of the surrender of Harper's Ferry, and his own severe and dangerous wound. We saw him once more, pale and exhausted from weakness and suffering, but with a heart as true and loyal, and a spirit as firm as ever. In the published accounts of the matter at Harper's Ferry, Col. Sherrill believed that great injustice had been done to his men, and this, together with the love which he bore to them, and the noble cause in which they were engaged, led him, while his strength was but imperfectly restored, to return to the army. We saw him once more among us for the last time; but such was his sense of public duty, that before his furlough was much more than half expired, on the 8th of June, he left us for his regiment. It seems but as yesterday that he filled his place in the sanctuary, and now, in little more than a single month, we are met here again. But we are not all here. Our eyes seek a vacant seat, and we weep as we look for him in vain.

And now, how shall I speak to you

this last most eventful month—the invasion of loyal states by the enemy—the sad feelings of apprehension and suspense which weighed down every heart—the gathering of our forces for the attack—the final closing around Gettysburg—the noise and shock of battle in a crisis where the life of the country seemed at stake—the dreadful charge over fields red with blood, and then the victory after such days of struggle: victory obtained at such fearful cost.

Col. Sherrill was in Hay's division of Hancock's brigade, the second army corps, and, on Friday, July 3d, while leading the brigade, after Col. Willard, its former commander, had fallen, in the most desperate charge of that memorable day, he fell.—The same spirit of self forgetfulness—of pressing on in the way where duty leads—the spirit which seemed to mark his whole life, distinguished its close. The officer who succeeded him in command, and who is present here to day, was near him and saw him fall. He had him immediately taken up and borne to the military hospital, and cared for with such care as under the circumstances was possible. Col. Sherrill was conscious of his situation, and when, as I am told, he was asked by the

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tending Surgeon what words he had to send to his friends and family, he replied. Tell them that I died at my post. I died doing my duty."

It was at 6 o'clock in the afternoon of the 3d day of July, that he received his mortal wound; but it was not until Saturday, the 4th, that he passed away. Had been left to him to choose the day in which he would wish to die, it seems to me that, out of all others, he would have chosen this—the day so hallowed in all its associations, and so dear to every patriot's heart.

"— to the hero, when his sword  
Has won the battle for the free,  
Death's voice sounds like a prophet's word,  
For in its hollow tones are heard  
The thanks of millions yet to be."

He has gone! The warm friend, the worthy citizen, the noble patriot has passed away. But the example he has left of true integrity, and above all, of the high sense of duty—the consecration of life itself to a great and noble cause—these live! These are with us still. We will embalm them in our memories. We will seek to imitate them.

**COLONEL SHERRILL.**—The funeral of Col. Sherrill took place last Sunday, and was attended by an immense concourse of people from all parts of this Senate District. He was buried with military honors, and the public expression of sorrow for his loss was prompted by sincere respect for his noble qualities as a man and a soldier. Col. Sherrill was a native of Herkimer county, but lived for many years in Ulster county, where he carried on an extensive business as a tanner. He represented his district in the State Senate and in Congress, and was a prominent Whig and Republican in politics. About four years ago he purchased a fine farm near Geneva, where he lived in pleasant retirement, in affluent circumstances, till he was called to take command of the 126th Regiment. His history as commandant of that regiment has been in the highest degree honorable to his capacity, bravery, fidelity and patriotism.

**Sherrill.**

Col. Sherrill of the 126th regiment, N. Y. V. who was killed at Gettysburg, can almost be claimed as an Ulster man. He was for many years identified with our County business, as one of its most successful and largest tanners. And he claims a place in its political history, having represented it in Congress and in the State Senate. He is well remembered as a judicious, enlightened and liberal minded man, and a gentleman in its truest sense.

In one of the disastrous battles of 1862, he was so shockingly wounded at the head of his regiment that we supposed he never could take the field again, and the first news that he has done so, comes in the bulletin of his death at Gettysburg. Honor to the memory of Eliakim Sherrill.—*Rondout Courier*

**OBITUARY.**

**DIED**—Of his wounds, in the hospital at Washington, May 14th, 1864, Major IRA MUNSON, of Tyre, 37 years.

Maj. MUNSON enlisted in the 126th N. Y. V., in the Spring of 1862, and shared in all the hardships and vicissitudes of that unfortunate regiment, except the battle of Gettysburg, at which time he was ill.

He was chosen 1st Lieut. of Co. F, which office he held till the death of Capt. Sheimer, when he became Capt. He was promoted to the office of Major just before his death, his friends receiving the papers subsequently.

At the battle of the Wilderness his Company was in the terrible skirmish line, and he was struck by a ball in the hip, while cheering on his men. He was borne off the field by his faithful men, and after a weary ride of 48 hours in an ambulance, reached Belle Plain, whence he was sent to Washington, where he lived but a few hours.

Maj. Munson was a true soldier, brave and intrepid without being rash or imprudent. He was generous and kind as a father to the men of his command; courteous and respectful to his superiors in office, and as a consequence he was loved by the former, and honored by the latter.

Many mere boys were entrusted to his care by their parents, for they knew he would be a friend and a guardian to their sons, and their confidence was not misplaced. His elevation in rank did not make him tyrannical. And when advised by his surgeon to resign on account of ill health, he replied that he should never leave the boys whom he had induced to enlist, while he was able to do duty.

His fine talents, his noble and generous heart, his cheerfulness and suavity of manners, won him friends wherever he went.

His body was embalmed and sent home. Appropriate funeral services were held at the M. E. Church, Tyre—sermon by Rev. E. Hotchkiss, from Deut. 3:22.

A large circle of relatives and friends mourn his early death. But he died nobly in a noble cause. He loved his country, and like many another hero, he gave to her his life. P. E. S.



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FALLER IN BATTLE.

We regret to announce the death of Col. ELIAKIM SHERRILL, commanding the 126th Regiment. He fell, gallantly leading his men on the battle field at Gettysburg. No more worthy man or more devoted patriot ever lived.

None knew Eliakim Sherrill but to love him. A native of Greene County, years ago he came to Ulster, locating in Shandaken, and carried on the business of tanning extensively, honorably and prosperously. His sterling qualities of head and heart, won for him at once a commanding position. This was clearly shown in his election again and again to the office of Supervisor by his fellow townsmen. Subsequently he represented the counties of Ulster and Delaware in Congress, and still later the counties of Ulster and Greene in the State Senate.

In 1858, Mr. Sherrill, having acquired a competency, retired from business and removed to Brooklyn. Shortly after he became permanently a resident of Geneva, occupying a rich farm and proving his interest in Agriculture by his enlightened management of his estate and his service as a member of the Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society. When, a year ago, about sixty regiments were raised in this State under the call of the President for 600,000 men, Mr. Sherrill was designated by the War Committee of his Congressional District for the Colonelcy of the One Hundred and Twenty-Sixth; and under his auspices the ranks soon filled. Going to the field, he bore himself bravely till the day of his death. At Harper's Ferry, last September, he was desperately wounded, and narrowly escaped with his life; ere he was fully recovered, he returned to his command, and has since remained with his men. For his courage and fidelity at Harper's Ferry, he was highly complimented by the Committee which investigated that affair. Every part of his military career will bear the scrutiny of patriotic men.

Col. Sherrill's great characteristics were candor and honesty. He never practiced the arts of deception to gain an end or subserve a cause. And with a reputation for integrity unquestioned—with a character for bravery above suspicion, he has yielded up his life a willing sacrifice on the altar of his country. "He died on the field of battle—a hero martyr to Freedom; and his memory will live in the hearts of all who knew him, so long as the Flag which he followed shall remain the emblem of Liberty, Justice and Humanity."

Col. Sherrill's remains, having been embalmed, were conveyed to his family at Geneva. The funeral obsequies took place on Sunday afternoon last.—*Kingston Journal June 15th.*

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Col. Sherrill.

The death of this gallant officer was announced in our paper last week. It appears that he was shot in the abdomen during the battle near Gettysburg on Friday the 3d instant, and died early the next morning. His remains were sent home, arriving at Geneva on the morning of the 11th instant, and on the day following were deposited in their final resting place. The funeral was attended by an immense concourse of citizens, including a large number from Canandaigua and other remote parts of the district which he so nobly represented as commander of the 126th Regiment.

Col. SHERRILL became a resident of Geneva some four or five years since, where he engaged in farming pursuits. He was born in Greene county, but established himself early in life at Shandaken, Ulster county, where he carried on an extensive tannery and accumulated a handsome property. He served a term in Congress from 1845 to 1847, and in 1854-5 represented his district in the state Senate. He was a man of genial temperament, with fine abilities, generous impulses and an honesty of purpose that gave him a strong hold upon the affections and confidence of all who knew him.

The Geneva Courier in remarking upon his death says: "We have no need to eulogize the fallen. He left behind him a reputation of spotless integrity—an unblemished character, combining all of the virtues, and God knows if he had faults, we know no what they were. Generous, unselfish, noble self-sacrificing, patriotic, brave. Beloved in all the relations of life—as husband, father friend, commander, he has yielded up his life a willing sacrifice on the altar of his country. His military career has been singularly unfortunate. Wounded at Harper's Ferry, he suffered terribly, and his reputation for bravery and courage on that memorable occasion, was fully established. Before he recovered from the effect of his wound, he was off to his regiment again, and the fearful story of three hundred gone from its ranks, tells how well it has done its duty on this occasion. He loved his men with sincere affection, and they looked upon him as a father and a friend."

COL. R. F. TAYLOR, late of the 33d Regiment, is about to raise a Regiment of cavalry.