

21

down the gauntlet, no power in the city would raise such a force for General Corcoran as to insure him a Major General's command.

The General's remarks, especially those addressing to intervention and the promotion of General Corcoran to a divisional command, were enthusiastically applauded.

Mr. Gould next spoke, and proposed the health of Gen. Bustard—a new man ~~intervive~~, whose fresh career, not his antecedents, were to speak for him. Of course this brought up

Gen. Stearns, who, in reply, said that he did not know what he was going to do; but if the concentration upon the altar of his country or his young family, and the devotion of a man sprung from the brave Celtic race, and whose personal bravery was never doubted, and the sacrifice of a life could promise anything or was a guarantee for anything, he pledged it that he would at all events do his best, and never turn his back upon the foe. (Applause.)

Colonel Bussey improved the occasion of his "vested" appearance among them to exhibit his invincible iron-clad ship, five hundred feet long, calculated to destroy the whole English and French fleets with one broadside. He was interrupted, however, in a speech of broadside proportions by a unanimous call for

General Winslow. In the course of his remarks he alluded to the restriction put on the press, and declared that the intelligence of the people and the patriotism of the press demanded that that restriction should be removed. He had great hopes for a new order of things from the appointment of such officers as General Corcoran. (Cheers.) The rebellion was no nearer its suppression than it was on the 16th of April, when Baltimore arose in rebel arms and unhesitatingly slaughtered the first brave defenders of the capital, the men of the Sixth Massachusetts. (Cheers.) The government in this crisis was as equally ready with the people. The people we have always with us, and we know them to be equal to this emergency; but the doubtful question before the country now was, the government equal to it. There were three millions of people sustaining this rebellion, and the rebellion would cease to tribute until the three millions of negroes were emancipated and drawn from the service of the bogus confederacy. Should that intervention, a moment ago spoken of, ever come, then comes the yeomanry of the country; then shall it exhibit its warlike power, and, by the eternal God, we will close the contest by declaring throughout the civilized world the abolition of slavery and universal freedom. The President is not near us, but his Prime Minister, Mr. Seward, is; but he, it seems, is too fatigued to come to a meeting of gentlemen. We can only hope for his speedy recuperation to health. If the contest is not speedily ended by using the means in our power to make it a war of freedom, the contest may last forever. Already we have lost 200,000 brave soldiers through incapacity. (Hear, hear.) What is wanted is a proclamation of universal unconditional freedom; until the loyal North enters with heart and soul into the contest against the malignant and bitter feelings that animate the South the war cannot be terminated according to the wishes of the loyal people. (Hear, hear.)

At the close of the speech the Major and Gen. Corcoran retired.

Mr. McCann, on behalf of the merchants of New York, explained what patriotic and appreciated body did for the defense of the country and the maintenance of the government in all its vigor. At the conclusion of this gentleman's remarks the party broke up.

Movements of Gen. Corcoran.

Gen. Corcoran will be at the Astor House to-morrow morning and subsequent days, from nine o'clock A.M. till five P.M., for the discharge of the duties now heavily imposing on him. A meeting of the officers of the 60th-regiment will be held at 11 o'clock A.M. in his rooms at the hotel. In the morning he proceeds, on invitation, to visit Boston, in company with the delegation from the Boston Common Council, and in the evening will address the citizens of that pre-eminently loyal city on their historic Commons. The following day (Friday) he will also, on invitation, visit Worcester, where a patriotic reception awaits him. He will address the citizens of the Burgh the same evening.

THE SIXTY-NINTH.

A Jam, a Crush and a Rush—Corcoran Overwhelmed—Appearance of the Sixty-Ninth—They Join the Meeting in the Park, &c.

Precisely at twelve o'clock the members of the Common Council assembled at the City Hall, and about one proceeded to Jersey City, bearing their staffs of office, to receive General Corcoran and the gallant Sixty-ninth. The depot at Jersey City was crammed, packed and jammed long before two o'clock by a crowd of enthusiastic males and females, many of whom were deeply interested in the arrival of the Sixty-ninth, but still many of whom were assembled from an exuberant feeling of patriotism, mingled with an anxiety to see the men who had distinguished themselves in such conspicuous manner in fighting the battles of their country.

At half-past two o'clock the Sixty-ninth arrived at the depot, amidst the cheers of the thousands assembled.

General Corcoran was the first to step from the cars, and he was immediately surrounded by the official authorities of New York and a host of his friends, who fairly over whelmed him with their greetings.

As soon as the regiment embarked from the cars it is scarcely necessary to observe that they were received with the most tumultuous applause. Soldier like, they felt the compliment, but in obedience to the command of their superior officer they fell into line, and held themselves in readiness for the start to New York. About three o'clock the order, "Forward, march," was given, and the regiment, headed by General Corcoran, embarked on board the ferry boat, which soon landed them at the foot of Cortlandt street.

The Metropolitans kept back the surging mass of people who were then congregated, and to their credit, as it said, they retreated "in good order," in order to allow the regiment to pass and reform in Cortlandt street. This they did with precision, and in less time than it takes to record the movement, and as they marched to the great *point d'appui*, the City Hall, where the people were assembled in a grand mass meeting.

Cortlandt street and Broadway were decked out in the Stars and Stripes, which floated from every house-top and piazza along the route. Ladies became so enthusiastic that they buried myriads of flowers on the regiment en *passant*, and almost smothered them with the aromatic incense of Flora. In this manner the Sixty-ninth, preceded by the Sixty-ninth Lancers, and headed by Gen. Corcoran and the German Council, and thousands of citizens on foot, reached the eastern gate of the Park. As soon as the regiment entered the precincts of the Park a long, boisterous and renewed shout saluted them, and it was not until they were brought to a halt and General Corcoran mounted stand No. 1 to address the people that the articulations of the multitude ceased for a time. For General Corcoran's eloquent speech and other incidents connected with the gathering we refer the reader to another part of the *Herald*.

The Sixty-ninth return 840 men strong, and officered as follows:

Colonel—James Bagley.

Lieutenant Colonel—Mathew Murphy.

Major—Theodore Kelley.

Sergeant—Michael Gilligan.

Assistant Surgeon—Patrick J. Clarke.

Adjutant—Wm. Fogerty.

Paymaster—Patrick Murphy.

Quartermaster—J. B. Tully.

Companies A.—Captain, O. Sullivan; Lieutenants, Flood, Fahy and Kelly.

Company B.—Captain, Lynch; Lieutenants, Murphy, Birne and Rogers.

Company C.—Captain, Keefe; Lieutenants, O'Conor, Keating and McHenry.

Company D.—Captain, McGuire; Lieutenants, O'Boyle, Redmond and Murray.

Company E.—Captain, Dempsey; Lieutenants, Reed Cunningham and Somers.

Company F.—Captain, Duffy; Lieutenants, Nevins and Sneed.

Company G.—Captain, James Crane; Lieutenants, Campbell and Phillips.

Company H.—Captain, Wm. Butler; Lieutenants, H. Whipple and Halloran.

Company I.—Capt. John Cooney; Lieuts. Causton, Tracy, and Monaghan.

Company K.—Captain John H. Nugent; Lieutenants R. K. Butler, Michael Doran and John Bell.

Engineers.—Captain Francis Pago; Lieutenant Rogers Richard Barry (on the staff); Thomas Fay and — King;

MICUS.

ANOTHER MILITARY MURDER.—It seems that Capt. McManus, of Company E, 69th New York, was visiting Capt. Phillips, of the 71st Regiment of Pennsylvania, and in the course of the conversation made some remarks about Capt. McMahon, of the 71st. The latter being in his tent, close by, it is supposed, heard the conversation, and at once appeared in the tent in his night dress, revolver in hand, and saying, "Sir, you have been talking about me tonight," immediately raised the pistol and fired before any one could interfere. The ball entered the breast near the heart and death ensued in about an hour afterward. McMahon attempted to fire a second time, but was prevented by a lieutenant who was present. When the news reached the 69th quite an excitement was created, and it was with great difficulty the mob of soldiers could be restrained from taking summary vengeance. The deceased was much esteemed by his fellow officers and soldiers, while his murderer is represented to be of a quarrelsome disposition, who has not won the respect or esteem of any of his associates. The affair has thrown a gloom over the camp, and all are discussing it. The body of the deceased is being embalmed, and will be sent North to his friends.

ELEMENTS OF GENERAL CORCORAN.

His Visit to the Camps—His Departure from Washington and Arrival in Baltimore—His Levee at the Entwistle House—Mass Reception Meeting in Monument Square—Great Enthusiasm and Thrilling Speech of General Corcoran—The Official Programme of His Reception in New York, &c.

WASHINGTON, August 20, 1862.

General Corcoran left here to-day for Baltimore. There is to be a reception there this afternoon. He will spend to-morrow in Philadelphia, and be in New York at two o'clock on Friday afternoon. He was accompanied by the committee of the Aldermen and Common Council of New York, the committee of the New York civic societies and the Philadelphia committee of the Common Council.

Before leaving this morning General Corcoran visited Brady's national gallery of art, and sat for a picture which will soon be ready for distribution upon *cartes de visite*.

Yesterday General Corcoran, accompanied by Judge Connolly, Richard O'Gorman, John Savage, Abram Welsh and Smith, Connelman Stevenson and Moser, Robinson and Carey, visited the Rev. Father Early, the President of the Catholic college at Georgetown, and other personal friends.

Afterwards the party proceeded to Fort Corcoran, where the General was greeted, for the first time, with a Brigadier General's salute, from the guns of the fort bearing his name.

After a review and a reception by Colonel Doubleday, of the Fourth New York artillery, and a visit to several other forts in the vicinity and to Arlington House, the party, accompanied by Colonel Doubleday, proceeded to Fort Lyon to visit the Sixty-ninth.

The enthusiasm of General Corcoran's reception by his old comrades in arms was indescribable. After a review of the regiment the party adjourned to a tent, where refreshments were prepared, and toasts and speeches were the order of the evening until eleven o'clock.

During the entertainment it was proposed that General Corcoran should return here and go back with the regiment on Monday next. His agreement to do so was received, not with cheers, but a regular Irish yell that was deafening.

THE RECEPTION AT BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, August 20, 1862.

General Corcoran received the citizens at the Entwistle House this evening, which was thronged from five to seven o'clock with an immense concourse anxious to see the martyr patriot and welcome him to the city.

A large number of Irish citizens also called, to whom he made personal appeals to arouse their countrymen of Baltimore to rally to the standard of the Union.

He consented to address the people to-night at Monument square, and the front of the Court House was beautifully decorated and illuminated for the occasion. Mayor Chapman presided, and introduced the General, who was received by the immense concourse with long repeated cheers.

Gen. Corcoran returned thanks for the enthusiasm of his reception, and attributed it rather to the glorious cause in which he was identified rather to any personal merit. He then proceeded to give an account of his imprisonment, and detailed a number of incidents of outrage at Richmond, Charleston, Columbia and Salisbury. He described the prison at Salisbury, where were 300 Union citizens prisoners, among whom he had found a number of Irishmen who had refused to fight under any flag than that which they had sworn allegiance to on their arrival in this country. Their treatment was more brutal than that of the military prisoners, and many of them were old gray headed men, bowed down with suffering and sorrow, but firm in their allegiance. The deaths among them averaged two a day for the last six weeks. He appealed to all who loved the old flag and hated tyranny to rally with him to the relief and succor of those suffering martyrs. He gave a graphic description of the condition of Richmond under the rule of the arch fiend and tyrant, Jeff. Davis, and declared that liberty no longer existed there, and would never be re-established the people until the old flag was restored. The streets presented a most deserted and sorrowful condition; no able bodied man dared walk on the streets unless provided with a military pass, and all that was to be seen on

throughfare was jaded and ragged soldiers, and women and children dressed in mourning. If any of his officers sympathized with the rebellion, it was only necessary for them to see what he had seen to drive all such thoughts from their hearts. He verily believed that as much tyranny and oppression existed on the face of the earth as the despotism of the Southern confederacy. He concluded with a strong appeal to his compatriots of Baltimore, who, he could not believe, were disposed to the contrary that gave them freedom, liberty and civic ship, to rally to the support of the government in crushing the rebellion.

He was followed in eloquent speeches by Richard

MILITARY MOVEMENTS IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK TROOPS.

SPECIAL ORDERS—NO. 468.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF NEW YORK, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ALBANY, NOV. 1, 1861. }

In accordance with general orders No. 78, from this department, and general orders No. 71 from the War Department, the organization heretofore known as the First regiment of the Irish Brigade, is hereby organized into a regiment, to be designated as the Sixty-third regiment (63d) New York State volunteers. The several companies of the regiment thus organized will be designated by the same letters they bore in the First regiment of the Irish Brigade.

The following persons will be appointed field and staff and company officers of the regiment thus organized when they shall have passed the examination required by General Order No. 78, and will be commissioned whenever the field and staff and company muster rolls, certified to by the mustering officers, shall have been filed in the office of the Adjutant General of this State.

Colonel—Robert Nugent.

Lieutenant Colonel—James Kelly.

Major—James Cunningham.

Staff Officers.

Adjutant—James J. Smith.

Quartermaster—Denis F. Sullivan.

Surgeon—J. F.ised Smith.

Assistant Surgeon— — — — —.

Chaplain— — — — —.

Company Officers.

Company A—Captain, James Saunders; First Lieutenant, Thomas Reynolds; Second Lieutenant, — — — —.

Company B—Captain, Thomas Leiby; First Lieutenant, Laurence Cahill; Second Lieutenant, — — — —.

Company C—Captain, Jasper W. Whittle; First Lieutenant, Garret Nagle; Second Lieutenant, — — — —.

Company D—Captain, T. L. Stanley; First Lieutenant, William A. Moore; Second Lieutenant, — — — —.

Company E—Captain, William Benson; First Lieutenant, Charles W. Lucky; Second Lieutenant, Peter Conlin.

Company F—Captain, James E. McFee; First Lieutenant, Richard Moroney; Second Lieutenant, Joseph Burns.

Company G—Captain, Felix Duffy; First Lieutenant, — — — —; Second Lieutenant, — — — —.

Company H—Captain, Jasper Lowery; First Lieutenant, Philip Carr; Second Lieutenant, — — — —.

Company I—Captain, Thomas Scanlon; First Lieutenant, Patrick Morris; Second Lieutenant, — — — —.

Company J—Captain, — — — —; First Lieutenant, — — — —; Second Lieutenant, — — — —.

Brigadier General Yates is charged with the execution of the details of this order.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

THOS. HILLHOUSE, Adjutant General.

SPECIAL ORDERS—NO. 469.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS STATE OF NEW YORK, }

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S ORDER,

ALBANY, NOV. 2, 1861. }

In accordance with general orders No. 78, from this department, and with general orders No. 71, from the War Department, the organization heretofore known as the Third Irish regiment, and Captain Branigan's unattached company, now at the Albany depot, are hereby consolidated into a regiment, to be known as the Sixty-third regiment (63d) New York State Militia.

Companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H and I of the Third Irish regiment will form the first nine companies of the regiment thus organized. Captain Branigan's company will become Company K of the regiment.

The following persons will be appointed field, staff and company officers of the regiment thus organized, when they shall have passed the examination required by general orders No. 78, and will be commissioned whenever the field and staff and company muster rolls, certified to by the mustering officers, shall have been filed in the office of the Adjutant General of this State.

Colonel, Richard C. Earhart; Lieutenant Colonel, Henry Fowler; Major, Thomas F. Lynch.

Staff Officers—Adjutant, Thomas Cartwright; Surgeon, — — — —; Assistant Surgeon, — — — —; Quartermaster, Philip O'Hanlon, Jr.; Chaplain, — — — —.

Company Officers.

Company A—Captain, Joseph O'Neil; First Lieutenant, Joseph McDonough; Second Lieutenant, Thomas Turley.

Company B—Captain, John Warren; First Lieutenant, Philip J. Connally; Second Lieutenant, James Stewart.

Company C—Captain, John Charles Lynch; First Lieutenant, — — — —; Second Lieutenant, Horace Russell.

Company D—Captain, George Tabit; First Lieutenant, John Flynn; Second Lieutenant, Jas. J. McCormick.

Company E—Captain, James J. Prendergast; First Lieutenant, T. J. Gormley; Second Lieutenant, Richard P. Moore.

Company F—Captain, James Mc— — — — — Lieutenant,

MURDER OF CAPT. McMANUS OF THE SIXTY-NINTH REGIMENT.—A Washington letter says:

"A cold-blooded murder was committed on Thursday night in the camp of the Seventy-first Pennsylvania. It seems that Captain McManus, of Company E, Sixty-ninth New York, was visiting Captain Phillips of the former regiment, and in the course of the conversation made some remarks about Captain McMahon, of the Seventy-first. The latter being in his tent close by, it is supposed heard the conversation, and at once appeared in the tent in his night dress, revolver in hand, and saying, 'Sir, you have been talking about me to-night,' immediately raised the pistol and fired before any one could interfere.—The ball entered the breast near the heart and death ensued in about an hour afterward. McMahon attempted to fire a second time, but was prevented by a lieutenant who was present. When the news reached the Sixty-ninth quite an excitement was created, and it was with great difficulty the mob of soldiers could be restrained from taking summary vengeance.

It is understood that the decision of Governor Seymour gives the Sixty-ninth Regiment, commanded by Colonel Bagley, the exclusive right to bear the title of the Sixty-ninth Regiment New York State Militia.

CASUALTIES IN NEW YORK REGIMENTS.

The Irish Brigade.

HEADQUARTERS, IRISH BRIGADE Sept. 21, 1862.

The following is an official list of the names of the killed, wounded and missing in the Irish Brigade (General Meagher) in the battle of Antietam, September 17, 1862.—

THE SIXTY-NINTH REGIMENT N. Y. S. V.
FIELD AND STAFF.—Wounded—Lieutenant Colonel James Kelly, face, severely.

COMPANY A.—Wounded—Lieutenant Richard A. Kelly, thigh, severely; Sergeant John Reynolds, thigh, severely; Color Sergeant Wm. Martin, body, severely; Sergeant Richard H. Birmingham, legs, severely; Sergeant Patrick Reilly, body, severely; Wm. Crowley, head, severely; Wm. Callahan, leg, severely; — Gobney, thigh, severely; Michael J. Linchan, leg, severely; Barthley McKeon, shoulder, severely; — Maloney, leg, severely; Edward Roily, side, severely; John Ryan, side, severely; Felix McAuliffe, leg, slightly; James Quinn, leg, slightly.

COMPANY B.—Killed—Corporal Job, No. Andrew Corcoran, John Martin, John Brady, Arthur O'ony. Wounded—Sergeant John P. Lanagan, a. m., slightly; Corporal John Scott, head, slightly; Michael O'Donnell, severely; Corporal Jas. Fee, leg, slightly; Pat, body, slightly; Wm. Collins, thigh, severely; Jas. Hayes, leg, severely; Jas. Hassan, body, severely; M. O'Leary, hand, severely; John Luddy, leg, severely; shoulder, severely; Daniel O'Connor, thigh, Dennis Sullivan, groin, severely; Michael McNamee, arm, mortally; Edw. Healy, side, slightly; Rannara, side, severely; Eugene McCann, thigh, John Shanahan, head, slightly; Michael Colca, severely.

COMPANY C.—Killed—Second Lieut. Chas. [illegible], Sergeant John Canton, Corporal Thos. Cleary, John Moore, Michael Greshan, Thos. Conore, Garret Nagle, Peter Davies, Michael Mooney. Wounded—Corporal Wm. Smith, and private Edw. McGuire, died from the effect of their wounds on the 19th. Wounded—Capt. Jasper M. Whittley, hip, slightly; First Lieut. Garrett Nagle, shoulder, severely; Sergeant John Kelli, leg, severely; Sergeant Jas. Henry, hand, slightly; Joe Rustick, shoulder, slightly; John Coughlin, leg, severely; Edw. Carroll, hip, slightly; Dennis Caffrey, side, severely; Jas. Caffrey, leg, severely; Louis Maher, leg, severely; John O'Brien, leg, slightly; Michael Welsh, hand, slightly.

COMPANY D.—Killed—Sergeant John McMahon, Corporal Jas. Callahan, Corporal Jas. Keefe, Ewd. F. Gleeson, Patrick Roach (or Rock.) Wounded—Capt. T. L. Shanley, shoulder, severely; Sergeant Patrick Farby, thigh, severely; Corporal Patrick Doyle, arm, severely; Corporal Thos. O'Brien, thigh, amputated; John Mahoney, leg, severely; Thos. McMahon, hip, severely; Chris Murphy, leg, severely; Jas. Murphy, hip, severely; Ewd. McNamee, leg, severely; Jas. Murphy, leg, severely; John Ward, leg, severely; John Ward, thigh, severely; Thos. Sultan, head, severely;

166.
Hugh Durley, neck, severely; Kenard, arm, severely; John Hannon, arm, severely; Malachi Buckley, arm, severely; John Martha, thigh, severely.

COMPANY E.—Wounded—First Sergeant Jas. T. Gorman, thigh, slightly; Sergeant Francis Murray, thigh, severely; Corporal Arthur O'Neil, hand, slightly; Corporal John Harvey, head, severely; Garrett Bruen, hip, severely; John Baker, leg, severely; Wm. Nolan, arm, severely; Jas. Longherty, arm, severely; John Kelleher, thigh, severely; Joe McCarthy, leg, slightly; Roger Malone, thigh, severely; Michael Quigley, hip, severely; John Ryan, hand, slightly; Fwd. Small, thigh, severely; Andrew Twomey, leg, slightly.

COMPANY F.—Killed—Wm. Morris, Jeremiah Wren, Timothy Dempsey, John Higgins, John Fitzgerald. **Wounded**—Sergeant Thos. Duffy, leg, slightly; Sergeant Robt. Latin, arm amputated; Corporal Geo. Brennan, head and leg, severely; Corporal James O'Brien, leg (since dead, September 21); Jas. Burch, leg, severely; Patrick Horrane, side and arm, severely; Robt. Barrett, leg, slightly; Patk. Hogan, body, slightly; Thos. Egan, body, severely; Jas. Daley, body, severely; Peter Flannery, leg, severely; Dan'l Hartney, leg, severely; John Hand, arm, slightly; Thos. Kelly, arm, severely; John Pendleton, leg, severely; Chas. F. Wise, leg, severely.

COMPANY G.—Killed—Captain Felix Duffy, Acting Major of regiment; First Lieutenant Patk. J. Kelly, commanding Co. E.; Thos. Glancy, Patk. Hoban, Jas. McEvitt. **Wounded**—Sergeant Maurice Lyons, head, mortally; Sergeant Thos. Callahan, hip, slightly; Walter Burke, leg amputated; Jas. Butler, leg, slightly; Jas. Cain, arm, severely; Joa Dayre, leg, severely; L. Doyle, arm, slightly; Philip Dowd, arm, slightly; Wm. Fitzgerald, lungs, mortally; Jeremiah Fleming, mouth, severely; Bernard McKoy, arm, severely; H. McGee, leg, slightly; John Montgomery, shoulder, severely; Timothy O'Brien, leg, severely; Patk. Quinn, groin, slightly.

COMPANY H.—Killed—Jas. Ryan, Richard Mulrooney, Phillip Kenny, Jas. E. McGee. **Wounded**—Second Lieutenant Patrick Kearney, leg, slightly; Sergeant James Moore, thigh, severely; Color Corporal Dennis Donovan, hip, severely; Peter Bulger, hand, slightly; George Bray, leg, severely; Thomas Curran, arm, severely; Thomas Kelly, abdomen, severely; Matthew Malloy, leg, severely; Michael Nolan, arm, slightly; Daniel O'Connell, leg, severely; John Rush, leg, severely; Patrick Rielly, leg, severely; John Leonard, hand, slightly; Patrick Curran, hand, slightly; James Sheehan, thigh, slightly; John Morris, arm, slightly; Daniel J. O'Brien, thigh, severely.

COMPANY I.—Killed—Color Corporal Samuel McGinn, Corporal S. Timothy O'Ree, John O'Han. **Wounded**—Sergeant Edward Britton, shoulder, severely; Sergeant Patrick O'Connor, wrist, slightly; Color Sergeant Michael L. Keenan, thigh, severely; Corporal Edw. Wagner, leg, severely; Corporal Thomas Conroy, head, severely; James Cunningham, shoulder, slightly; Thomas Cunningham, breast, severely; William Duffy, head, severely; Michael Nolan, leg, slightly; Patrick Tighe, leg, slightly; Michael White, shoulder, slightly; Thomas Wilson, hand, slightly; Walter Burke, breast, severely.

COMPANY K.—Killed—First Lieutenant John Conway, Sergeant John M. Loughlin, John Gleeson, John Duffy, Jas. Barnett, Patrick Griffin, Dennis Donovan, Michael Quinn. **Wounded**—Thomas Cryan, leg, slightly; Owen Coleman, leg, slightly; Francis Connolly, leg, slightly; Wm. Burris, leg, slightly; Charles Trainor, leg, slightly; Barney Trainor, leg, slightly; James Murray, leg, slightly; James McQuinn, shoulder, severely; Andrew Stanford, foot, slightly; James Doyle, hand, slightly; John Dugan, leg, slightly; Thomas McDonagh, leg, slightly.

The Reception of General Corcoran. PROGRAMME OF ARRANGEMENTS - THE ORDER OF PROCESSION, ETC.

General Corcoran will positively arrive in this city on Friday next. He was in Baltimore last night and will be in Philadelphia to-day. The Committee on National Affairs of the Common Council met yesterday and determined upon the following programme:—

PROGRAMME OF ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RECEP TION OF MICHAEL CORCORAN, By the MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, Under the direction of the JOINT COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS, On his RETURN TO THIS CITY FROM CAPTIVITY IN RICHMOND.

The members of the Common Council will assemble at Room No. 8, City Hall, at 12 o'clock M., on Friday, the 22d Inst., and repair to Jersey City to receive Brigadier General Corcoran; from thence to the Common Council, with their guest, will proceed by steamboat to Castle Garden, where, upon their arrival, a patriotic salute will be fired; the usual ceremonies will take place, and Mr. Hunter the Mayor will welcome General Corcoran to the city.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

Grand Marshal—General Egan, assisted by the following

MILITARY—
Major Gen. F. Baldwin, Major R. Taylor,
Colonel Alexander Hamilton, Colonel Schwartzenau,
Colonel Van Buren, Charles Darling,
John Clancy, Thomas St. John,
Robert Shannon, L. H. Marsh.

Commanded by Colonel Postle, Acting General:
First Regiment Cavalry, Colonel Walter W. Pier,
Third Regiment Hussars, under Senior Captain Bullock,
Eleventh Regiment New York Volunteers, Col. Wm. Allen,
Fifth Regiment National Guard, Colonel Burgess.
Commissioned Officers of the First Division, and Volunteers
on duty.

Sixty-ninth Regiment, right wing, column companies.

27

General Corcoran,
His Honor the Mayor,
Chairman of Committee on National Affairs,
Chairman of Committee on Reception, in open barouche,
Sixty-ninth regiment, left wing, column companies.
Returned Prisoners.

Lancers of the 6th Regt., Troops, 8th Regt., Capt. Dalton, by Regt.,
Capt. Dalton, by Regt., Capt. Brown, by Regt.,
Common Council, in carriages,
presided by
The Sergeant-at-Arms,
Delegations from
Common Council of Philadelphia
and other cities,
in carriages,
Heads of Departments
of
City Government,
Board of
Supervisors.

New York Fire Department, in full uniform, without
aprons, under direction of John Becker,
Eng., Chief Engineer, Acting Adm.
civic societies.

The various Irish civic societies, under the Grand Marshal
ship of Mr. James Stanford, aided by Messrs. Peter Hanrahan
and James White, in the following order:

Long Island, Union League,

Manhattan, Union League,

St. James R. C. T. A. Soc'y,

Marshal, John Dowd,

Father Mathew T. A. Soc'y,

Marshal, E. L. Hayes,

Father Matthew Society of Brooklyn,

Marshal, Hugh McCabe,

Bally Benevolent Soc'y,

Marshal,

Ancient Order of Hibernians, N. Y.,

Marshal, John Tuohy,

Thomas Francis Meagher Club,

Marshal, Edward Duffy,

Hibernian Benevolent Soc'y,

Marshal, Michael Rowntree,

Hibernian B. B. Soc'y,

Marshal, Michael Duffy,

Benevolent Soc'y United Sons of Erin,

Marshal, John Duffy,

And all other societies desiring to participate.

Citizens on horseback and in carriages.

The procession will take the following route—

From the Battery, through Broadway to Park Row, through

Park Row to the east gate of the Park, passing through the Park in front of the City Hall into Broadway; up Broadway to Grand street, through Grand street to the Bowery, up the Bowery and Fourth avenue to and around Union square, thence down Broadway to the St. Nicholas Hotel, and dismiss.

The keepers of all public buildings, the proprietors of hotels and other public places, the masters and owners of shipping in the harbor, and other law enforcement officers, are requested to display their flags during the day.

The Superintendent of Police is requested to request that the rate taken by the procession will be kept uniformly free for vehicles or anything calculated to retard or delay the progress of the procession.

The Mayor and the Corporate authorities of the city will entertain General Corcoran at a banquet, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, on Monday evening next.

Should the weather prove inclement the banquet will be hosted on the City Hall, which will be considered a sufficient guarantee that the reception will not take place until otherwise noticed.

TERENCE FARLEY, WM. DORTON,
HENRY SMITH, ALEX. H. LEEDS, JR.,
CHARLES J. CHITT, WM. H. GEDNEY,
PETER MITCHELL, JOHN HOGAN,
ISAAC A. ALLEN, MORGAN JONES.

Committee on National Affairs.

TERENCE FARLEY, Chairman.

ALEX. H. LEEDS, Secretary.

Other Societies not in the programme will report to James Stanford, Esq., Grand Marshal, on the morning of the parade.

Military Companies not in the programme will report to Col. Postig, on this ground, on the morning of the parade.

By order of the Chairman of the Committee on National Affairs of the Common Council.

The following despatches and letters were also received yesterday by the Common Council—

NEW YORK, August 20, 1862.

To Alderman FARLEY, Chairman, &c.—

Sir—I take great pleasure in tendering to your committee the ferry boat Pavonia, for the purpose of conveying Brigadier General Corcoran from Jersey City to New York, upon his arrival from Washington on Friday next. Yours, respectfully,

A. W. GADDIS, Superintendent Pavonia Ferry.

Office Clerks Common Council, J.
New York, August 20, 1862.

A. A. Gaddis, Esq., Superintendent Pavonia Ferry Com-

pany—

Sir—I am in receipt of your returned favor of this date, tendering to the Committee of Arrangements for the Reception of General Corcoran the use of the elegant boat Pavonia, to convey the party from Jersey City to New York. On behalf of the committee I accept your liberal and timely offer with many thanks.

TERENCE FARLEY, Chairman Committee.

Office Commissioners Emigration, J.

Castel Garden, August 18, 1862.

Alderman T. FARLEY, Chairman Committee on National

Affairs, &c.

Commissioners of Emigration J

the Landing de.

Sir—On behalf of the
have the honor to tender your pleasure of
Capt. Curtis Clarke, for the reception of General Michael
Corcoran and his associates on the arrival of their
arrival here. I shall be pleased to confer with the committee
relative to our arrangements necessary to render
the reception one befitting the return of an distinguished
a patriot and soldier. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN MURRAY, General Agent.

Quarters for General Corcoran have been prepared at No
St. Nicholas.

The Jersey City Common Council have extended an invita-
tion to the General to receive the hospitality of the
city.

MEETING AT THE SIXTY-NINTH REGIMENT ARMORY.

A meeting of the Committee of the Sixty-ninth regi-
ment officers, appointed to make preparations for the re-
ception of General Corcoran, was held at the armory last
evening. The following despatch was received by Captain
Clarke, Chairman of the Committee:

Washington, August 20, 1862
To Captain Clarke, 24 Clarendon street.

General Corcoran will leave here for Baltimore to-
morrow, Philadelphia next day, and arrive at Jersey City
at two o'clock on Friday afternoon. The Committee of
the Common Council will meet us at Jersey City and
convey us in a boat to the Battery.

Captain J. R. BIRKER.

A communication was received from Captain Richard
O'Grady, of the Fourth regiment artillery, which read as
follows:—

Captain THOMAS CLARKE, Chairman Reception Committee.—

Dear Sir.—The services of Company F, Fourth regiment,
N. Y. S. A., is tendered to assist in receiving General
Corcoran in this city on Friday next, by firing a national
salute to do honor to him, from the battery pound
ground. Please notice accordingly.

RICHARD O'GRADY, Captain.

A despatch was also received from the committee on
the part of the Common Council, which read as fol-
lows:—

WASHINGTON, August 20, 1862.
Colonel BRITTON, Astor House.—

Sir.—The committee, after consulting the wishes of the
General, concluded to accept your very generous offer.

| | |
|----------------|------------|
| WILLIAM WALSH, | Committee. |
| J. L. SMITH, | |
| T. STEPHENSON, | |

The members of the regiment now in the city were at
the armory, and were addressed by Captain Clarke, who
stated that the Committee of Arrangements wished them
to turn out in citizens' dress, with appropriate badges to
receive their General, which proposition was unanimously
acceded to without a murmur. There was an outburst of
cheers, which were also given for Captain Clarke and
Lieutenant Kelly. Colonel Nugent was present and re-
ceived with enthusiasm.

MEETING OF RETURNED PRISONERS.

The returned prisoners in confinement with General
Corcoran will meet at Captain Clarke's, 24 Clarendon
street, to-morrow, at twelve o'clock, to make final ar-
rangements for taking part in the reception and welcome
home to the General and those who accompany him.

BATTLE FLAG OF THE 69TH REGIMENT.

The torn and tattered flag which the 69th
Regiment carried through all their marches
and battles in the Army of the Potomac;
which was shot away from its staff at the
battle of Malvern Hills, and later soaked the
blood of the brave soldiers who bore it,
was recently trampled under the feet of
Northern traitors in the streets of New
York. At the sacking of Provost-Marshal
Col. Nugent's house, the mob found this
sacred relic, and, taking it from its resting
place, threw it into the street. It was sub-
sequently rescued by the members of Fire
Engine Co. 45, who restored it to the pos-
session of Col. Nugent.

THE SIXTY-NINTH REGIMENT.

Pursuant to orders received from General Corcoran,
commanding the above regiment, 300 able bodied men
will be accepted to join the Sixty-ninth immediately at
at Georgetown, D. C. Applications to be made at the re-
cruiting stations, Nos. 42 Prince street; at Captain John
Breslin's, 143 Avenue B, and at Lieutenant Gannon's, 165
Belgrave street, corner of Clinton, between the hours of
ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M.

Capt. JOHN SAUNDERS, of the Sixty-ninth New-
York regiment, who was recently reported to
have been Court-martialed and deprived of one
month's pay, for "conduct unbecoming an officer
and a gentleman," was honorably discharged on
June 12, in consequence of the consolidation of
his company.

**The Murder of Capt. McManus of the 69th by
Capt. McMahon.**

A cold-blooded murder was committed Thursday in the camp of the 71st Pennsylvania. It seems that Capt. McManus, of Company J, 69th New York, was visiting Capt. Phillips, of the former regiment, and in the course of the conversation made some remarks about Capt. McMahon of the 71st. The latter being in his tent by chance, it is supposed, heard the conversation, and at once appeared in the tent in his night dress, revolver in hand, and saying, "Sir, you have been talking about me to-night," immediately raised the pistol and fired before any one could interfere. The ball entered the breast near the heart and death ensued in about an hour afterward. McMahon attempted to fire a second time, but was prevented by a lieutenant who was present.

When the news reached the 69th quite an excitement was created, and it was with great difficulty the mob of soldiers could be restrained from taking summary vengeance. The deceased was much esteemed by his fellow officers and soldiers, while his murderer is represented to be of a quarrelsome disposition, who has not won the respect or esteem of any of his associates. The affair has thrown a gloom over the camp, and all are discussing it. The body of deceased is being embalmed, and will be sent North to his friends.

Col. Corcoran.

The Democrat sincerely alluded to the appointment of Col. CORCORAN, has Harbor Master of New York, by Gov. MORGAN saying that Col. C. was in a position not to be benefitted by it. By a singular coincidence of language the Albany Argus had before said about the same thing, to which the Albany Journal replies as follows:—

The appointment of Col. Corcoran was not merely intended by the Governor as "pretty compliment" but as a substantial pecuniary benefit to the family of the gallant soldier. And the arrangements to carry out the intentions of the Governor are already perfected. Whether Col. Corcoran shall be released or not, his family will receive as many dollars and cents from the office as will be received by any one of the Harbor Masters. And when it shall be proper to state all the facts of the case, "the fortunate official who 'holds over,'" as well as those appointed with Col. C., will receive the warmest commendations of the public, in spite of the sneers and misrepresentations of the Argus.

LIEUTENANT PATRICK J. KELLY.

Of Co. G., 69th Regiment N. Y. Vol., (Meagher's Brigade,) was the officer who was killed at the battle of Antietam, not Lieut. Richard A. Kelly, as was at first reported, and mentioned in my second letter. Lieutenant Patrick J. Kelly was a brave, experienced, and warm-hearted officer. He was killed in front of his men. His remains were brought to his late residence, Melrose, West Chester county, N. Y. The funeral took place on Sunday, Oct. 5. The military escort was provided by Captain Wm. Butler, according to the following order:

HEADQUARTERS 69TH REG'T. N. Y. S. M., |

October 3, 1862.

COMPANY ORDERS, NO. — COMPANY II.

With feelings of deep regret I have again to call on you to attend the funeral of one of our oldest members, and hope to see a full attendance.

The members of Company II will assemble at the Armory on Sunday morning, the 5th inst., at eight o'clock precisely, in full uniform, without overcoats (unless it threatens rain), when they will proceed to Melrose on the cars, to attend the funeral of an old comrade, Lieut. P. J. Kelly, late of the Sixty-ninth Volunteers. By order of

Captain WILLIAM BUTLER,

Commanding Co. II.

Poor Kelly has left a widow and five young children, to the care of his country. May God comfort and protect them.

Effects of the Civil War
Issue of 69th Reg't. N.Y.
69th New York Volunteer Reg't.
from 1861 to 1865
See also
for Civil War

CAPT. PATRICK PELAN CLOONEY.

One of the purest and bravest of the gallant men, who have sacrificed their lives in the cause of their country, was likewise killed in the battle of Antietam, and his mortal remains now rest in the earth of the bloody field. He was a genuine soldier of freedom. When this war commenced, he hastened from his native land, to link his fortunes with his fellow-countrymen in the glorious old 69th. He was to fight for liberty, for honor, to defend the Union of these States; to vindicate the character of the Irish race. He came to New York early in July, 1861; entered the ranks of Meagher's Zouaves, Co. K, 69th Regiment; fought in the first fight at Bull Run, and returned to New York with his comrades, at the close of their Three Months' campaign. He organized a company for the Irish Brigade, and was commissioned Captain of Co. E, 88th Regiment, N.Y. Volunteers, October 2nd, 1861. He was constantly with his command, in Camp California, on the Peninsula, and during the Maryland campaign, to the day of his death. He was first seriously wounded in the knee, but would not leave his men; he was next shot through the body and killed instantly, on the memorable 17th of September. He was an officer commanding presence, energetic habits, fine culture, and indomitable spirit. A rude carved wooden cross marks where his remains repose. Peace to his ashes.

MEAGHER'S IRISH BRIGADE.

Recruits are being sent off duty from the Irish Brigade headquarters, in order to join the several regiments of this gallant corps, now doing such efficient service at the seat of war. Colonel Nugent is still in New York in charge of recruiting for the corps.

THE SIXTY-NINTH REGIMENT N. Y. S. M.
The following order has been issued by Col. Bagley.—

GENERAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS, SIXTY-NINTH REGIMENT N. Y. S. M., }

NEW YORK, Sept. 2, 1862.

The members of this regiment will assemble at their armory, corner of Essex and Grand Streets, fully armed and equipped, this day (Wednesday), September 3, at ten o'clock A. M., for the purpose of being mustered out of the United States service. By order of

JAMES BAGLEY, Col.

WILLIAM FOGARTY, Adjutant.

THE 69TH.—It has been a question whether or not the 69th Militia had been absorbed in CORCORAN'S brigade—a Regiment with that number being in the brigade. The Adjutant General decides that the 69th is still in New York, and is one of the recognized regiments of the National Guard.

THE 69TH.—It has been a question whether or not the 69th Militia had been absorbed in Corcoran's brigade—a regiment with that number being in the brigade. The Adjutant-General decides that the 69th is still in New York, and is one of the recognized regiments of the National Guard.

DEPARTURE OF RECRUITS FOR MEAGHER'S IRISH BRIGADE.

Over one hundred recruits for the Irish Brigade, under charge of Captain Sculien and Whitty, took their departure for the seat of war last evening. During the day the headquarters of the brigade, in Broadway, was crowded by the friends of the departing soldiers, nearly all of whom were females. Previous to the departure, each man was furnished, from the hand of Col. Nugent, with his \$50 State bounty, upon the reception of which each recruit handed the money over to his friends for safe keeping or to relieve their immediate necessities during his absence. These recruits are all true hearted respectable men, who will not fail to rally around the green flag when it is clouded in the smoke of the enemy or perforated by their loaded muskets of death. The Irish Brigade, it is a pleasure to record, is fast being reinforced by the strong arms of the Celtic citizens of the Empire City.

RESIGNATION OF PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL DRAPER.—General S. Draper has resigned the position of provost marshal general, and it is stated that Colonel Nugent, of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, has been appointed in his place.