

though offered a highly honorable but subordinate position there, he declined it and temporarily resumed the practice of his profession.

Last year when new volunteers were demanded, and new regiments organized, the attention of our citizens was again directed to Col. Cowles, and by the unanimous voice of the committee having charge of the subject, and with the entire approbation of the Commander-in-Chief, he was appointed to the command of a splendid regiment, (the 128th New York Volunteers,) composed of some of the best men of Dutchess and Columbia. None of our citizens will fail to remember the spirit and enthusiasm and success with which that regiment grew up under the fostering care of Col. Cowles and his associate officers, and influential citizens of this Congressional district, nor the just pride and favor, with which, for local and other reasons, it has always been regarded by the inhabitants of these two counties. No one will forget the interesting ceremonies which took place on the departure of the regiment for the war in the early part of September last—the presentation of the Regimental flag by the ladies of Hudson, with a patriotic speech from Judge Miller—the presentation of the National banner by the ladies of Dutchess with appropriate remarks from the historian Lossing—the spirited and eloquent responses of Col. Cowles to each in behalf of himself and his regiment. The whole proceedings were marked with a degree of interest and enthusiasm, and attended by a multitude of “fair ladies and brave men,” that will make the day long remembered in the annals of Columbia. “Col. Cowles, in full dress uniform,” (we quote from an account written at the time,) “was the cynosure of all eyes. His handsome figure, his dignified and chivalrous bearing, seemed never so conspicuous as upon this occasion. The qualities of a commanding officer appeared to have been stamped upon him by nature, and all present, we doubt not, felt that our soldiers have a leader who is worthy of them, and of the cause.”

Alas, how different are the melancholy emotions inspired by the recent intelligence of the death of himself and his brave comrades, from the shouts of enthusiasm and joy which burst forth on the gala day in question. The regiment took its departure from our shores amid the cheers and the plaudits of the assembled multitude and with the hopes and prayers of every patriot waited to Heaven for the successful accomplishment of its mission. Pausing for a while at Baltimore and doing honorable service there, proceeding thence to Fortress Monroe, it ultimately found its way under the direction of the Government to New Orleans and its vicinity. Its later and always honorable history is familiar to all. And now in that tide of alternate success and reverse which is the inevitable fortune of war, we are called upon to mourn, not the failure of our arms, but the death of a gallant commander, in whom and his compatriots we felt a warm personal interest, and for whose successful mission and happy return we had devoutly

prayed. But such are the appointments of a wisdom which cannot err, and the fruits of a discipline, which is ultimately, we trust, to work out the nation's purification and safety. We trust that fitting honors will be paid to the memory of Col. Cowles, and that his funeral obsequies, which we understand will take place here, will be observed in a manner to show our appreciation of his worth and gallantry, and of the value and sacredness of the cause in the maintenance of which he surrendered his life.

We reserve an appropriate notice of the other officers and men who fell or suffered in the same engagement until fuller advices shall enable us to do them better justice.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

THE LATEST FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

ATTACK UPON PORT HUDSON.

THE 128TH REGIMENT ENGAGED.

DESPERATE FIGHTING.

Col. Cowles Killed by a Bayonet Thrust.

Heavy Loss in the Regiment.

The steamer *Morning Star* from New Orleans on the 27th ult., arrived at New York an early hour on Saturday morning.

In the Department of the Gulf the widest interest in military affairs centered in the Hudson, which was completely invested by the Government forces. Gen. Banks commanded in person a force supposed to be sufficient for its reduction. The enemy's strength within their defenses is estimated at 10,000 to 12,000 men.

Fighting was still in progress at the date of the departure of the *Morning Star*.

Brig. Gen. Sherman had arrived at New Orleans on the night of the 28th, severely not dangerously wounded.

The 3d Louisiana regiment distinguished itself especially in charging upon the enemy's siege guns, losing in killed 600.

Gen. Weitzel had captured a portion of the line of defence, and held one of the heaviest batteries.

The *North Star* brings \$150,000 (Mexican) freight from New Orleans, and 500 bales of cotton.

Correspondence of the New York Tribune.

NEW-ORLEANS, May 29.

We have had a desperate struggle at Port Hudson, the result of which is at present unknown. The troops are confident of ultimate success, and have lost none of their enthusiasm. Even the wounded display great bravery and eagerness to return to the scene of conflict.

The enclosed meager list of those killed and disabled will reflect a deep gloom in the North, as it has done here. Since Friday May 22, a continuous bombardment has been maintained by Admiral Farragut's fleet and the 1st Vermont Battery, Capt. Hibbard, has annoyed the batteries during the day.

At 1 p. m., on Wednesday the battle commenced. The lines extended for a distance of nearly four miles in front of the enemy's works. The extreme right was given to Gen.

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Wertzel, Gen. Grover occupying the next position, Gen. Augur the third, and Gen. Sherman the left.

On the left, the 165th New-York, Lieut.-Col. Abel Smith, were ordered to discharge their muskets and charge upon the enemy's ranks. For the following details of the movement I am indebted to Sergeant-Major Casselli A. Palmieri, who is reported as having displayed unusual gallantry:

Gen. Sherman intended to carry a section of the fortifications at the point of the bayonet. The 2d Duryee Zouaves and the 177th New-York made a desperate onset, and were met by a rain-storm of bullets. Lieut.-Col. Smith of the former regiment was severely wounded. Finding it impossible to successfully accomplish the daring purpose, a retreat was effected.

Col. Clark of the 6th Michigan carried the colors of his regiment inside the first line of fortifications, and raised them upon the Rebel flagstaff. The 128th New-York, Col. Cowles, immediately followed, and were within the walls of the earthwork, when both regiments were forced to retire on account of a lack of support by the 15th New-Hampshire. Col. Cowles was killed.

Col. Clark was so terribly stunned by a shell while retreating that he remained senseless for an hour. He escaped uninjured, and was conspicuous for bravery and enthusiasm. Gen. Neal Dow was slightly wounded, and Gen. Sherman rallied and took charge of Dow's brigade, when he received a compound fracture of the right leg from a grape shot. Gen. Sherman's conduct is highly applauded.

The 3d Regiment Louisiana Native Guards, Col. Nelson, attracted great attention for their undaunted bravery. They sustained a loss of nearly 600 men. Their bearing upon this occasion has forever settled in this Department all question as to the employment of negro troops. Nearly every officer was killed.

Capt. Badeau of Gen. Sherman's staff was seriously wounded. Sergt.-Maj. Palmers, of the 2d Duryee Zouaves obtained four assistants and carried him upon a litter for a distance of nearly two miles to the hospital.

After the death of Col. Cowles, the command of the 128th New York devolved upon Captain Gifford, who was almost immediately wounded. Capt. Keyes, a mere youth, then assumed the duties of Colonel. His voice could be heard above the roar of artillery, urging forward his men. He displayed the bravery of a lion.

The struggle lasted until 5 p. m., when a general order was dispatched along the lines to retreat to the original position occupied at the commencement of the action. I am unable to give you even a conjecture as to the result. Gen. Weitzel is reported to have taken two batteries.

The propeller Ida arrived here last evening from Baton Rouge. Gens. Sherman and Dow were brought down upon stretchers. The body of Col. D. S. Cowles was on board. From S. Bryant of the 128th New York, I learn that at 2 a. m., yesterday heavy cannonading could be heard at Port Hudson. Our loss is heavy.

It is reported to be at least 4,000. I am informed that the rebels could not have had over 10,000 men.

Gen. Banks moved from point to point along the lines with perfect coolness. His quick eye would detect a laggard movement or an unprotected position, and an aid would be dispatched with instructions. He indulged in no vain display of staff officers.

The fight was without doubt renewed at daybreak yesterday. The most perfect confidence was felt that the Rebel stronghold would succumb to the Union forces.

An expedition, composed of eight regiments under command of Cols. Chickering of the 41st Mass. and Morgan of the 90th New York,

arrived last evening at Algiers, having marched thither from Franklin.

These troops will be immediately sent to the relief of Gen. Banks at Port Hudson. Of the details of their march I will give you more hereafter.

The following list of officers killed and wounded has been furnished me by a staff officer:

Gen. T. W. Sherman, seriously.
 Gen. Neal Dow, slightly.
 Col. D. S. Cowles, killed.
 Col. Payne, 2d Louisiana, killed.
 Col. Kingsley, 20th Conn., jaw, severely.
 Col. Kingman, 15th New-Hampshire, slightly.
 Lieut.-Col. Abel Smith, 165th N. Y., severely.
 Lieut.-Col. Blair, 16th N. H., seriously.
 Major Gouverneur Carr, 16th N. H., badly.
 Major Haffkile, Engineer, killed.
 Capt. Badeau, Gen. Sherman's staff, seriously.
 Capt. Gould H. Thorpe, 165 New-York, shoulder.
 Capt. H. C. Inwood, do., slightly.
 Capt. E. Gifford, 128th New-York, missing.
 Capt. A. Dewint, do., killed.
 Lieut. Chas. R. Caville, 165th New-York, killed.
 Lieut. J. Armstrong, 1-8th N. Y., killed.
 Lieut. F. Wilkeson, 128th N. Y., killed.
 Lieut. Clark, 6th Michigan, killed.
 Sergt. C. Van Slyke, 128th N. Y., killed.

Upon receipt of the news of the death of Col. Cowles, Lieut.-Col. Smith of the 128th New-York, who is in New-Orleans on detailed duty, without awaiting a relief from detail, rejoined his regiment. The loss in this command is at least 200.

Lieut. Clark of the 6th Michigan led his company with his right arm dangling at his side.

Sergeant Charles Van Slyke of the 128th New-York had both legs shot away at the knee.

He continued to fire at the enemy until he received a wound in the breast. The words of Col. Cowles were:—"Tell my mother I died with my face to the enemy. Boys, have I not done my duty as a man and a soldier."

The Major Haffkile mentioned in the list of killed was a Prussian officer of rare ability.

Maj. Gray and Adj. Roberts of the 157th New York were captured by guerrillas at Franklin on Monday last.

It is reported that the latter has been hanged, though nothing positive as to his fate has been received.

Army Correspondence.

We are permitted to publish the following letter just received in this city from Major J. P. Foster, of the 126th Regiment, N. Y. S. V. It will be read with interest:

CORR. MARIAT ROOMS,
 NEW ORLEANS, Tuesday evening, May 25.

To-day the melancholy news came to me of Col. Cowles' death. He was killed yesterday, at about half past 2 o'clock p. m., by a bayonet thrust in the groin, while leading up his Regiment to the assault of the rebel works at Port Hudson. His death was all that the true soldier could desire. His Regiment, encouraged by his example, fought nobly, and had the Colonel not been struck down, would have taken that part of the works which they attacked.

Capt. Gifford, day before yesterday, led a forlorn-hope of volunteers from the Regiment to take a building in the enemy's works. It was showered with grape and shell, and set on fire, and poor Gifford has not since been heard of. Encourage his friends to think that he may have been taken prisoner; there is a chance that this may be so. I will inform them through you at the earliest moment I hear.

Capt. Bostwick, late of Co. B., has lately been promoted to the Majority in the colored Engineer Regiment.

After Col. Cowles' death the command of the 123th fell upon Capt. Keyes, of Co. C, a young man scarcely past his majority. He is a young veteran of Peninsular experience, and behaved coolly and bravely, as did all the officers and men. Captain DeWint, of Dutchess Co., is also missing. Our regiment was ordered by Gen. Sherman, from General Dorr's Brigade, to the post of honor—the right of the line,—and, with the 6th Michigan, took the enemy's works, but, being unsupported by the other regiments, was obliged to fall back, after fighting nobly. Lieutenant Armstrong and acting Lieut. Van Slyek are also killed, and about 40 men; will forward their names as soon as received.

You can imagine my feelings at the thought that my noble friend, Col. Cowles, was struck down and I not on hand to help him. It will be a subject of regret to me to my last hour. We have made application to be permitted to dissolve or adjourn our Court, and go to our regiments, but have been refused. Had I known that our regiment was really going to be put to the front, I should have gone in spite of orders, which I shall now do as soon as I properly dispose of poor Col. Cowles' body. It was my firm belief that our regiment (going up the river at so late a day) would be held in reserve, but, from the high opinion held of them and Col. Cowles by Gen. Sherman, they were selected to take the brunt of it. Lieut. Colonel Smith was also here. He is President of the Board of Prison Inspectors. He goes up to-morrow, and I shall follow as soon as I dispose of Col. Cowles' body. I trust it will arrive in Hudson in a recognizable condition. The expression of the features now is very pleasant. His death was beautiful. He lived about an hour after he was struck, and, though in great pain, sent messages to his mother and others. "Tell her," said he, "that I died with my face to the enemy. Oh, that I had lived but a little longer, and their works would have been ours. Have I not stood up like a man? Christ Jesus, receive my spirit!"

God bless his brave heart; would I had been by thee, to have taken thy place, noble soul! I hope to hear of the arrival of his body and its burial with the highest honors. No braver, nobler soul has been sacrificed in this satanic rebellion. I can write no more. I hope to get to the regiment soon. It is very wrong to keep us here when it is so necessary now that the men should have their officers with them. I shall go without leave if I lose my commission thereby.

J. P. F.

THE SIEGE OF PORT HUDSON.

How the Negro Troops Fought Under A General Banks—Official Despatch to the Government, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, May 29—2 P. M.

To G. S. DENYSON, Special Agent.
The negroes are reported by all parties to have fought well. The enemy yesterday tried to get through our lines, but were driven back with heavy loss. This morning heavy cannonading was heard continually. All is going on well. Pickets of the rebels who have deserted to our lines report provisions short at Port Hudson. General Banks is well and in the spirits, and confident of entire success.

Superintendent U. S. M. Telegraph

SKETCH OF COL. COWLES.
Col. David S. Cowles, who was killed at the recent attack on Port Hudson, was a resident of the city of Hudson in this State, and was the brother of Judge Edward P. Cowles of that city. When the call for further troops was made last summer, the deceased raised the One

Hundred and Twenty-eighth regiment of Volunteers, of which regiment he was appointed the commander, with rank from July 22, 1862. The regiment was mustered into service the latter end of August, and formed part of the Banks expedition. It has been on duty until very recently in the vicinity of New Orleans, and attached to Gen. Sherman's division. The deceased met his death while assaulting the works of the rebels, and "died with his face to the enemy."

The 128th Regiment.

The 128th Regiment has passed through the fiery baptism of battle, and its gallant leader has fallen. To our noble volunteers was assigned the duty, in company with another Regiment, of storming the enemy's works and planting the stars and stripes within the almost impregnable fortifications of Port Hudson. Bravely, unshrinkingly they appear to have done their part, but, not being properly supported, were compelled to retire and abandon the advantage which their heroic bravery had won. In this terrific charge and retreat the Regiment suffered a heavy loss, the extent of which we have only begun to learn. We know that C. I. Cowles was killed by a bayonet thrust in the left thigh; that Capt. Gifford was wounded and is missing and that some forty of the Regiment were killed and perhaps one hundred and fifty wounded. There are many anxious hearts in our midst, who await in deep suspense the arrival of further news.

It is with a melancholy interest that we recall the thrilling words of Capt. Gifford, when he appealed to the young men of Hudson to go with him to the war. "I am going," said he, "to fight till this rebellion is crushed, or I sleep the sleep of death!" How fully he has kept his promise, we almost fear to learn. It is but too probable that he shared the fate of the lamented Colonel, whose place he filled.

Col. Cowles' Funeral Obsequies.

We are requested by the committee to say that the attendance and participation of all the returned soldiers whose terms of service have recently expired, now in this city or vicinity, is most respectfully solicited at the funeral of Col. Cowles. Notice will be given of the day on which the funeral ceremonies will take place, at the earliest practicable moment.

COL. COWLES.—Among the killed at the battle of Port Hudson was Col. Cowles, of the 128th Regiment. He was among the most gallant of the gallant men who left our State to fight the battles of the Union. Brave as a lion; a man of culture and scholarly attainments; a gentleman in the fullest sense of the word; endowed with social qualities that made him a general favorite;—his death will be deeply lamented in the community of which he has long been an ornament. He died as he lived, full of heroic arder. His last words were:—"Tell my mother that I died with my face to the enemy. Boys, I have tried to do my duty as a soldier and a man."

Col. Cowles resided at Hudson, and was a lawyer by profession. He raised a part of a

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regiment, but lost the command by its consolidation with the 91st. He made a second effort, worked night and day, recruited a new regiment, and left for the seat of war last fall.

SAD NEWS FROM THE 128TH.—Our city was thrown into a great state of excitement this morning, in consequence of the receipt of a telegraph dispatch announcing the death of Col. Cowles, and the wounding of Capt. Gifford. We publish in another column full particulars. We have been requested to say that a meeting of citizens will be held this (Saturday) evening, at 8 o'clock, at the City Hall, to make arrangements to attend the funeral of Col. D. S. Cowles, which it is expected will take place on Tuesday or Wednesday of next week. We understand the Mayor has called the Council together this evening, to co-operate with the citizens in making arrangements to attend the funeral. The Herald's correspondent, in speaking of Col. Cowles, says:

"I have viewed this evening the dead body of Col. Cowles, of the 128th Regiment New York Volunteers, which arrived here this afternoon from Baton Rouge. He was one of the finest looking men I have ever seen—a perfect model of manly beauty. He was killed yesterday afternoon about 2 o'clock, by a thrust from a sword bayonet in the left thigh, which divided one of the larger veins. The main artery was not touched. He lived about an hour after the wound was received, and his last words were: *"Tell my good old mother that I died doing my duty and with my face to the enemy."* Colonel Cowles was a man universally beloved and respected. He was idolized by his regiment, and to them his loss will be irreparable. His body is being embalmed, and will probably go home tomorrow on the Morning Star. He was a bachelor of wealth and a resident of Hudson.

The following telegraphic message was received in this city this morning:

NEW YORK, June 6th, 1863.

To HON. HENRY HOGEBROOM:—Judge Cowles expects the remains of his brother here on Monday, by steamer *Continental*. Col. Cowles desired to be buried in Hudson. His wishes will be carried out.

WILLIAM BOIES.

The remains of Col. Cowles, it is expected will arrive in this city to-day or to-morrow, and will be deposited in a public place, and lay in state until the time designated for the funeral ceremonies.

Particulars of the ceremonies, and the order of the arrangements, will be made public as soon as they are completed.

We would suggest that the flags of the city be displayed at half-mast, until after the remains are deposited in their last resting place.

COMMON COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.
Special Meeting, Saturday evening, June 1863—present—JACOB TEN BROECK, Mayor; Alex. S. Rowley, Recorder; Ald. Burdwell, Evens, Groat, Holmes, Roraback, Townsen

Terry.

His Honor stated that he had convened the Council for the purpose of making arrangements for receiving the remains of our much esteemed friend, Col. D. S. COWLES, of the 128th N. Y. V., who was killed at the recent battle of Port Hudson.

Ald. Townsend said: As we are convened here after the sad news received in our city to-day, I would submit the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we are solemnly and deeply impressed by the mournful casualties which occurred to the 128th Regiment N. Y. S. V., under the command of Col. DAVID S. COWLES, on the 27th and 28th of May, 1863, in the attack upon Port Hudson.

Resolved, That the death of the Commanding and several of the subordinate officers and soldiers of the Regiment, and the severe injuries inflicted upon others of the officers and soldiers, demand and receive the expression of our sincere and heartfelt sorrow for the dead, our sympathy with the survivors, and our condolence with their relatives and friends.

Resolved, That inasmuch as the Colonel of the Regiment and a large portion of his command resided among us, and left here their families or their friends, and have thus far, and especially in the attack upon Port Hudson, conducted themselves with unquestionable gallantry, we do not deem it inappropriate that the constituted authorities of this city, in their official capacity, should express in this public manner their sense of the bravery and patriotism of the officers and men of the gallant 128th Regiment.

Resolved, That inasmuch as we have received intelligence that the remains of Col. COWLES are on their way to this city, with a view to their interment here, we will attend his funeral in a body and mark with fitting honors the obsequies of this gallant officer.

Resolved, That a committee of three from this body be appointed to proceed to the city of New York to accompany the remains of Col. COWLES to this city, and to cooperate with his friends and the citizens of Hudson in making suitable arrangements for his funeral.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions signed by the Mayor and Clerk, be forthwith transmitted to the family and relatives of the deceased Col. COWLES, and be published in the several papers in this city.

On motion, the resolutions were adopted.

The Mayor appointed as the committee mentioned in the above resolution, Aldermen Townsend, Groat and Holmes.

On motion, Council adjourned.

FUNERAL OF COL. COWLES.—The last tribute of respect was paid to the remains of this gallant hero at Hudson on Monday last. The sun rose brightly in the eastern horizon, thus bringing a most beautiful and pleasant day upon the earth. Early in the morning the streets were thronged with people, while the tolling of the bells and the flags at half mast announced the death of a great hero. Flags were spread across the streets, houses draped in mourning, and all the stores closed. During the morning a large number of the Colonel's friends, together with other citizens, arrived from the different places in the different boats and trains.

At two o'clock the body of the Colonel was carried from the City Hall, where the remains had been lying in state, to the Presbyterian Church, where already an immense multitude had assembled. After the services here the remains were borne from the Church to the street, where the procession had already formed. At the command of the Marshal they started in the following order:

Marshal of the Day and Aids.

Hudson Band.

Hudson Lodge I. O. of O. F.

Hudson Lodge F. and A. M.

Invited Lodges F. and A. M.

Mayor and Common Council in carriages.

Invited Guests in carriages.
Committee of Arrangements.

Hearse,
Escorted on each side by Returned Volunteers.
Col. Cowles' horse, led by his groom.
Field and Staff officers 21st Reg., N. Y. S. M.
Line officers of Co. A, D and E, 21st Reg.
Adjutant General J. T. Sprague and Staff.
Officers of Volunteer Regiments.
Claverack Institute Cadets.
Clergy in carriages.
Friends of the Deceased in Carriages.
Brass Band.
Hudson and Athens Fire Departments.
Young America Engine Co. No. 6 of Poughkeepsie.

Delegations from Phoenix and Lady Washington Hose Companies, Poughkeepsie.

The procession having marched through the principal streets of the city, amid the solemn sound of the music and the ringing bells, marched to the Cemetery, where, after the Masonic and Odd Fellows rites had been completed, the remains of the gallant and brave soldier were consigned to the tomb.

The streets along the route of the procession were thronged with people. Flags, with mournful black, were hanging from nearly every house. Some houses were splendidly adorned with red, white, blue and black. Among the latter was a Hotel, which bore in the midst of the national colors draped in mourning, a black canvass upon which were the following and last words of the Colonel: "Tell my mother that I die with my face to the enemy."

Thus ended the life of Col. David S. Cowles, who while living was loved by all for his kindness and politeness, and in death was adorned by all for his bravery and gallant behavior.

Meeting at City Hall.

In accordance with a notice of a meeting called at the City Hall on Saturday evening last, a large number of our citizens assembled for the purpose of expressing their condolence with the family and friends of Col. Cowles, and making suitable arrangements for his funeral. On motion of John Gaul, Jr. Esq., Hon. JOHN STANTON GOULD was called to the Chair, and Wm. BRYAN appointed Secretary.

The objects of the meeting were briefly and appropriately stated by the Chairman, after which the Hon. HENRY HOGBOOM in a few well-timed remarks paid a fitting testimonial to the character and services of the deceased, in which he alluded briefly to the high estimation and respect in which the deceased was held by the citizens of Hudson. He alluded to the dying message he left his mother, his last words to the officers and men under his charge, and to the request of the Colonel that his remains might be brought to this city for burial. No man ever sacrificed the comforts and endearments of friends and home, to take up arms in defence of the Union, with purer and more patriotic motives than he whose

loss we now mourn. He left a lucrative
business which demanded his personal attention
— he severed family ties and friendly associa-
tions, at a time when the Government stood
most in need of true patriots, and hurried into
the field to do his duty, and if need be, sacri-
fice his life. God, in his infinite wisdom,
has seen fit that his life should be sacrificed
on the altar of his country—and we, who
have not yet shared the toils and dangers of
our gallant army, owe it to the heroic dead
that we should demonstrate our respect for
the memory of a brave man, by uniting to-
gether in paying the last sad tribute to his
memory.

At the conclusion of the remarks of Judge
Hogeboom, a motion was made that a com-
mittee of five be appointed by the Chair, to
draft resolutions expressive of the sense of
the meeting, whereupon the Chair appointed
Hon. Henry Hogeboom, Rev. E. Bradbury,
C. P. Collier, Esq., J. W. Fairfield, Esq.,
Hon. Darius Peck. The committee retired
from the meeting, and in a few moments re-
turned, and through their Chairman, Hon.
Henry Hogeboom, reported the following
preamble and resolutions, which were unani-
mously adopted:—

WHEREAS, Information has been this day received of
the death of Col. D. S. COWLES, and of the death or severe
casualties to other officers and soldiers of the 125th Reg-
iment, in the attack made by our forces under Gen. Banks
on the enemy's works at Fort Hudson, on the 27th and
28th ultimo. And whereas, we desire to make the earli-
est opportunity to record our sense of the gallantry of
those of our officers and soldiers who participated in that
sanginary conflict, therefore,

Resolved, That we have heard with profound sorrow of
the death of Col. COWLES, Captain DE WITZ, Lieutenants
ARABING and WILKINSON, and Sergeant VAN SLYCK, and
of the severe wounding of Captain GIFFORD, and of proba-
ble casualties to other gallant officers and soldiers (whose
names have not yet reached us) of the 125th Regiment
N. Y. S. V., in the affair at Fort Hudson on the 27th and
28th of May, 1863.

Resolved, That we cannot express in terms sufficiently
strong and decided our admiration of the brave and gallant
conduct of the officers and men who participated in
that engagement, and especially of those who were at-
tached to the 125th Regiment, composed mainly of citi-
zens of the Counties of Columbia and Dutchess.

Resolved, That we hereby testify our most profound
and sincere sympathy and condolence with the families
and friends of the brave men who were killed or wound-
ed on the occasion above referred to, and shall ever be
ready to manifest and record our gratitude and respect
for their valuable services, which the gallant sufferers
have rendered to their country, as well as our heartfelt
sympathy and respect for their surviving friends.

Resolved, That having heard of the probable arrival of
the body of Col. COWLES among us at an early day, and of
the wish of himself and his friends that it should be bur-
ied here, we feel and express a mediocrity satisfaction in
giving to his remains a place of sepulchre in our midst,
and in preparing to attend and honor his funeral ceremo-
nies. That his personal character, his well earned popu-
larity at home and in the Army; his gallant conduct
throughout the war, his unquestionable courage, and his
patriotic devotion to the cause of his country under all
circumstances and in every crisis, well entitle him to ev-
ery distinction which it is in our power to pay to his re-
mains and his memory.

Resolved, That we shall gratefully perform the same
sad duty to any other of our brave officers and soldiers
whose remains may be interred among us, and hope of
some proper occasion, to participate in the erection of a
fitting monument to their memory.

Resolved, That we desire to include in our expressions of
admiration, respect and gratitude the gallant soldiers, of
whatever regiment attached, who have recently returned
among us, after loyal and faithful service, as well as those
who in this sanguinary war have fallen victims to their
patriotism on the field of battle or elsewhere, and those
who shall continue to devote themselves with unwaver-
ing courage and fidelity to the cause of their country.

Resolved, That we deem this a fitting occasion to renew
the expression of our devoted and unflinching attachment
to the holy cause in which our armies are engaged, our
conviction that the war should be prosecuted until the
last rebel is subdued, or an honorable peace established—